

EIGHTH BIENNIAL REPORT

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of the

STATE ENGINEER

to the

Governor of North Dakota

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For the Biennial Period ending June 30, 1918

> TRIBUNE PRINTING CO. Bismarck, N. D.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Bismarck, North Dakota, September 1, 1918.

HONORABLE LYNN J. FRAZIER, Governor.

Sir: In accordance with the provisions of our statutes I have the honor to transmit herewith a report of the transactions of the department of the state engineer for the biennial period, July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1918.

Respectfully submitted, JAY W. BLISS, State Engineer.

ROLL OF HONOR

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J. W. Bliss	State Engineer
Harris Robinson	Assistant State Engineer
P. W. Thomas	
Thos. J. Lough	Assistant Engineer
H. A. Saari	
V. H. Sprague	Instrument Man
R. N. Carroll	Instrument Man
L. B. Dale	Instrument Man
C. L. Hoffman	Inspector
J. H. Moore	Field Man
Lester Monnahan	
L. C. Hinkle	Field Man
Frank Brasie	Stenographer

INTRODUCTION

The state engineer's department was created by an act of the 1905 State Legislature through the passage of the Irrigation Act. For a number of years the important work of the office was confined to preliminary work and investigations of irrigable lands and studies of water supply conditions in the western part of North Dakota.

At each succeeding session of the Legislature new duties and responsibilities have been added to the department and at the present time the work for which the department was originally created has become of secondary importance.

The inspection of coal mines which is required by the department, the state engineer being made ex-officio state coal mine inspector, represents the most important duty of the department at the present time.

The state engineer in an effort to administer the affairs of his department in as efficient a manner as possible has made it a practice t_0 cooperate, whenever practicable, with the United States Geological Survey, the State Geological Survey, the United States Office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering, the United States Reclamation Service, the United States Bureau of Mines, and the College of Mining Engineering, as well as the various county and township road officials.

The state engineer has endeavored as heretofore to make the office of special value to all the counties in their road and bridge work. The department has made every effort to promote interest in better road work and in the development of systematic methods of handling such work, as well as lending its influence to the establishing of county road systems and the coordinating of these systems between the various counties.

The creation of the state highway commission by the 1917 Legislative Assembly automatically eliminated much of the road and bridge work formerly done by the state engineer's office.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The state engineer desires to acknowledge the credit due the various county auditors and county surveyors from whom he has frequently requested and obtained much information.

Also to especially thank, in behalf of the state engineer's office, the various mine owners and operators for their prompt and courteous cooperation in the furnishing of reports concerning their mines and for consideration extended during the inspection of the mines.

Acknowledgement is also due the United States Office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering, the United States Reclamation Service, and the United States Bureau of Mines, for their valuable suggestions, aid and information.

Special credit is due Mr. E. F. Chandler, Assistant Engineer of the United States Geological Survey, who has contributed a valuable unit of this report; also to Mr. E. J. Babcock, Dean of the Engineering College, for valuable suggestions and aid in connection with mine inspection work and the testing of materials.

The state engineer again wishes to express his sincere appreciation of the services of his office and field assistants and of their loyalty and interest in the work of the office.

LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF STATE ENGINEER'S OFFICE

July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918.

Jay W. Bliss (July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918) State Engineer Harris Robinson (July 1, 1916 to March 12, 1917)...Asst. State Engineer P. W. Thomas (Mar. 12, 1917 to Jan. 31, 1918) Asst. State Engineer J. M. Hansen (Feb. 1, 1918 to June 30, 1918)Asst. State Engineer Harris Robinson (part time) Coal Mine Inspector John Forister (part time)School Land Inspector H. A. Saari (March 2, 1918).....Draftsman Ruby Schumann (July 1, 1916 to Jan. 31, 1918) Stenographer Haldora Peterson (Feb. 1, 1918 to June 30, 1918).....Stenographer Hazel Arnold (Aug. 21-26, 1916).....Stenographer Frank Brasie (June 20-30, 1917).....Stenographer J. E. Kaulfuss (June 14-30, 1917).....Assistant Engineer E. B. Tourtellot (May 7 and 8, June 14 and 15, 1918). Assistant Engineer Thos. G. Lough (May 1-18, 1917).....Assistant Engineer John C. Jansson (June 20-30, 1917).....Assistant Engineer T. R. Atkinson (part time).....Assistant Engineer V. H. Sprague (Feb. 5, 1917 to June 30, 1917) Instrument Man D. R. Williams (June 12-15, 1918).....Instrument Man C. G. Fulknecky (Mar. 21 and 22, 1918).....Instrument Man R. N. Carroll (Dec. 1-4, 1917).....Instrument Man L. B. Dale (Dec. 4-7, 1917, April 10-12, 1918) Instrument Man Geo. F. Ludvigsen (May 14 and 16, 1918).....Instrument Man C. L. Hoffman (July 1, 1917 to Sept. 6, 1917)Bridge Inspector E. McDonald (Aug. 15-19, 1916) Field Man J. H. Moore (July 1, 1916 to Aug. 12, 1916)Field Man H. A. Noble (May 1-16, 1917) Field Man G. E. Moultrie (May 1-16, 1917)..... Field Man W. B. Holtkamp (June 11-16, 1917) Field Man Lester Monnahan (June 11-30, 1917) Field Man Philip Martin (Dec. 4-11, 1917) Field Man Arthur Helgeson (Dec. 4-7, 1917) Field Man Palmer Lokke (Dec. 4-7, 1917) Field Man J. H. Nylen (June 13-30, 1918) Field Man Bernard Z. Roberts (June 12-15, 1918)Field Man Vera Bliss (Jan. 3-24, 1917).....Clerk Mrs. Wm. Moore (Sept. 10 and 11, 1917) Clerk Mary Timmerman (Sept. 10 and 11, 1917).....Clerk Mabel Parsons (Aug. 15, 1917).....Clerk

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

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July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1917.

Credit by appropriation Credit by deficit appropriation Credit by collections July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916 Credit by collections July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917 Credit by work for State Auditor's office Credit by transfer from Legislative fund	\$16,200.00 735.00 258.90 134.00 89.33 19.42
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916\$ 7,771.27 Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917 8,722.45 Less unpaid June bills	\$17,436.65 16,618.27
Balance to General fund July 1, 1917, to June 30, 1918. Credit by appropriation Less expenditures	\$ 818.38 \$24,500.00 9,917.76
Balance in fund June 30, 1918	\$14,582.24

RECEIPTS.

July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1918.

Fees for field notes Fees for special work	\$ 373.29 1,889.91 81.00
Less amount credited to State Engineer's fund	\$ 2,344.20 \$ 134.00
Credited to General fund	

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FINANCIAL STATEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SUBDIVISIONS OF THE APPROPRIATION FOR THE STATE ENGINEER'S OFFICE UNDER THE BUDGET BILL. July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1917. •

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SALARY-STATE ENGINEER.	
Credit by appropriation	\$ 5,000.00
Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917 2,499.96	4,999.92
Balance	\$.08
CLERK HIRE.	
Credit by appropriation Credit by deficit appropriation Credit by fees	\$ 6,600.00 435.00 275.44
	\$ 7,310.44
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to July 30, 1916\$ 3,114.24 Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917 4,003.04	7,117.28
Balance	\$ 193.16
POSTAGE.	
Credit by appropriation Credit by deficit appropriation	\$ 175.00
Credit by deficit appropriation	50.00
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916\$ 98.18 Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to July 30, 1917 114.49.	\$ 225.00 . 212.67
	\$ 12.33
Balance	∂ 12.83
OFFICE SUPPLIES.	\$ 750.00
Credit by appropriation Credit by deficit appropriation Credit by fees	\$ 150.00 100.00 75.68
	\$ 925.68
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916\$ 467.12 Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917\$ 409.81	876.93
Balance	\$ 48.75
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES.	
Credit by appropriation Credit by deficit appropriation	\$ 75.00
	50.00
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916\$ 57.20	\$ 125.00 57.20
Balance	\$ 67.80
TRAVELING EXPENSE.	
Credit by appropriation Credit by transfer and fees	\$ 2,100.00 24.32
	\$ 2,124.32
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916\$ 946.44 Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917 1,125.88 Less transfer to printing fund	2,102.32
Balance	\$ 22.00
PRINTING.	
Credit by appropriation Credit by deficit appropriation	\$ 500.00
Credit by deficit appropriation Credit by transfer from traveling expense fund	100.00 30.00
Less expenditures July 1, 1915. to June 30, 1916	\$ 630.00
Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916\$ 65.27 Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917\$ 322.79	388.06
Balance	\$ 241.94

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

MISCE' _ANEOUS. Credit by appropriation Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916.......\$ Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917...... 200.00 \$ 65.87 93.95 159.82 40.18 Balance \$ HYDROGRAPHIC WORK. Credit by appropriation Less expenditures July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916.......\$ Less expenditures July 1, 1916, to June 30, 1917...... Less unpaid June, 1917, bills..... \$ 800.00 $456.99 \\ 152.53$ 124.55 734.07 65.93 Balance \$ FINANCIAL STATEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SUBDIVISIONS OF THE APPROPRIATION FOR THE STATE ENGINEER'S OFFICE UNDER THE BUDGET BILL. July 1, 1917, to June 30, 1918. SALARY-STATE ENGINEER. 2,499.96 Balance \$ 2.500.04 CLERK HIRE. Credit by appropriation\$12,150.00 Balance \$ 7,773.55 POSTAGE. Credit by appropriation \$ 350.00 Less expenditures 1.00 349.00 Balance\$ Balance\$ 629 73 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES. 100.00 53.40 Balance\$ 46.60 SCHOOL LAND EXAMINATION. 944.27 555.73 800.00 405.50 Balance \$ 394.50 PRINTING. 700.00 31.10 668.90 MISCELLANEOUS. . 200.00 54.24 145.76

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SUMMARY OF DUTIES OF STATE ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT AS PRESCRIBED BY LAW

Chapter 38, Compiled Laws of 1913, constitutes the irrigation law of the state and defines the duties of the state engineer in connection therewith. The state engineer has, in general, charge of irrigation within the state and of the issuing of water rights and permits, and keeps in his office complete records of all the various legal steps necessary to secure water for irrigation or other purposes.

Section 8301, Compiled Laws of 1913, requires that at the request of any board of county drain commissioners the state engineer shall furnish such engineering assistance as may be required in connection with drainage problems.

Section 2648, Compiled Laws of 1913, provides that where two-thirds of the land owners subject to assessment for the construction of drains file a protest, the state engineer shall be called upon to review assessment of benefits, the location of drain, and report on the same to the drain commissioners.

Section 8239, Compiled Laws of 1913, makes the state engineer exofficio state coal mine inspector, and the inspection of lignite coal is made under his direction. This section also provides that at the request of the board of university and school lands the state engineer shall make examinations of the school lands to determine if such lands are coal lands within the meaning of the constitution.

Article 7, Chapter 6, Compiled Laws of 1913, makes the state engineer custodian of township plats, field notes and maps of the surveys of the public lands of the state. He is authorized to furnish copies of such records at prices determined by the governor, secretary of state, and attorney general.

Section 1990k, Compiled Laws of 1913, requires the state engineer, on request, to furnish any county superintendent of highways any information bulletins or other publicity available on road and bridge maintenance and construction. If requested to do so, the state engineer must, whenever possible, attend the meetings of the county boards of highway improvements.

Sections 602 to 607, Compiled Laws of 1913, repealed by Chapter 131, Session Laws of 1917, abolishing the advisory highway commission, annulled all duties of the state engineer in connection therewith.

Sections 1983 and 1984, Compiled Laws of 1913, require the state engineer, upon the request of county boards or township supervisors, to prepare plans and specifications for road and bridge work.

Chapter 131, Session Laws of 1917, makes the state engineer chief engineer and secretary of the state highway commission. The additional duties included under the highway commission have enormously increased the work of the department, making necessary much additional help and office room.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Examination of State Lands for Lignite Coal.

The state engineer in his Seventh Biennial Report made to the Fif-

teenth Legislative Assembly submitted recommendations relative to the disposal of surface rights only in the sale of school lands. Such recommendations were not given any consideration at that time but it is felt that the matter is of sufficient importance to warrant repetition.

The constitution prohibits the sale of any state lands bearing lignite coal. Therefore statutory provision has been made for the classification of such of the state lands as lie within the lignite coal area, or approximately the western half of the state. The state engineer is required by law to make the necessary investigations to enable him to classify these lands, those classified as "coal land" being indefinitely withheld from sale.

The western portion of the state has become well settled, with the result that there is a constantly increasing demand for state lands, and owing to the almost universal presence of lignite coal, an immense acreage much of which is excellent agricultural land, can not be sold.

The state engineer therefore recommends that the legislature give due attention to the advisability of amending the constitution giving the state the authority to dispose of the surface right only of those lands owned by it and lying within the lignite coal field. The state should of course retain title to all lignite coal, gas or oil that might be found, together with the privilege always of entrance to the land for prospecting or mining purposes. Such an arrangement would obviate the necessity of costly inspection by drilling that will in the future be found necessary in many localities, and will enable the state to comply with the increasing demand for the land. The result would be the releasing of a large acreage for farming purposes with no disadvantage to the state or purchaser.

Should the foregoing recommendation not meet with the approval of the legislature, it is suggested that an amendment be adopted defining what shall be considered coal land, that is, designating what shall be the minimum thickness of beds of coal and the maximum depth beneath the surface, in order to warrant their classification as "coal land." Under the present provisions of law, wherever coal occurs, of whatever thickness or depth underground, the land must be called coal land, whether it would ever be valuable for mining purposes or not. It is apparent, however, that such a measure will force the state at some time to engage in extensive prospecting of a costly nature, while the result would not be as satisfactory as if the state could sell the surface right only.

It takes four years or more to make an amendment to the constitution operative and for the reason that during this time it may become necessary to hold sales of school lands in counties where no examinations have been made, it is recommended that an appropriation of \$2,000 be made to enable the state engineer to conduct such further investigations as the Board of University and School Lands may find essential. Examinations have not been made in Adams, Billings, Bowman, a small part of Burleigh, a small part of Dunn, Hettinger, McKenzie, Slope and Sloux Counties, all of which lie within the limits of the lignite coal area.

Drainage

Under the head of drainage the state engineer presents a copy of a proposed amendment which is intended to facilitate drainage work within the state. The importance of this matter was submitted to the Fifteenth Legislative Assembly, but no relief was secured. It is respectfully suggested that the Sixteenth Legislative Assembly give this subject careful consideration. The drainage of lands within the state becomes each year a matter of more importance and any legislation affecting drainage should receive close attention. It is to be remembered that our drainage laws have become well established through numerous actions brought before the supreme court, and any new legislation is almost certain to inject an element of uncertainty that may retard rather than expedite drainage work. The amendment as proposed by the state engineer will make it easier to dispose of drainage bonds.

Flood Control.

Inasmuch as flood control is closely related to the subject of drainage and is a matter in which the state engineer's office may properly be interested, the following will not be out of place. A special commission having been appointed to investigate the matter of flood control, with particular reference to the Red River Valley, no recommendations will be made. Press reports indicate that in the popular mind a belief has been created that flood control may be secured through power development. Attention is called to the fact that the requirements of flood control and flood prevention are diametrically opposed, except under unusual None of the streams within the state which are tributary conditions. to the Red River present opportunities for the development of sufficient power to warrant consideration as a means of reducing the cost of flood control projects, or even of justifying the added expense that would be necessary to secure power projects. The state engineer's department is vitally interested in any feasible power projects within the state but is of the opinion that so far as this state is concerned flood prevention and power development cannot be combined to any considerable extent, Power development requires a stable source of water supply which means carrying full reservoirs of water at all times, while dams or reservoirs created for the retention of flood waters and the consequent regulation of their discharge requires that reservoirs be emptied as rapidly as possible and kept emptied if they are to perform their functions. It is believed that flood conditions in the Red River Valley may be controlled to a considerable extent through the construction of retention reservoirs, some channel changes, and in rare instances, possibly through the construction of levees.

Coal Mining.

The state engineer, as ex-officio state coal mine inspector, recommends that suitable legislation be adopted in regard to the ventilation and timbering of coal mines, and delegating to the state coal mine inspector authority to enforce such laws when the health and safety of the employees may require it. It is recommended that the committee on mines and minerals call into conference the operators of the leading mines within the state for the purpose of framing laws suitable for conditions in North Dakota. The conditions in this state are such that the mining laws of other states cannot be adapted to our requirements. The state engineer's office will be pleased to render every assistance possible in this matter.

Hydrography

The United State Geological Survey, under the efficient direction of Mr. E. F. Chandler, Assistant Engineer U. S. G. S., has been carrying on within the state a fairly complete hydrographic survey and has established stream gaging stations on representative creeks and rivers. As is customary in many other states, the state engineer's office has been cooperating with the United States Geological Survey to the extent of paying the salaries of the stream gagers, which are between five and eight dollars per month. Eight hundred dollars have been appropriated for this work during the past blennial period and it is earnestly recommended that a similar amount be appropriated to carry on the work during the ensuing blennial period. The records obtained from the work of the United States Geological Survey are of great importance to the state.

Salaries

The conditions which have prevailed for the past two years have made it extremely difficult to secure the services of competent engineers, and the state engineer recommends that the salary of the assistant state engineer be increased from one hundred fifty to two hundreds dollars per month. During the past biennial period there has been difficulty in retaining an assistant state engineer owing to the fact that the salary available is less than that received by engineers in private work.

Military Information Map

The United States War Department Division of Military Information has requested, through Governor Lynn J. Frazier, the cooperation of the state engineer's office in preparing maps of North Dakota giving certain information particularly desired in the compilation of what is termed a Progressive Military Map of the United States. The state engineer's office has consented to cooperate to the extent of its ability, and Mr. J. M. Hansen has been put in charge of the work. It is urgently recommended by the state engineer that the item in the Budget, asking for a special appropriation to cover expenses for Mr. Hansen and his assistants, be allowed, as shown in the request made to the State Budget Board.

IRRIGATION

EXPLANATION OF THE IRRIGATION DISTRICT LAW

By Willis J. Eggleston, District Council, United State Reclamation Service.

In previous reports references have been made to the practice of irrigation in the western part of the State and the increase in irrigated acreage has been negligible as evidenced by applications for permits to appropriate water. The two large enterprises of the United States in Williams and McKenzie Counties have been more or less inactive due to various circumstances and conditons.

The Williston Project of the United States takes its water supply by pumping from the Missouri River, the power to actuate pumps being supplied at a coal mine some three miles from the river bank. Owing to the high operating cost and the inability of the local organization to secure a sufficient number of paying water users for any single irrigation season, the United States has considered it not feasible to operate the works and closed them down three years ago to remain closed until a sufficient acreage could be pledged to take water from the irrigation works and make the stated payments so that the land could be irrigated and the plant operated without loss and without an exorbitant charge upon the lands. Three successive crop failures in the vicinity of the irrigation project have stimulated interest to such an extent that strong efforts have been made by the local people to secure irrigation water for their lands.

The solution seems to have been found in the irrigation district, which is a public corporation having a taxing power and local self government, in these particulars being similar to the school district. The Government irrigation projects in the arid States are gradually being completed and passing from an experimental stage to one of regular and increasingly profitable operation and consequent production of crops.

In order that the irrigation district plan might be availed of upon the Government projects in this State, a bill was prepared for the approval of the last legislature providing for the organization of irrigation districts and including what were thought to be the best and most adaptable features of the irrigation district laws of several western States. This bill was thoroughly considered and was approved by the legislature and signed by the Governor on March 8, 1917. This act is entitled "An Act to provide for the Creation, Organization, Government and Extension of Irrigation Districts," and briefly its provisions are as follows:

"Whenever a majority of the electors owning lands or holding leasehold estates in the manner and to the extent hereinafter provided in any district susceptible of one mode of irrigation from a common source and by the same system of works, desire to provide for the irrigation of the same they may propose the organization of an irrigation district under the provisions of this act and when so organized each district shall have the powers conferred or that may hereafter be conferred by law upon such irrigation district, provided that where ditches or canals have been constructed before the passage of this act of sufficient capacity to water the lands thereunder for which the water taken in such ditches is appropriated, such ditches and franchises and the land subject to be watered thereby, shall be exempt from operation of this law, except such district shall be formed to make purchase of such ditches, canals and franchises. Provided, that this law shall not be construed to in any way affect the rights of ditches already constructed. Provided, further, that the term elector, as used in this chapter shall include any resident of the State of North Dakota, owning not less than ten acres of land within any district or proposed district, or entryman upon public lands therein, or any resident of the State of North Dakota holding a leasehold estate in not less than forty acres of State land within said district for a period of not less than five years from the date at which said elector seeks to exercise the elective franchise. Provided, however, when the elector is the owner or entryman of land in more than one division of the irrigation district and reside without the district he shall be considered an elector in that divison of the district in which the major portion of his land is situated."

The formation of a district requires first the filing of a petition with the Board of County Commissioners signed by a majority of the electors of the proposed district who shall be entrymen upon or shall own or hold leasehold estates in a majority of the whole number of acres owned or held by the electors of the proposed district, the petition to be supported by a bond in double the amount of the probable cost of organizing the district. A copy of the petition must be filed in the office of the State Engineer and the petition will be published and a hearing thereafter had. The board will give notice of an election to be held in the proposed district to determine whether or not a district shall be organized and have the election of officers. The manner of holding subsequent elections is fully set out in the bill.

It is provided: "All water rights shall be appurtenant to the land. If any tract of land, or any part thereof, to which a water right has attached shall at any time become sub-irrigated, to the extent that water is no longer of any benefit thereon for irrigation purposes, the owner or entryman thereof may make application to the irrigation district board to relieve such lands so sub-irrigated from the district assessment as pro-vided herein, releasing in such application all claim to such water right as may belong to, or that has been applied to or upon said lands until such time as the said lands may be drained and water may again be applied to beneficial use. Provided, that such land owner or entryman may apply for a permit to transfer such water right to any other lands to which the same may be beneficially applied, and apply to have such new or additional tract included within the boundaries of such district as provided by law and the exclusion of such lands, and the inclusion of the new tract as herein contemplated. The Board shall thereupon make the appropriatiate order of suspension of assessment, or of the exclusion and inclusion of the lands, and the transfer of the water right. A certified copy of such order shall be filed for record and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county in which such land is situated, and thereafter all the obligations against such lands from which such water right has been taken, arising by reason of such water right, shall thereupon be cancelled and such obligation shall follow and attach with such water right to the land so included, if any: Provided, nothing herein con-tained shall authorize or empower the Board of Directors to include any land within its district unless the owner or lessee thereof shall pay or obligate such land to pay the same rate per acre for such water as all other lands have orginally paid or shall have been obligated for, to cover costs of construction. It shall be the duty of the directors to make all necessary arrangements for right of way for laterals from the main canal to each tract of land subject to assessment, and when necessary the Board shall exercise its right of eminent domain to procure right of way for laterals and shall make such rules in regard to the payment for such right of way as may be just and equitable: Provided, this section shall not be construed to deprive any person, persons, company or corporation now entitled thereto, to exercise the right of eminent domain."

"The Board, its agents and employees shall have the right to enter upon any land within the district, to make surveys, and may locate the line of any canal, or canals, and the necessary branches for such location. The Board shall also have the right to acquire either by purchase or condemnation, all lands and waters and other property necessary for the construction, use, maintenance and repair and improvement of any canals. power plants of any kind or nature, and lands for reservoirs for storage of water and all necessary appurtenances. The Board shall also have the right to acquire by purchase or condemnation any irrigation works, power plant, ditches, canals or reservoirs already constructed, for the use of said district. In case of purchase, the bonds of the district hereinafter provided for may be used at their par value in payment. The Board may also construct the necessary dams, reservoirs and works for the collection of water for the district and do any and every lawful act necessary to be done that sufficient water may be furnished to each tract of land in the district for irrigation purposes, and may enter into any obligation or conunstrict for frighting modes and may enter into any oblighting or con-tract with the United States for the construction, operation and main-tenance of the necessary work for the delivery and distribution of water therefrom under the provision of the Federal Reclamation Act and all acts amendatory thereof, or supplementary thereto, and the rules and regulations established thereunder; or the Board may contract with the United States for a water supply under any act of congress providing for on compression or the state of the provide the state of the state o for or permitting such contract, and in case contract has been, or may be hereafter made with the United States as herein provided, bonds of the district may be deposited with the United States at ninety per cent of their par value, to the amount to be paid by the district to the United States under any such contract, the interest on such bonds to be provided for by assessment and levy as in the case of other bonds of the district and regularly paid to the United States to be applied as provided in such contract."

The legal title to all property acquired vests in the district and the board is given authority to hold and acquire property and to sue or be sued in the name of the irrigation district.

In case funds are required for the purchase of property or for construction work and a bond issued as contemplated for such purpose a special election may be called and if a favorable vote results bonds may be issued in the manner prescribed by the statute—the bonds and interest thereon to be paid by revenue derived from annual assessments upon the real property of the district—assessments to be spread upon the lands in the proportion of the benefits received. All changes in valuations and assessments of property to be adjusted by the Board of Directors, constituted a board of equalization for that purpose.

"In case of the neglect or refusal of a Board of Directors of any irrigation district to cause an assessment and levy to be made for the payment of principal and interest of outstanding bonds, and for all payments due or to become due the ensuing year to the United States, under any contract between the district and the United States and for expenses incurred in organizing said district, as in this act provided, then the assessment of property made for the preceding year together with any sums due to the United States in accordance with the terms of existing contract shall be adopted and shall be the basis and assessment for the district and the county board of the county in which the district was originally organized shall cause an assessment roll of said district to be prepared, and shall make the levy for the payment of the principal and interest on bonds and to meet all payments due or to become due, the ensuing year to the United States under any contract between the district and the United States, and to meet the expenses for organizing said districts in the same manner and with like effect as if the same has been made by said Board of Directors; and the expense incident thereto shall be borne by such district."

Contracts for construction work and materials will be awarded after the advertisement for competitive proposals to the lowest responsible bidders.

"The cost and expense of purchasing and acquiring property and comstructing the works and improvements shall be wholly paid out of the construction fund, or in the bonds of said district at their par value, after having first been advertised for sale and having received no bids therefore at ninety-five per cent or upwards of their face value; provided, in case the said bonds, or the money raised by the sale is insufficient for the purposes for which said bonds were issued, additional bonds may be issued, after submission of the question at a general or special election to the qualified voters of said district; and in case of the issuance of additional bonds, the lien for taxes for the payment of the in-terest and principal of said issue shall be a subsequent lien to any prior bond issue. Provided, bonds need not be issued where the cost and ex-penses of purchasing and acquiring property and constructing the works and improvements herein provided for are covered by a contract between the district and the United States. In lieu of the issuance of additional bonds the Board of Directors may provide for the completion of the irrigation system of the district by the levy of an assessment for the other purposes provided in this article. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of the organization of the district, and the care, operation, management, repair and improvement of such portions of such canal and works as are completed and in use, including salaries of officers and employees, the Board may either fix rates of tolls and charges, and collect the same from all persons using said works for irrigation or other purposes, or may provide for the payment of said expenditures by a levy of assessments therefore, or by both said tolls and assessements, if by assessment, such levy shall be made upon the completion and equalization of the assessment roll."

"Provided, further, if after the annual assessment for the current year, the funds provided are for some unusual or unforscen cause insufficient for the proper maintenance and operation of said district. the Board of Directors shall have the power to borrow additional funds needed, to an amount not to exceed fifty cents per acre for the land embraced in said district, pledging the credit of the district for payment of the same, and shall include in the estimate for the levy for the ensuing year for the general fund the amount so borrowed, and provide for the payment of the same."

"The right-of-way is hereby given, dedicated and set apart, to locate, construct and maintain works over and through any of the lands which are now, or may be the property of the State; and also there is given dedicated and set apart, for the use and purposes afor-said, all water and water-rights owned by this State within the district."

"The Board of Directors, or other officers of the district, shall have no power to incur any debt, or liability whatever, either by issuing bonds or otherwise in excess, of the express provisions of this Act, and any debt or liability incurred in excess of such express provisions shall be and remain absolutely vold, provided, any irrigation district organized under the provisions of this article shall have the power to and it shall be its duty to provide for the proper drainage of any and all lands embraced within its limits which are, or have been sub-irrigated by reason of the lawful use of water from its canal by the owner or lessee of the lands subirrigated or from any cause not the fault, or by the consent of such owner or lessee, and for such purpose such district shall have all the authority herein granted for levying special assessments or otherwise providing funds necessary to properly drain such lands; entering upon lands for the purpose of making surveys; exercising the right of eminent domain; contract for the construction of necessary ditches; and further shall have the right to extend such drainage ditches outside of the limits of such districts for the purpose of conducting the drainage water to other lands upon which the same may be lawfully used or to return the same to some natural water course. The powers herein granted shall include the power to enter into a contract with the United States to carry out and effectuate all proper drainage of the district, or any part thereof."

"In case the water supply shall not be sufficient to supply continuously the lands susceptible of irrigation therefrom, then it shall be the duty of the Board of Directors to apportion said water."

Provision is also made for the installation of automatic measuring devices in the headgates of the main canals and distributing laterals.

Additional lands may be included within a district upon petition and acceptance thereof by the Board of Directors. In case of objection by any interested person an election will be duly called and held to determine the question of admitting or rejecting the additional lands. Petitions for exclusion of certain lands may also be handled in a similar manner.

"The Board of Directors of any irrigation district organized under the provisions of this act, shall, before issuing and before selling any bonds of such irrigation district, and in their discretion before making any contract or levying any assessment or taking any special action, commence a special proceeding, in and by which the proceedings of such Board and of said district, providing for and authorizing the issue and sale of the bonds of said district, the making of any contracts or levying any assessment or taking any special action shall be judicially examined, approved and confirmed or disapproved and disaffirmed."

The Board of Directors of any irrigation district organized under the laws of this state may enter into contracts for a supply of water for the irrigation of the lands within said irrigation districts with any person, firm, association, corporation or the United States of America; the source of supply of said water may be either within or without the boundaries of the State of North Dakota, and said water supply may be either the entire supply for said district or to supplement an appropriation already made by the said district."

"If said contract provides for payment to be made extending for a period of more than one year from the date of making said contract the Board of Directors of said irrigation district shall submit said contract to the legal voters of said district."

"If a majority of the voters that vote on said proposition vote for approval of said contract the Board of Directors shall enter into sail contract and shall thereafter at the time the other taxes of the district are levied, levy a tax on the taxable property of the district sufficient to pay the amount due on said contract and to become due on said contract before the next annual levy in said district."

"Any irrigation district, heretofore or hereafter, organized under the laws of the State of North Dakota, for irrigation or drainage purposes is hereby authorized and empowered to enter into contract with the United States of America whereby the bonds of the district are guaranteed by the United States or financial credit is extended by the United States, to the district and for the sale, purchase or use of any canal, ditch,

reservoir, right-of-way, irrigation or drainage system or other property owned or to be acquired for the use of such district."

"Any irrigation district organized under the laws of North Dakota is hereby authorized to accept of the provisions of any act of congress of the United States applicable to such district and to obligate itself to comply with such laws, rules and regulations as may be promulgated by any department of the United State in pursuance of such Acts, and irrigation districts contracting with the United States under the provisions of this act shall be governed in all matters by the laws of the state relating to irrigation or drainage districts as the case may be except in such things as may be otherwise provided for such district. This section shall not limit the rights which any irrigation district has under existing laws to purchase a water supply or otherwise contract and shall be cumulative thereto."

Irrigation districts may be dissolved by a majority voting at a special election called for that purpose and its property thereafter sold for payment of indebtedness in the manner prescribed by the statute.

ment of indebtedness in the manner prescribed by the statute. "Board of Directors of any irrigation district in the State of North Dakota which has issued valid interest bearing bonds that are now outstanding and unpaid, may take up and pay off any such bonds whenever legally possible, by the issue and sale or the issue and exchange therefor of the bonds of such irrigation district; but bonds so to be issued shall not exceed the amount lawfully owing and unpaid upon the bond or bonds so sought to be taken up and paid. Bonds so issued shall not bear interest greater in rate or amount per annum than the bonds so sought to be taken up and paid."

"Every irrigation district within the State of North Dakota shall be liable in damages for negligence in delivering or failure to deliver water to the users from its canal to the same extent as private persons and corporations: provided, however, such districts shall not be liable as herein provided, unless the party suffering such damage by reason of such negligence or failure shall, within thirty days after such districts shall fail to deliver water, serve a notice in writing on the chairman of the Board of Directors of such district, setting fourth particularly the acts committed or the commissions of the duties to be performed on the part of the district, which it is claimed constitute such negligence or omission, and that he expects to hold such district liable for whatever damages may result; provided, further, such action shall be brought within one year from the time the cause has accrued."

The Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project taking from the Yellowstone River in eastern Montana covers about 20,000 acres of excellent land in North Dakota and steps are being taken to form an irrigation district under the law above mentioned as soon as favorable terms of contract can be agreed upon. It is possible that the development of irrigation through irrigation districts on a large scale may make for extentive irrigation development in western North Dakota for the reason that it is well known that there are numerous streams from which water can be diverted but which were thought at the time of their investigation by the Government a few years ago to be rather too expensive for immediate development. The increase in price of lands and the influx of immigration and particularly the success of irrigation enterprises in the arid States will undoubtedly turn attention again to these possibilities.

The advantages of irrigation even in the semi-arid regions must be obvious to any thinking person in the present day and the peculiar advantages of the irrigation district form of handling such enterprises is becoming more and more evident. Among these advantages are the following:

"1. The irrigation district brings into the project all of the lands in a solid body, and so helps to keep down to a minimum the cost per acre for building and operating the project.

"2 The irrigation district laws provide for confirmation by the courts of the legality and validity of the proposed contract or bond issue and determination of the legal questions involved in advance of the expenditure of any money. This gives greater security in proceeding with the work and disposes of a lot of legal objections which might otherwise be raised after the money has been invested.

"3. The irrigation district has greater efficiency in the collection of charges on account of the taxing power, and through the taxing power can collect from the uncultivated speculative holdings as well as from those who apply for water.

"4. Through long practice the people have became accustomed to regard taxes as a kind of obligation which must be met promptly when due, and by making use of the irrigation district the return of the money invested is secured with less delay, difficulty, and expense in collectiou and much less bad feeling on the part of those making the payments than would be the case if it is attempted to collect by a system of individual nagging or individual suits.

"5. If the charges are secured by means of a contract between the Government and the irrigation district and collected as a tax, the obligation is in the nature of a municipal bond issue, and the title of the individual landowner remains clear, so that he can secure credit and borrow money more readily and at better rates than he can where a stock subscription contract, which is regarded as a first mortgage, appears on his abstract of title."

IRRIGATION

July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918

The state engineer's office received but six applications for permits to appropriate water during the biennial period ending June 30, 1918. The number of applications received vary directly in proportion to the amount of rainfall, and during seasons when there is approximately a sufficient amount of rainfall the department receives very few, if any, new applications for water rights. Individuals who have filed water rights during years when railfall is insufficient frequently let them laps: during subsequent years when more normal conditions prevail. The state engineer has repeatedly called attention to the fact that the only way in which irrigation can be made to pay, even for the individual or one man projects, is by keeping the necessary irrigation works in working order at all periods of the year when it may become necessary to supply water to the land. An irrigation project started after dry weather has set in will not save crops, and even though there are occasional years when the need for an artificial supply of water is not necessary, in most years in the western part of North Dakota water can be added to land with beneficial results.

It is not anticipated that irrigation in North Dakota will in the near future be attempted on any extensive scale, but it is believed that where irrigation can be practiced even on a small scale, by individual owners it becomes an improvement of the greatest value. The state engineer

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

does not believe that generally the conditions in North Dakota are such as to warrant an attempt to irrigate small grains; at least unusually favorable conditions must exist to make this feasible. The chief value of irrigation will be to increase the yield of forage and feed crops and to make certain a sufficiency of feed for stock. The tendency toward diversified farming and the resulting increase in stock makes it particularly essential that winter feed shall be available.

It has been shown in previous reports that throughout the western part of North Dakota there are a large number of locations where irrigation can be practiced in a small way by individual owners, and most of our numerous creeks afford bottom lands ideally situated for the artificial addition of water.

The state engineer's office is at all times anxious to perform every service that can legally be performed in connection with aiding in irrigation work. The department has issued permits to appropriate water totaling 274.28 cubic feet per second for use on 21,352.6 acres of land. The United States Reclamation Service projects total approximately 47,-500 acres of land, all under the Williston Project, the Beauford-Trenton Project, and the Lower Yellowstone Project.

INDIVIDUAL IRRIGATION PROJECTS.

July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918

98. Dochterman's Irrigation Project.

Mr. L. B. Dochterman of Williston filed an application for a permit to appropriate water for the irrigiton of 40 acres of land in Section 22. Township 154, Range 101. The water is to be taken from Sand Creek at a point where it widens into a slough with an average depth of two and one-half feet. It is estimated that the necessary construction work will cost \$1,000. Water is to be delivered to the ditch by a centrifugal pump driven by a 10 H. P. electric motor. A power transmission line runs within a mile of the point of diversion of the water supply.

99 Bacon's Irrigation Project.

Mr. Granville D. Bacon of Elks Landing, McKenzie County, filed an application for a permit to appropriate 3.88 second feet of water for the irrigation of 310 acres of land in Sections 34 and 35, Township 154, Range 95. Water will be taken from a coulee which has a considerable discharge during the spring run-off. The original plans called for a storage dam but this has been changed and a system of ditches only will be constructed.

100. Heltzel's Irrigation Project.

Mr. J. W. Heltzel of Lemmon, S. D., has filed an application for a permit to irrigate twelve acres of land from a storage reservoir. Water will be secured from coulees during the spring run-off. The land to be irrigated is in Section 35, Township 129, Range 92, in Adams County. The total cost of this irrigation work is estimated at \$850.

101. Northern Pacific Railway Company's Reservoir.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company filed an application for a

permit to appropriate two second feet of water for railroad uses at Hebron, N. D. A large storage reservoir has been constructed by excavating the bed of a creek. The total cost of the project is estimated at \$24,000.

102. Northern Pacific Railway Company's Reservoir.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company filed an application for a permit to appropriate water for railroad uses at Glen Ullen, N. D. Two second feet of water is applied for and a large storage reservoir has been constructed by excavating the bed of Curlew Creek. The total cost of the project has been estimated at \$29,700.

103. Painted Woods Irrigation Project.

On August 30, 1917 an application for a permit to appropriate water for irrigation was filed by Henry A. Martin, Fred J. Willinson, and Wayne S. Martin, all of Trenton, Williams County, North Dakota. The application calls for 3.44 second feet of water, the 275.5 acres to be irrigated being in Sections 14 and 15, Township 153, Range 102. The cost of the ditches and necessary dam is estimated at \$450. 104. Tollefson's Irrigation Project.

Mr. Arne Tollefson of Banks, McKenzie County, has filed an application for a permit to use 1.58 second feet of water for the irrigation of 126.1 acres of land in Section 23, Township 153, Range 97. The water is to be taken from Tobacco Garden Creek by means of a movable pump outfit. It is estimated that the project can be put in working condition for \$840.

	FILINGS MADE IN ACCORD	FILINGS MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE IRRIGATION CODE FROM JULY 1, 1917, TO JUNE 30, 1918.	DE FROM JULY 1, 1917,	TO JUNE	30, 1918.	
No.	Name of Applicant	Lands to be Irrigated.	Source of Supply	Amount of water Cailmed	Acres	Date of Claim
86	L. B. Dochterman	SW4 SE4 Sec. 22, T. 154 N., R. 101 W.	Sand Creek and slough	Second Feet .5	40	4-25-16
66	Granville B. Bacon	NEW Sec. 34, NW of NWW & WW Flood waters of draws and of NEW Sec. 35, T. 154, R. 95 W. coulees	Flood waters of draws and coulees	3.88	310	12-4-16
100	J. W. Heltzel	$8W_{ m M}$ of $8W_{ m M}$ Sec35, T. 129, R. 92 Melting snow and rainfall	Melting snow and rainfail	0.15	12	5-4-17
101	Northern Pacific Ry. Co	Railroad purposes	Knife River	67		7-2-17
102	Northern Pacific Ry. Co	Railroad purposes Curlew Creek	Curlew Creek	 		7-2-17
103	Henry A. Martin, Fred J. Wilkinson and Wayne S. Mar- tin	NWX SWX Sec. 14, NWX Sec. 15, T. 153, R. 102	14, NWW Sec. 15, Painted Woods Creek	3.44	275.6	8-30-17
104	104 Arne Tollefson	14 SW4 Sec. 16, SW4 Sec. 153, R. 97	Tobacco Garden Creel	۲ 1.58 <u>126.1</u>	126.1	1-5-18
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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

Total acreage, 763.6. Total amount of water claimed, 13.55 second feet.

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WATER LICENSES ISSUED TO JUNE 30, 1918.

Number of Permit	No. of Water License	To Whom Issued	Date
	1		•
47	2	Western Dakota Railway Co	March 25, 1911
48	3	Western Dakota Railway Co	
49	4	Western Dakota Railway Co	
50	5	Western Dakota Railway Co	
85	6	Northern Pacific Railway Co	
93	7	Northern Pacific Railway Co	April 3, 1916
97	8	Northern Pacific Railway Co	Sept. 20, 1916
112	9	Northern Pacific Railway Co	
161	10	Northern Pacific Railway Co	
102	11	Northern Pacific Railway Co	Dec. 1, 1917
C8	12	J. R. Burns	
	I	1	

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ROAD AND BRIDGE WORK

July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918.

The state engineer's office has had charge of a considerable amount of road and bridge work during the biennial period just closed, in addition to the work done by the state Highway commission. The state engineer's office and the state highway commission have agreed that roads which have been designated as state roads and on which the county may desire to make improvements, where it is impossible to make such improvements as either state aid or federal aid projects engineering services will be furnished the county gratis. Work which may be requested on roads which are not a part of the state system will be performed by the state engineer's office as heretofore.

ROAD WORK.

Burleigh County-Wild Rose Township

In the spring of 1917 Wild Rose Township in T. 137, R. 75, requested the state engineer's office to survey and prepare plans and specifications for six miles of road work extending east and west across the township one mile north of the township line. These plans and specifications were prepared and the township has been improving this road in sections as rapidly as the funds available will permit. The township has accomplished some first-rate work, particularly in connection with a number of heavy grades.

Hettinger County

During the summer of 1918 plans and specifications were prepared for road work in Hettinger County and several right of way surveys were also made.

Logan County-Red Lake Township

During the summers of 1917 and 1918 the state engineer's office made a number of road surveys for Red Lake Township and prepared plans and specifications for the road work. Numerous right of way surveys were also made for roads not on section lines.

Nelson County-Lakota Township

The state engineer's office in the spring of 1917 prepared plans and specifications for road work in Lakota Township totaling seven and one-half miles. The work consisted of 6,200 cubic yards of cut and fill work and 1,515 cubic yards of turnpiking, together with 373 lineal feet of culverts.

Steele County

During the spring of 1917 the state engineer's office made surveys and prepared plans and specifications for eleven miles of road work in Steele County. Division No. 1, consisting of eight miles in Newburgh and Beaver Creek Townships, called for 16,130 cubic yards of turnpiking and 3,959 cubic yards of cut and fill work, six lineal feet of 8-inch culvert, 130 lineal feet of 12-inch culvert, 30 lineal feet of 18-inch culvert, and eight lineal feet of 24-inch culvert. Division No. 2 in Sharon Township consisted of 3,490 cubic yards of turnpiking and 3,603 cubic yards of cut and fill work, together with 262 lineal feet of 15-inch culverts. Division No. 3 in Green View Township consisted of 1,325 cubic yards of cut and fill work.

Wells County

During the summers of 1917 and 1918 the state engineer's office prepared plans and specifications for several small road jobs in Wells County, in addition to which a number of right of way surveys were made.

BRIDGE WORK.

Griggs County

During the summer of 1917 the state engineer's office furnished plans and specifications for culverts and bridges constructed in Griggs County. Plans were also furnished for work done in 1918.

Lamoure County

During the summer of 1917 the state engineer's office prepared plans and specifications for a number of reinforced concrete bridges for La-Moure County. Inspection was furnished for a portion of this work during the summer of 1918. One 12-foot bridge, the estimated cost of which was \$1,471.50, was awarded for \$900; another 12-foot concrete bridge, the estimated cost of which was \$1,164, was awarded for \$900 also; a 20-foot bridge, the estimated cost of which was \$1,443, was awarded for \$1,245, and a 16-foot bridge, the estimated cost of which was \$1,242, was awarded for \$1,078.

Logan County

The state engineer's office made surveys and furnished plans and specifications for a 50-foot bridge in Logan County, alternate plans being prepared for the steel and reinforced concrete. All bids received were rejected as being unreasonably high.

McLean County

The county superintendent of highways of McLean County made arrangements to have the bridge plans for county work checked by the state engineer's office, and in this connection plans and specifications were prepared and checked for a number of structures erected in 1917.

Pembina County

In 1917 and 1918 the state engineer's office furnished Pembina County plans and specifications for bridge work. Standard plans were used covering all the work contemplated during the two years.

Pierce County

The state engineer's office furnished plans and specifications for concrete bridges constructed in Pierce County in 1917.

Ransom County

In 1917 the state engineer's office furnished plans and specifications for two 90-foot bridges for Ransom County.

Wells County

Plans and specifications were prepared for one 40-foot bridge, three 30-foot bridges, and one 20-foot bridge. Inspection was also furnished. The total cost of the work was \$15,500, the engineering and inspection amounting to \$668.55 or 4.3 per cent of the cost of construction.

LAND SURVEYS.

July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918

Newburgh Township in Steele County secured the services of the state engineer's office in making a resurvey of their township. Concrete posts were set at each section corner and the work required about three weeks time. A party of four men was employed and by the use of a plow and scraper a majority of the old corners were located. The results obtained were very satisfactory to the township and the total cost of the work was approximately three hundred dollars.

DRAINAGE

July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918

The state engineer submits the following proposed amendment as being an improvement to our drainage laws. It is believed that the adoption of such an amendment will facilitate the handling of drainage bonds in that is eliminates certain features of our present law which are difficult, if not impossible to comply with.

A BILL

For an Act to Amend Sections 2464, 2468 and 2471 of the Compiled Laws of North Dakota for the Year 1913, formerly known as Sections 1821, 1825 and 1828, Revised Codes of 1905, which were amended by Chapter 125, Laws of 1911.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota.

That Sections 2464, 2468 and 2471 of the Compiled Laws of the State of North Dakota for the year 1913, formerly known as Sections 1821, 1825 and 1828, Revised Codes of 1905, which were amended by Chapter 125, Laws of 1911, are hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 2464. How Established. A petition for the construction of a drain may be made in writing to the board of drain commissioners, which petition shall designate the starting point and terminus and general course of the proposed drain. If among the leading purposes of the proposed drain are benefits to the health, convenience or welfare of the people of any city or other municipality, the petition shall be signed by a sufficient number of the citizens of such municipality or municipalities to satisfy the board of drain commissioners that there is a public demand for such drain. If the chief purpose of such drain is the drainage of agricultural, meadow, grazing or other lands, the petition shall be signed by at least six or more freeholders whose property shall be affected by the proposed drain. Upon the presentation of a petition as hereinbefore provided and filing of the same, the board of drain commissioners shall, personally, as soon as practicable, proceed to examine the line of the proposed drain, and if in its opinion it is necessary for the public good, it shall enter a resolution to that effect, and shall also enter a resolution designating a competent surveyor who shall survey the line thereof and established the commencement and terminus and determine the route, width, length and depth thereof.

Provided, that the board of drain commissioners shall require a bond from the petitioners in sum sufficient to pay all expenses of the surveys and of the drainage commissioners if it should appear that the proposed drain would cost more than the amount of the benefit to be derived therefrom. For the purpose of making examinations or surveys the board of drain commissioners, surveyors and their employees may enter upon any land traversed by any such proposed drain or upon other lands when necessary. Such surveyor shall prepare profiles, plans and specifications of the proposed drain, an estimate of the cost thereof and a map or plat of the lands to be drained, in triplicate, showing the regular subdivisions thereof, one copy of which shall be filed in the office of the county auditor in the county in which the drain is proposed to be constructed, one copy with the board of drain commissioners, and the third copy in the state engineer's office. all subject to inspection. In locating a drain a board of drain commissioners may, under the advice of the surveyor, vary from the lines described in the petition as it seems best. When the line proposed is along highways already established the drain shall be located at a sufficient distance from the center of such highway to permit a good road along the central line thereof. When the length of the line described in the petition does not give sufficient fall to drain the land sought to be drained, the board of drain commissioners may extend the drain below the outlet named in the petition far enough to obtain a sufficient fall and outlet. Drains shall as far as practicable be located on dividing lines between sections or regular subdivisions thereof, but the general utility of the drain must not be sacrificed to avoid crossing any tract of land in such direction as the board of drain commissioners find advisable. Upon the filing of the surveyor's report with the board of drain commissioners, the board shall fix a date for hearing objections to the petition: at least ten days' notice of such hearing shall be given by causing five notices to be posted along the line of the proposed drain at such points as will be likely, in the opinion of the board, to secure the greatest publicity; such notices shall contain a copy of the petition and a statement of the date of filing of the surveyor's report with the board and the date when the board will act upon the petition, and shall be signed by the members of the board, or a majority thereof. All persons whose lands may be affected by any such drain may appear before the board of drain commissioners and fully express their opinion and offer evidence upon the matters pertaining thereto. Should the owners of twothirds of the lands subject to assessment for the construction of the proposed drain so desire, they may, by a petition in writing, request and secure the attendance at the above hearing of the state engineer, or one of his assitants, and at their request he shall be heard by the board upon all matters connected with said drain.

Assessment of benefits subject to review. Sec. 2468. The assessment of benefits provided for in this chapter shall be subject to review, and ten days' notice of the time when such assessment will be reviewed by the board of drain commissioners, shall be given by publishing in some newspaper of general circulation in the county, and printed notices, not less than five in all and at least one in each township or municipality interested in such drain shall be posted in such township and municipality as such points as may be likely, in the opinion of the board, to secure the greatest publicity for such notices. At the time appointed such board shall proceed to hear all complaints relative to such assessment and correct or confirm the same. Should the owners of two-thirds of the land subject to assessment so desire, they may secure and require the attendance of the state engineer, or one of his assistants, at the hearing upon the assessment by presenting to him a written petition requesting his attendance, and upon the hearing by the board they shall, upon the request of persons so petitioning, give a hearing to such state engineer in connection with the examination of the proposed assessments. For his services the state engineer shall be allowed ten dollars per day and actual necessary expenses during the time he is engaged on the work, and the same shall be charged against the drain as a part of the cost of construction. All moneys received by the state engineer for his work shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

Sec. 2471. Notice of letting contracts and review of assessments. After completing the percentage assessment as hereinbefore provided, the board of drain commissioners shall without delay divide the line thereof into convenient divisions for construction, make diagrams of the same with specifications of the width of excavation at the bottom, the slope of the sides, and such other matters as may be necessary for the proper construction of the drain, and set suitable stakes in such places as may be necessary. Such board shall give at least ten days' notice of the time when they will meet parties for the purpose of letting contracts for such construction. Such notice shall be published in some newspaper of general circulation in the county and printed notices not less than five in all and at least one in each township or municipality interested in such drain shall be posted in such township or municipalities at such points as will be likely, in the opinion of the board, to secure the greatest publicity for such notice. The hearing upon the review of the percentage assessments, and the letting of the contract for the construction may be held on the same date, and notice of the hearing and of the letting of the contract may be combined in one notice if the board shall so determine. All hearings by the board shall be held in the court house at the county seat of the county in which the drain is situated.

COUNTY DRAINAGE WORK

Considerable drainage work has been done in Walsh, Grand Forks, Traill, Cass, Richland, Sargent, and Ransom Counties during the biennial period just closed.

LaMoure County-Verona Drain

The state engineer's office had but one request for aid in connection with drainage work during the biennial period just closed. The office was called upon to prepare plans and specifications for the drainage of a number of sloughs and potholes in the vicinity of Verona, LaMoure County. The proposed project benefits 1,463 acres of land and the estimated cost per acre amounts to \$15.00. The contract price for the work was \$20,000. This project is unique in North Dakota in that a large amount of tile is being used and there is but little open ditch work. On July first construction work had not been started.

EXAMINATION OF SCHOOL LANDS FOR COAL

The constitution provides that no coal bearing state-owned land shall The duty of classifying state-owned lands has been delegated be sold. to the state engineer, such classifications to be made at the direction of the Board of University and School Lands.

During the past biennial period, at the request of the Board of University and School Lands, the work of classifying lands in Emmons, Golden Valley, McLean, Mountrail and Oliver Counties has been accomplished. The field work was largely done by Harris Robinson and J. N. Forister.

The lands are classified as "coal land" or "not coal land." Reports showing in detail the acreage, surface descriptions, coal indications, and distance from the nearest towns of each subdivision have been filed with the land commissioner. In each report filed the state engineer has called attention to the fact that such investigations as are possible under the terms of the state laws can not be other than superficial. Tn this connection consideration of the recommendation included in this report and also in the Seventh Biennial Report is suggested.

The data used as a basis in making the investigations was secured by making careful field investigations from logs of wells, the proximity of known outcrops and mines, and from data secured from state and geological reports, the reports of the State Geological Survey being of especial value.

The table submitted gives summaries of the work done.

		, 1310 		
County	Acreage Inspected	Coal Land	Not Coal Land	Percentage of Coal Land
Burke Burleigh Divide Dunn Emmons *** Golden Valley *** McLean *** Mercer Morton Mountrall *** Oliver *** Sheridan ** Stark Williams Total	29,958,28 31,867,42 51,594,78 59,811,12 24,832,57 38,513,53 85,907,05 50,847,67 129,137,82 70,686,05 25,673,66 47,836,82 72,888,21 719,554,98	16,077.11* 6,299.44* 11,323.82* 47,651.12* 	$\begin{array}{c} 13,881.17\\ 25,567.98\\ 40,270.96\\ 12,160.00\\ 24,832.57\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 53.66\\ 19.76\\ 21.94\\ 79.76\\ 00.00\\ 100.00\\ 43.63\\ 76.09\\ 50.56\\ 39.87\\ 74.79\\ 62.35\\ 69.34\\ \end{array}$

SCHOOL LANDS EXAMINED FOR COAL June 30, 1918

Includes acreage recommended held for further investigation.
 No land in Sheridan County classified as coal land.
 Counties classified July 1, 1916 to June 30, 1918.

RIVER RECORDS

By E. F. CHANDLER

Assistant Engineer, United States Geological Survey.

By permission of the United States Geological Survey, with which the office of the State Engineer has been cooperating in this work, the following tables of flow of the more important or typical streams in North Dakota and the Red River Valley have been selected and compiled from the records of the Survey for publication herein. The larger portion of the expense entailed in the continuous maintenance of these records has been provided for by Federal appropriations, but a part of the expense, (in particular, the payment of gage-observers in each locality) has from time to time been carried appropriately from state funds by the states concerned.

Less such work is maintained in North Dakota than in some other states where there is a greater opportunity for irrigation, for waterpower development, or for navigation, where land drainage has been more thoroughly extended, or where water supplies for municipal and domestic use have been more completely investigated. But development in all these lines is often proposed or discussed in North Dakota, and also flood protection and various other matters intimately related to the flow of the streams. It is impossible to make any reasonable plans for progress in any such matter without assuming fairly definite knowledge of the amount of water usually available in the streams. This varies from year to year very much more than the rainfall varies, and figures deduced for one region cannot be transferred to a far-distant region; thus if there is to be well-planned development along any of these lines in North Dakota it is absolutely necessary that there be available for use a reasonably comprehensive knowledge of the facts concerning the streams in our own state through a fairly long term of years. This is therefore a field of survey and investigation that especially concerns the office of the state engineer.

In North Dakota there are few advantageous opportunities for the use of water-power, and there are also difficulties hindering some other forms of stream use in some localities. Therefore it often happens that the evidence given in the river records is merely negative evidence, which, instead of assisting in the development of some project, absolutely forbids the making of any effort to carry it through. At first thought, the records seem in such case to have been of little use to the people of the state; but it is as truly a benefit to a locality to prevent the waste of money in efforts to carry through some ill-advised and unprofitable scheme which can terminate only in bankruptcy, as it is to assist in the extension of profitable plans in which the money of the people might well be expended.

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The methods followed in this work were described in detail in the First Report of the North Dakota State Engineer, (1905) pages 49 to 62, and also in the Second Report (1907), pages 47 to 49. A discussion of the conclusions which can be drawn from these records in regard to the available surface water supply in different parts of the state appears in the Third Report (1909), pages 53 to 66, although some of the conclusions there stated could now be properly modified slightly, on the basis of the ten years of additional records now available. The methods used may be stated briefly thus:

At each "river station" or "gaging station" a gage is established and an observer appointed who makes regular observations and records of the height of the water; if the river is varying at all in height, these are usually made daily, and sometimes several times a day, especially if during flood or other unusual condition the height is changing quickly. The gage-heights are recorded in feet and tenths of a foot. It is intended to place the gage so that its zero shall be below the lowest known low water, and at most of the stations the zero has been set below the bottom of the river; but the height of the floods is easily seen by a comparison between the maximum gage-heights recorded during the floods and the minimum gage-heights records during low water periods.

At suitable intervals, an engineer or assistant (called in this work a "hydrographer"), equipped with appropriate meters and other instruments, makes measurements of the discharge (i. e., of the actual number of gallons of water per day flowing by the gage) and records the discharge and gage-height found at that time. It is thus known how much water will be flowing whenever the river happens to be at that same gage-height again, provided the river channel does not suffer change in the meantime. In this region, almost all channels change gradually, but if the changes are slow, by the use of suitable corrections the records are kept free from seriously large error.

When enough such measurements have been secured at different heights of the river (low, medium, and flood), it becomes possible by interpolation to determine closely how much water flowed by the gage at any recorded foot and tenth of gage-height between lowest and highest stages. Upon this basis, from the record of daily gage-heights that has been secured by the observer a computation is made of the actual daily quantities that have flowed by the gage, and these can be tabulated in any form needed for reference. In the following pages, these results have been arranged as tables of "Monthly Discharge," showing for each month the average flow (through the twenty-four hours) for that day of the month when the flow was the greatest or maximum, the flow for the minimum day, and the mean flow or average for the entire month taken as a whole.

All figures of discharge given here are in "second-feet." One secondfoot is a flow that carries by the observer one cubic foot of water each second; a rapid current in a small channel, or a slow current in a large channel, can carry the same amount of water past the observer each second. For example, a stream six feet wide and two feet deep flowing with a velocity of five feet per second, and a stream twenty feet wide and three feet deep flowing with a velocity of one foot per second, would each carry sixty second-feet of water. One second-foot amounts to 646,272 gallons per day, and will cover almost two acres one foot deep in twenty-four hours.

As successive years vary very much, an absolutely exact record of the quantity of flow of a river through one year would not tell how much might flow the next year; it sometimes happens that the flow of one year is five or ten, or even twenty, fifty, or a hundred times as great as the total entire flow of a previous year; nor can these records be blindly transferred to adjoining rivers, for no two rivers are precisely alike in their conditions and behaviour, so that the records of as many streams as practicable should be secured if dependence is to be placed on them for all uses. Therefore, rather than to spend a large appropriation in making a very precise record of a single stream for a single year, it is much more advantageous to extend the work to as many streams through as long a period of years as the available funds will possibly permit; provided of course that care is taken that the work and attention devoted to each station are not too greatly reduced so as to bring about a disproportionate or inexcusably great loss of accuracy.

The column headed "accuracy" in the tables of monthly discharge applies to the mean flow for the month, but not always to the maximum or minimum (which might have been affected by accidental error entering for only a single day, such for example as the brief absence of the observer.) It depends on the reliability of the daily observer, on the permanency of the stream channel and of the gage, and upon the number and consistency of the measurements of discharge. After a sufficient assortment of measurements at different heights have been secured. few would be needed in following years if the channel is absolutly permanent, and less than during the first few seasons even if channels are gradually changing according to the fashion of most North Dakota streams.

The mean for any month marked A in these tables may properly be assumed as accurate within five per cent; of any month marked B, within 10 per cent; C, within 15 per cent; D, within 25 per cent; E indicates a rough estimate which is presumably within 50 per cent of the truth, although in the case of some of the winter month estimates marked E it is possible that the flow is but a small fraction of the estimated figure; however it con be stated with reasonable assurance that in none of these cases could the flow have been more than 50 per cent greater than the estimate.

Included in the following pages are summaries of the records of these streams:

Red River at Grand Forks, N. D. Red River at Fargo, N. D. Red Lake River at Crookston, Minn. Thief River near Thief River Falls, Minn. Mouse River at Minot, N. D. Grand River (North Branch) at Haley, N. D. Cannon Ball River near Stevenson, N. D. Heart River near Richardton, N. D. Knife River near Broncho, N. D. The tables run from the close of the tables published in the last biennial report of the State Engineer (usually September 1, 1916) to August 31, 1918. The portions of the summaries for the late fall of 1917 and for the year 1918 have been extracted from the official records in advance of the completion of the final computations of the season's work as made for publication by the U. S. Geological Survey, and are therefore to be considered only as "preliminary computations" still subject to minor revisions, and some other small parts of the tables are also taken from the preliminary computations. But in no case is it to be expected that the final revisions will introduce any large changes in the figures here given, and through most of the tables the changes will be so small as to be inappreciable, or final publication will be without change.

Similar summaries of the most important river records for this region can be found in the following reports:

1903-1904, in Third Report of North Dakota Geological Survey.

1905-1906, in Second Report of North Dakota State Engineer.

1907-1908, in Third Report of North Dakota State Engineer.

1909-1910, in Fourth Report of North Dakota State Engineer.

1911-1912, in Fifth report of North Dakota State Engineer.

1913-1914, in Sixth report of North Dakota State Engineer.

1915-1916, in Seventh Report of North Dakota State Engineer.

Complete records are published from year to year in the Water Supply Papers Series of the United States Geological Survey, in which all the methods and other details are also fully explained.

These summaries and records and many other less important ones are on file in the office of the State Engineer at Bismarck. The original data of every kind on which all these results and summaries are based are kept in the Washington office of the U. S. Geological Survey. Copies of all the data are also kept on file in the office of the resident hydrographer of the Survey, under whose general supervision all the field work has been done and the computations carried out; this is E F. Chandler, at the post-office address University, N. D. On request to any of these offices full information can be obtained if desired by any one who has reason for interest in any of these records or investigations.

RED RIVER AT GRAND FORKS, N. D.

Gagings of the flow of the Red River of the North at Grand Forks, N. D. were begun by the U. S. Geological Survey in 1901, but a gage height record was kept under the direction of the Corps of Engineers (War Department), by whom the dredging fleet was operated for the improvement of the river, for about twenty years previously, and a few discharge measurements were made by them; thus fairly good run-off summaries begin with the year 1882. The gaging station is located below the confluence of the Red and Red Lake Rivers. The total drainage area is 25,000 square miles, of which about half is in Minnesota.

The tables of discharge, based on the measurements in the list below and on a hundred and four measurements made during the sixteen preceding years, are fairly accurate through the entire year.

REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
$\begin{array}{c} 9-30-1916\\ 12-22-1916\\ 1-18-1917\\ 2-24-1917\\ 3-19-1917\\ 4-16-1917\\ 7-11-1917\\ 7-11-1917\\ 10-16-1917\\ 12-15-1917\\ 12-23-1918\\ 3-30-1918\\ 5-4-1918\\ 6-21-1918\\ 7-22-1918 \end{array}$	Wardwell and Dale Chandler and Dale Wardwell and Dale Dale and Wardwell Wardwell and Dale Wardwell and Dale Wardwell and Bale Wardwell and Hulteng Chandler and Hulteng Chandler and Noble H. A. Noble Chandler and Noble H. A. Noble Chandler and Hulteng Chandler and Hulteng Chandler and Hulteng	$\begin{array}{c} 8.09^{*}\\ 8.16^{*}\\ 7.34^{*}\\ 7.83^{*}\\ 20.48\\ 14.48\\ 6.11\\ 3.81\\ 4.75^{*}\\ 4.01^{*}\\ 10.48\\ 6.71\\ 6.58\end{array}$	3,450 1,280 1,280 1,265 1,000 10,550 5,990 1,410 501 455 188 4,170 1,890 1,690 702

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.

* Frozen, mean thickness of ice from 0.8 feet to 2.4 feet at different times of measurment.

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF	RED	RIVER AT	GRAND	FORKS.	N. D.
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	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	September	5,010	3,180	3,970	B
	October November	3,480	2,720	3,050 2,770	ACCCCCCAAABBAACDDDAAAAB
	December	2,440	1,300	1,780	Č
1917	January	1,390	1,050	1,220) C
	February	1,030	824	921	C
	March	8,760	920	1,760	C
	April	20,200	6,700	11,700	, ç
	May	6,780	2,830	4,780	A
	June July	2,780 1,520	1,620 824	$2,190 \\ 1,180$	A
	JulyAugust	824	473	508	Ŕ
	September	897	395	562	1 8
	October	720	501	588	Ã
	November	972	622	797	1 A
	December) 654	305	447	1 C
1918	January	326	[2 04	266	{ D
	February	270	186	210	D
	March	4,480	300	1,570	D
	April	3,520	1,170	1,810	Ą
	May June	2,860	1,440	1,850	A
	July	2,800 1,170	1,210 687	1,960 869	A
	August	1,130	654	751	8

Maximum gage-heights, 33.9 feet April 8, 1917; 11.3 feet March 28, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 50.2 feet April 10, 1897. Minimum gage-heights, 8.8 feet October 23, 1916; 7.3 feet February 24, 1917; 3.4 feet September 4, 1917; 4.0 feet February 21, 1918; 4.2 feet July 24, 1918; minimum ever recorded, 2.6 feet February 10, 1912.

RED RIVER AT FARGO, N. D.

The gaging station on the Red River of the North at Fargo, N. D. was established May 27, 1901. The drainage area above this point is 6,020 square miles, of which 1,750 square miles is in North Dakota, 500 square miles in South Dakota, and 3,770 square miles in Minnesota.

In September, 1914, the gage location for the Geological Survey was changed from the Front Street bridge to a point immediately above the Island Park dam. The zero of the gage at Island Park is about one foot below the crest of the dam, and is so related to the zero of the Front Street gage that at flood stages, when the dam is drowned out and causes no irregularity in the surface slope of the river, readings on the Front Street gage are numerically about 10.2 feet greater than on the Island Park gage now used: at low stage, a reading of 7.0 feet at Front Street indicates approximately the same quantity of flow as a reading of 2.0 feet on the Island Park gage.

The tables of discharge, based on the measurements in the list below and seventy-four measurements made during the sixteen preceding years, are unusually accurate, except that during the first few days of the spring flood, when the ice retards the current, the effect of the ice has not been accurately determined so that the figures of flow are based for a few days in part upon estimates of this effect.

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
$\begin{array}{c} 12-23-1916\\ 4-7-1917\\ 4-14-1917\\ 4-15-1917\\ 6-18-1917\\ 7-14-1917\\ 8-16-1917\\ 11-3-1917\\ 11-3-1917\\ 4-4-1918\\ 4-20-1918\\ 5-10-1918\\ 7-2-1918\\ 8-27-1918\\ \end{array}$	L. R. Dale E. F. Chandler T. M. Wardwell A. Hulteng E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler A. Hulteng A. Hulteng E. F. Chandler A. Hulteng E. F. Chandler A. Hulteng E. F. Chandler	$\begin{array}{c} 10.64\\ 5.22\\ 5.03\\ 3.24\\ 2.29\\ 1.69\\ 1.52\\ 2.33\\ 2.03\\ 2.07\\ 2.03\end{array}$	513 4,130* 2,320 2,210 786 323 143 108 451 387 378 321 134

MEASUREMENTS	OF	DISCHARGE
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*Not an accurate measurement.

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF RED RIVER AT FARGO, N. D.

	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	September	1,510	1,020	1,250	A
	October	1,240	876	1,030	A
	November	876		631] B
	December			488	[D
1917	January]]]	419] C
	February		[[363	(D
	March	4,640		924	
	April	5,200] 2,130]	3,240) C
	May	2,800	976	1,810	{ A
	June	976	508	722	A
	July	486	231	330	A
	August	231	92	144) A
	September		42	90	A
	October	156	70]	108	A
	November	185	[70 [132	A
	December	154]]	86	B
1918	January		[[42	D
	February	1		34	D
	March	812	1 1	377) B
	April	754	323	401	[A
	May	812	296	472	
	June	603	296	468	A
	July	365	182	277	ABDCDDCAAAAAABDDBAAAAAB
	August	289	164	218	B

Maximum gage-heights, 14.0 feet April 4, 1917; 3.1 feet March 30, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 19.9 feet (30.1 on Front Street gage) April 6, 1916. Minimum gage-heights, 2.5 feet November 15, 1916; 1.2 feet September 15, 1917; 1.0 feet February 11, 1918; 1.5 feet July 26, 1918; minimum ever recorded, 5.7 feet on Front Street gage November 1, 1910.

RED LAKE RIVER AT CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

The Red Lake River is the principal tributary of the Red River, and its average flow is very nearly equal to that of the Red River itself above the confluence with the Red Lake River; hence it is an important factor in the behaviour of the lower Red River. The gaging station on the Red Lake River at Crookston, Minnesota, was established May 19,

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.							
Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge				
$\begin{array}{c} 10-9-1916\\ 12-28-1916\\ 1-6-1917\\ 2-12-1917\\ 3-17-1917\\ 4-2-1917\\ 7-9-1917\\ 7-9-1917\\ 10-18-1917\\ 10-18-1917\\ 11-17-1917\\ 12-22-1917\\ 2-18-1918\\ 4-13-1918\\ 4-13-1918\\ 7-12-1918\end{array}$	E. F. Chandler T. M. Wardwell T. M. Wardwell T. M. Wardwell T. M. Wardwell T. M. Wardwell E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler H. A. Noble H. A. Noble E. F. Chandler H. A. Noble E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler H. A. Noble	$\begin{array}{c} 5.40^{*} \\ 5.11^{*} \\ 5.90^{*} \\ 10.50 \\ 4.07 \\ 3.22 \\ 3.20 \\ 3.20 \\ 3.43^{*} \\ 3.56^{*} \\ 4.19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,220\\ 620\\ 419\\ 377\\ 450\\ 3,050\\ 647\\ 304\\ 310\\ 381\\ 98\\ 62\\ 671\\ 440\\ \end{array}$				

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.

*Frozen; mean thickness of ice, 0.7 to 1.6 feet at different times of measurement.

MONTHLY DISCHARGE	OF	RED	LAKE	RIVER	AT.	CROOKSTON.	MINNE-
			SOTA.			,	

	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	June			3,170	D
	July			2,790	DDACABCCCCBAAAACBBEEEDBAADB
	August	2,210	1,040	1,470) A
	September	2,280]]	1,620) C
	October	1,380	[865 [1,090	[A
	November	1,440		871] B
	December		•••••	621	C
1917	January]	387	C
	February		} }	430	C
	March	121222		772	C
	April	5,320	2,280	3,400) B
	May	1,880	1,050	1,440	A
	June	1,050	740	880	A
	July]	740	353	644	A
	August	346	78 [274	A
	September]	239	95]	160	C
	October[310	242 (270	[B
	November	342	245	288) B
	December			196	E
1918	January		••••••	128	E
	February			91	[E
	March	1,500	150 [671	D
	April	1,760	242	666	B
	May	910	500	747	A
	June[1,050	440	733	A
	July]			392	D
	August	460	292	377	B

Maximum gage-heights, 11.9 feet April 11, 1917; 6.2 feet April 1, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 25.2 feet April 11, 1897. Minimum gage-heights, 3.3 feet November 15, 1916; 2.4 feet August 30, 1917; 3.0 feet April 8, 1918; minimum ever recorded, 2.2 feet October 9, 1911.

1901. The drainage area above Crookston is 5,320 square miles, and there are no considerable tributaries between this point and the mouth of the

river at Grand Forks, so that almost the entire discharge is shown here.

An automatic gage is maintained at this point which secures a continuous record of the hourly variations of flow.

The tables of discharge are based on the measurements in the list below and a hundred and eight measurements in the sixteen preceding years. Except during a few short interruptions, they have excellent accuracy through the open season and fair through the winter, although by the operation of the power plants above the gage there are sometimes abrupt variations in flow which cause some unimportant inconsistencies or discrepancies.

THIEF RIVER NEAR THEIR RIVER FALLS, MINNESOTA.

The gaging station on the Thief River was established July 1, 1909. It is located about six miles above the confluence with the Red Lake River at Thief River Falls of the Thief River, which is one of the two most important tributaries of the Red Lake River, and is a typical source of occasional spring floods. The drainage area above the station is 1,010 square miles. On account of lack of funds, observations at this station were discontinued September 30, 1917.

The tables of discharge are based on the measurements in the list below and on thirty-five measurements made in the previous eight years, and are excellent in accuracy except during the winter (when however the total discharge is very small and during a few days of the early spring break-up when the effect of the ice in raising the gage-height during the first of the flood is not readily determinable.

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{9-8-1916}\\ \textbf{12-30-1916}\\ \textbf{2-10-1917}\\ \textbf{3-17-1917}\\ \textbf{4-6-1917}\\ \textbf{6-19-1917}\\ \textbf{9-6-1917} \end{array}$	E. F. Chandler T. M. Wardwell L. B. Dale T. M. Wardwell E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler	$\begin{array}{c} 6.13 \\ 4.68* \\ 3.54* \\ 4.05* \\ 9.77 \\ 4.61 \\ 3.81 \end{array}$	405 1.5 1.4 0.7 845 32 1.6

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.

*Frozen; ice thickness from 1.2 feet to 1.5 feet at different times of measurement.

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF THIEF RIVER NEAR THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	September	710	70	372	A
	October	308	86 (160	A. B
	November	187	23	109	B
	December	26	3	13	D
1917	January			5	E
	February			š	ñ
	March			- - -	ก
	April	2,550	32	831	
•	May	322	37	122	
	June	52	15	33	A
		40	19		A
				19	A
	August	6	0.5	2.1	{ C
	Sentember	9	0.7	3.4	C

Maximum gage-heights, 7.2 feet September 14, 1916; 12.6 feet April 11, 1917; maximum ever recorded, 14.5 feet April 23, 1916. Minimum gage-heights, 4.6 feet November 27, 1916; 3.4 feet March 20, 1917; 3.6 feet August 25, 1917; minimum ever recorded (in open season) 3.5 feet August 2, 1911.

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MOUSE RIVER AT MINOT, N. D.

The gaging station on the Mouse River at Minot, N. D. was established May 5, 1903. The drainage area above this point is 8,400 square miles, of which three-fourths is in Canada and one-fourth in North Dakota. The gage is located directly north of the Great Northern roundhouse, so that the gage-heights refer to the water level of the river at that point, which is the same as at the Great Northern Railway bridge.

The tables of discharge, based on the measurements in the list below and on fifty-eight measurements made during the previous fourteen years, are fairly accurate for all seasons.

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
$\begin{array}{r} 9- \ 5-1916\\ 12-28-1916\\ 4-21-1917\\ 7-16-1917\\ 4- \ 7-1918\\ 4-20-1918\\ 8- \ 9-1918 \end{array}$	E. F. Chandler L. B. Dale E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler	$\begin{array}{r} 4.59\\ 4.39\\ 9.08\\ 4.66\\ 6.27\\ 5.67\\ 3.95\end{array}$	23 7.5 901 39 278 149 1.6

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF MOUSE RIVER AT MINOT, N. D.

	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	September	33	23	26 · 25 32	в
	October	29	23	25	BCCDDDDBBBBCCDCCCCCDBBBBCC
	November		}}	32) <u>C</u>
	December			22	D
1917	January		· · · · · · · ·	12	D D
	February	•••••		5.4	D
	March			74	L D
	April	1,280	452	912	B
	May	1,250	253	801	В
	June	253	113	196	B
	July	113	24	64	C
	August	24] 0.8]	13) C
	September	[0.8]	[0.3[0.5	D
	October			5.4	C
	November			33	C C
	December	•••••	} }	. 16	C
1918	January	1		4.3	C
	February			9	C
	March	(.	[[281	(D
	April	750) 99)	251	B
	May	317	4	100	В
	June	67	3	20	В
	July	6	1.6	3.6) C
	August	8	2.4	4.8	Č

Maximum gage-heights, 11.4 feet April 29, 1917; 8.5 feet March 30, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 21.9 feet April 20, 1904. Minimum gage-heights, 4.6 feet October 15, 1916; 4.1 feet February 10, 1917; 3.0 feet September 28, 1917; 4.0 feet July 20, 1918.

GRAND RIVER (NORTH BRANCH) AT HALEY, N. D.

The gaging station on the North Branch of the Grand River at Haley, N. D. was established May 11, 1908. The drainage area above this point is 500 square miles. The tables of discharge are based on the measurement listed below and sixty-six measurements made in the previous nine years, but are only approximate during most of the season, because of the lack of discharge measurements so that minor changes in the channel conditions have not been determined recently, and because gage observations are usually made only twice each week.

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge	
8-23-1917	E. F. Chandler	0.86	0.2	

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF GRAND RIVER (NORTH BRANCH) AT HALEY, NORTH DAKOTA.

	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	August	11	1.3	3.3	
	September October			$1.3 \\ 1.3$	L D
	November			0.9	Ē
	December			0.6	E
1917	January	l		0.4	E
	February March			0.3	
	April	602		164	ď
	May	22	3	10	C C
	June July	22 0.6	0	4.3	L R
	July August	0.6	0.2	0.3	5
	September			0.2	D
	October November	•••••		0.2	D
	December		••••••	0.4 0.4	10
1918	January			0.3	Ë
	February			0.6	E
•	March	922		220 36	l g
	May	3.3		1.2	łŭ
	June	3.3	Ō	0.8	D
	July	2.3	0.2	1.6	000008889000000008888900
	August	2,260	0.9	107	<u> </u>

Maximum gage-heights, 6.2 feet April 5, 1917; 8.2 feet March 18, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 9.8 feet June 13, 1915. Minimum gage-heights, 1.0 feet October 10, 1918; 0.8 feet Sentember 14

Minimum gage-heights, 1.0 feet October 10, 1916; 0.8 feet September 14, 1917; 0.7 feet June 21, 1918; minimum ever recorded, 0.5 feet September 5, 1912.

CANNON BALL RIVER NEAR STEVENSON, N. D.

The gaging station on the Cannon Ball River was established June 10, 1903, at the post office of Stevenson, which was at that time located about thirty miles above the mouth of the Cannon Ball River and four miles above the mouth of Dogtooth Creek, at a point four miles south of the present postoffice and railway station, Timmer, N. D. Because of lack of available observer, the station was discontinued two years, and was re-established August 9, 1911, about a mile upstream from the original location, at M. H. Burdick's ranch. In August 1915 the station was transferred back to the original location at the old Stevenson ranch, now occupied by F. H. Bingenheimer. The datum planes of the gages at the two locations are so related that readings on the gage at Burdick's (used 1911 to 1915) are numerically approximately 10 feet more than gage readings at the original and present location. The drainage area above this point is 3,650 square miles.

The tables of discharge, based on the measurements in the list below and sixty-five measurements in previous years, are fairly accurate except during the winter and first few days of the spring break-up. At such times, because the effect of the ice has not been definitely measured, the figures are scarcely better than estimates.

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{9-21-1916}\\ \textbf{10-24-1916}\\ \textbf{4-12-1917}\\ \textbf{6-22-1917}\\ \textbf{6-22-1917}\\ \textbf{7-25-1917}\\ \textbf{7-25-1917}\\ \textbf{7-25-1917}\\ \textbf{10-31-1917}\\ \textbf{4-2-1918}\\ \textbf{5-31-1918}\\ \textbf{6-26-1918}\\ \textbf{8-30-1918}\\ \textbf{8-30-1918} \end{array}$	E. F. Chandler T. M. Wardwell L. B. Dale A. Hulteng E. F. Chandler E. F. Chandler H. A. Noble A. Hulteng A. Hulteng A. Hulteng E. F. Chandler	2,90 6,458 3,58 3,29 2,76 2,60 2,71 4,40 3,49 3,01	$13 \\ 13 \\ 1,490 \\ 92 \\ 71 \\ 7.4 \\ 2.9 \\ 4.5 \\ 329 \\ 121 \\ 44 \\ 1.5 \\ $

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF CANNON BALL RIVER NEAR STEVENSON, NORTH DAKOTA.

	Month	Maximum	Minimum (Mean	Accuracy
1916	September	240	8	27	A
	October] 14	8	10	ABDEEEECBBBCCBAEEECDBDCC
	November			21	D
	December	•••••		13 10	
1917	January			10	
	February			10 65	E
	March			65	(E
	April		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	974) <u>c</u>
•	May	302	71	134	ੇ ਸ
	June	134	47 (73	L E
	July	47	4 2 2	18	l Ř
	August	8		2.8	
	September	23	1.5	3.5	i c
			1.0	2.5	В
		14	อ	8.4	A
•	December		•••••	6 5	L L
	January February			0	1 <u>1</u>
	March		ιι	20	L E
		3,500	•••••	932	
	April	147	1	216	l H
			34	69	l E
	June		i i	39	L N
	July	23	53	11	
	August	23	3	Y	I C

Maximum gage-heights, 9.4 feet April 5, 1917; 10.5 feet March 18, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 11.2 feet March 18, 1916. Minimum gage-heights, 2.8 feet October 11, 1916; 2.4 feet October 8, 1917; minimum ever recorded, 1.4 feet October 23, 1907.

HEART RIVER NEAR RICHARDTON, N. D.

The gaging station on the Heart River was established May 18, 1903, and was located at the steel highway bridge ten miles south of Richardton, N. D. On September 4, 1911, it was transferred one mile downstream, and the gage-datum was changed so as to add approximately 20 feet to all gage-readings; thus a reading of 25 feet on the present gage indicates approximately 5 feet on the original gage. The drainage area above this point is 1,250 square miles.

The tables of discharge, based on the measurements in the list below and on forty-six measurements in the thirteen preceding years, are only approximate through most of the season, for the reason that slight changes in the relation between gage-height and discharge have frequently been caused by the construction of many small beaver dams in the river near the station, and the measurements of discharge have not been made often enough to fix completely all the corrections due on this account.

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.'

Date	. Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
5-16-1916 9- 3-1916	H. Robinson E. F. Chandler	25.40 24.97	60 4.6
3-30-1917 7-16-1917 8-28-1917	V. H. Sprague V. H. Sprague E. F. Chandler	24.98	1,560 7.7
4-11-1918 8-28-1918	E. F. Chandler L. B. Dale E. F. Chandler	25.39	0.4 37 88

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF HEART RIVER NEAR RICHARDTON, N. D.

	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy
1916	May June	256	45 17	97	
	June July	1,070 138	11 11 12	127 51	L C
	August	55	2 0.6	7.3	ก็
	September	24	4	14	กั
	October	28	17	14 22	ī Č
	November	20		12	Č
	December			7.5	Ē
1917	January	•••••	•••••	4.9	E
	February	•••••	•••••	2.9	E
	March	121222	••••	222	D
	April May	1,850	256	814	B
	June	226 65	41	86 35 11	C
	July	28	2.5	30	
	August	2.5	2.0	0.9	ç
	September	2.0	0.6	0.9	L C
	October	4.5	0.8	2.7	, N
	November	2.5 4.5 8.5	2.5	5.2	ž
	December			2.7	ň
1918	January			1.6	ъ
	February			9.1	กั
	March	1,700	17	441	กั
	April	390	24	75	Ē
	May	36	11 (19 (Ď
	June	45	2	17	D
	July	14	11 2 2 3	6	Ď
	August	2,090	3]	222	С

Maximum gage-heights, 33.7 feet April 1, 1917; 33.2 feet March 20, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 45.9 feet June 10, 1906. Minimum gage-heights, 24.6 feet August 21, 1916; 24.9 feet August 2, 1917; minimum ever recorded, 23.3 feet August 2, 1911.

KNIFE RIVER NEAR BRONCHO, N. D.

The gaging station on the Knife River is about twenty miles north of Hebron, N. D., in Section 4, Township 142, Range 90, at the ranch of C. D. Smith, the former location of Broncho post-office. The drainage area above the station is 1,260 square miles.

The tables of discharge, based on the measurements in the list below and forty-one measurements made in the fourteen previous years, are only fair in accuracy because the number of discharge measurements in recent years has been too few to define accurately the ordinary changes in channel and station conditions; and the figures for winter are merely estimates.

Date	Name of Hydrographer	Gage-height	Discharge
9- 1-1916	E. F. Chandler	3.49	8.8
3-31-1917	V. H. Sprague		1,590
7-16-1917	V. H. Sprague		10
4-12-1918	L. B. Dale		26
8-28-1918	E. F. Chandler		123

NONTHIN DISCHARCE OF KNIEF DIVED NEAD

MEASUREMENTS OF DISCHARGE.

MONTHLY DISCHARGE OF KNIFE RIVER NEAR BRONGHO, N. D.						
	Month	Maximum	Minimum	Mean	Accuracy	
1916	August September October November	$\begin{vmatrix} 11\\ 21\\ \end{vmatrix}$	7 7 11 	14 8 17 12	BCCD	
1917	December January February March April May June July August September October	1,480 1,320 124 47 21 11	$ \begin{array}{c} $	9 5 4 138 539 45 30 11 6 4 9		
1918	November December January February March April May June June July August	$ \begin{array}{c} 2,800 \\ 374 \\ 54 \\ 27 \\ 260 \end{array} $	 27 16 7 4 7	11 5 10 582 95 21 17 26 737	し い 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日	

Maximum gage-heights, 16.0 feet March 31, 1917; 15.8 feet March 18, 1918; maximum ever recorded, 24.0 feet June 26, 1914. Minimum gage-heights, 3.4 feet September 25, 1916; 3.3 feet September 15, 1917; minimum ever recorded, 3.1 feet September 18, 1908.

LONG RECORDS

Complete records through the entire year have now been maintained at a number of the stations in the Red River Valley through a long enough period so that definite statements are permissible concerning the normal or average run-off for a term of years. In particular, the station on the R^{-3} River at Grand Forks should be mentioned because its record runs through thirty-six consecutive years; there are very few rivers in the United States for which as long records as this are available.

The average annual rainfall for the Red River Valley is about 25 inches at the eastern margin and 17 inches at the western, or 21 inches for the area as a whole; but in extremely wet or dry years the surplus or

TOT	AL AN	NUAL I	RUN-O	FF IN	INCHE	S FROM	THE	DRAIN	AGE A	REA
Үеаг	Red River Grand Forks North Daokta	Red River Fargo North Daokta	Ottertail River Fergus Falls Minnesota	Wild Rice River Twin Valley Minnesota	Red Lake River Crookston Minnesota	Clearwater River Red Lake Falls Minnesota	Thief River Thief River Falls Minnesota	Sheyenne River Fargo North Daokta	Pembina River Neche North Daokta	Mouse River Minot North Daokta
1882 1883 1884 1885 1885 1886 1887 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1895 1895 1896 1897 1890 1900 1901 1902 1906 1907 1910 1911 1912 1915 1916 1917	$\left \begin{array}{c}3.1\\3.1\\1.2\\1.6\\1.6\\1.6\\0.7\\0.9\\1.9\\1.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.9\\1.2\\0.0\\0.8\\1.6\\0.0\\0.8\\1.6\\0.1\\0.6\\1.6\\0.1\\0.6\\1.2\\0.0\\0.8\\0.0\\0.8\\0.0\\0.8\\0.0\\0.8\\0.0\\0.8\\0.0\\0.0$	 	2.1 2.6 3.29 5.3 6.7 4.9 3.9 2.1 1.4 1.9 3.9 2.1 1.4 1.9 3.9 2.1 1.4 1.9 3.9 3.9 2.1	6.5° 2.5 1.5 1.7 2.8 4.1 5.8 1.8	4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 3.5 4.0 3.4 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.8 2.6 5.2 1.9		3.4* 2.7 0.1 0.1 1.0 1.0 2.2 4.8 1.2	0.6 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4	8.1 3.1 1.0 0.7 1.1 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.1 1.1 0.3 0.1	0.33 1.54 0.22 0.13 0.23 0.19 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23 0.23
Mean *Ea	1.5	1.6 for par	8.6	3.2	3.3	2.8	1.8	0.5	0.8	0.31
190	~~	i ior par	ir or he	ar.						

deficiency in certain sections of the area has sometimes been nearly or quite ten inches. Of this 21 inches, only a very small fraction ever reaches the river, from five to six inches to less than one inch on the different tributaries in different years, and the thirty-six year average for the Red River at Grand Forks is only one and one-half inches.

The table following shows the total number of inches of water from its drainage area that has reached each river station during each year of record, and illustrates clearly the great variation from one year to another. Wet years and dry years are seen, or cycles of them; but (contrary to the superstition often popularly accepted) there is not evident any considerable systematic increase or diminution in the long period average stream flow from decade to decade.

This table and the table of average flows for the entire period of record, were computed by the writer from the records of the Geological Survey for an article on "The Floods of the Red River Valley" which treats the topic in more detail; this was published in the Quarterly Journal of the University of North Dakota, Vol. 8, page 207 (April 1918) and copies can be supplied by the writer to anyone interested.

AVERAGE FLOW FOR WHOLE TERM OF RECORD

River and location of gaging station, drainage area in square miles, length of record, average flow in second-feet, and maximum and minimum records of flow within the period.

Red River at Grand Forks, N. D., drainage area 25,000 square miles; records Marck 30, 1882 to January 1, 1918. Average flow 2,800; maximum recorded, 43,000, April 10, 1897; minimum, 100, Feb. 10, 1912.

Red River at Fargo, N. D., drainage area 6,020 square miles; records May 27, 1901 to Jan. 1, 1918. Average flow 720; maximum recorded, 7,720 July 11, 1916; minimum, 36, Nov. 1, 1910.

Ottertail River near Fergus Falls, Minn., drainage area 1,310 square miles; records May 1, 1899 to Oct. 1, 1916. Average flow, 330; maximum recorded, 1,020, July 2, 1906; minimum, 16, Sept. 30, 1910.

Wild Rice River at Twin Valley, Minn., drainage area 805 square miles; records June 30, 1909 to Oct. 1, 1917. Average flow, 190; maximum recorded, 9,200, July 20, 1909; minimum, 10, Feb. 5, 1912.

Red Lake River at Crookston, Minn., drainage area 5,320 square miles; records May 19, 1901 to Jan. 1, 1918. Average flow, 1,300; maximum recorded, 14,400, April 17, 1916; minimum, 10, Jan. 27, 1912.

Clearwater River at Red Lake Falls, Minn., drainage area 1,310 square miles; records, June 18, 1909 to Oct. 1, 1917. Average flow, 270; maximum recorded, 3,990, April 15, 1916; minimum, 20, July 4, 1911.

Thief River near Thief River Falls, Minn., drainage area 1,010 square miles; records, July 1, 1909 to Oct. 1, 1917. Average flow, 140; maximum recorded, 4,080, April 23, 1916; minimum, 0, Dec. to Feb. 1910-11.

Sheyenne River near Fargo, N. D., drainage area, 5,400 square miles; records, March 22, 1902 to July 1, 1907. Average flow, 220; maximum recorded, 1,950, April 27, 1904; minimum, 19, Aug. 17, 1903. Pembina river at Neche, N. D., drainage area, 2,940 square miles; records April 29, 1903 to Oct. 1, 1915. Average flow, 180; maximum recorded, 3,870, May 2, 1904; minimum, 1, Sept. 15, 1911.

Mouse River at Minot, N. D., drainage area, 8,400 square miles; records May 5, 1903 to Jan. 1, 1918. Average flow, 190; maximum recorded, 12,000, April 20, 1904; minimum, 0.1, Feb. 28, 1913.

NORTH DAKOTA LIGNITE COAL MINES BIENNIAL PERIOD 1916-1917

NAMES OF MINES PRODUCING. 1000 Tons Per Year or More.

No.	Name of Mine	Years
	ADAMS COUNTY	
1. 2. 345. 9.	Clermont Coal Mine Haynes Coal Mine Hettinger Electric Light and Power Co., Coal Mine Leff Coal Mine Pearl Butte Coal Mine Pinkham Coal Mine Stephenson and Gunderson Coal Mine	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916 1917 1917 1916
	BILLINGS COUNTY	
12. 13.	High Grade Coal Mines Red Trail Coal Mine	1916-1917 1917
	BOWMAN COUNTY	
14. 15.	Bowman Coal Mine Johnson Fuel Co., Coal Mine	1916-1917 1916-1917
	BURKE COUNTY	
18. 20. 21.	Fenster Coal Mine Kielbock Coal Mine Makee Coal Mine BURLEIGH COUNTY	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916
22. 23. 24.	Meade and Sims Coal Mine Souther Coal Mine Sunlight Coal Mine	1917 1916-1917 1916-1917
	BURLEIGH COUNTY	
26. 30. 31. 32.	Asplund Coal Mine Lind Coal Mine Peterson Coal Mine Wilton Coal Mine	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917
	DIVIDE COUNTY	
33. 34. 35. 37.	Dougherty Coal Mine Hought Coal Mine Lorbeski Coal Mine Truax Coal Mine	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917
	DUNN COUNTY	
43. 44. 46.	Hy Grade Coal Mine Paulson Coal Mine Sloan Coal Mine	1916-1917
	GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	ſ
50.	Grimm Coal Mine	1917
	GRANT COUNTY	
53. 54.	Black Diamond Coal Mine Coffin Butte Coal Mine	1916-1917 1916-1917

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

 No.	Name of Mine	Years
<u> </u>		
60. 61. 63. 65. 66. 68. 70. 71. 72.	Albrecht Coal Mine Arnold Coal Mine Culver Coal Mine Havelock Coal Mine Kallis Coal Mine Merry Coal Mine Rumph Coal Mine Sadler Coal Mine Square Deal Coal Mine	1917 1916-1917 1916 1917 1916 1916-1917 1917 1916-1917
12.	McLEAN COUNTY	
75. 77. 78. 80. 81. 82. 85. 86.	Bitumina Coal Mine Elm Point Coal Mine Fjelddal Coal Mine Fredrich Coal Mine Garrison Coal Mine Hansen Coal Mine Johnson Coal Mine Rupp Coal Mine Seibel Coal Mine	1916-1917 1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1917 1917 1917
	MERCER COUNTY	
88. 95. 97. 98. 101. 103. 104.	Beulah Coal Mine Dilger Coal Mine Kesler Coal Mine Lucky Strike Coal Mine Reichengberg Coal Mine Standard Coal Mine Schmidt Coal Mine	1917 1917 1917 1917 1917 1916-1917 1916 1916
	MORTON COUNTY	
105. 107. 108. 110. 111. 113. 116. 117. 119. 120.	Coopenhaver Coa lMine Garfield Coal Mine Harnish Coal Mine Hebron Coal Mine Knutson Coal Mine Kramer Coal Mine New Salem Coal Mine North Star Coal Mine Pleasant Ridge Coal Mine Ramsland Coal Mine	
	MOUNTRAIL COUNTY	
124. 128.	Hoppe Coal Mine	1917 1917
	OLIVER COUNTY	
130. 131. 132.	Meyhoff Coal Mine Pleasant Valley Coal Mine Spring Valley Coal Mine	1916 1916-1917 1917
	STARK COUNTY	
140. 142. 143. 144. 145.	Lehigh Coal Mine North Star Coal Mine Pittsburg Coal Mine St. Mary's Coal Mine Zenith Coal Mine	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917
	WARD COUNTY)
147. 148. 149. 150. 151.	Burlington City Coal Mine Coflisch Coal Mine Clark Coal Mine Colton Coal Mine Conan Coal Mine	1917

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REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 160. 161. 164. 165. 166. 166. 167. 170. 175. 176.	Crosby Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Dakota Coal Mine Farmers' Coal Mine Foxhoim Coal Mine Hunnewell Coal Mine Johnson Coal Mine Leeson No. 1 Coal Mine Loyd Coal Mine Mellon Coal Mine Mational Coal Mine Wallace-Coal Mine Wood Coal Mine	$\begin{array}{c} 1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916\\ 1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ 1916-1917\\ \end{array}$
	WILLIAMS COUNTY	
178. 179. 182. 184. 190. 191. 194. 194. 197. 199. Total Total	Black Beauty Coal Mine Bryne Coal Mine Bryne Coal Mine Ellithorpe Coal Mine Falk Coal Mine Head Coal Mine Husebye Coal Mine Lovejoy Coal Mine Narveson Coal Mine Narveson Coal Mine Reclamation Service Coal Mine number for 1916.	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916

NORTH DAKOTA LIGNITE COAL MINE REPORT 1916-1917

The sixth biennial inspection of coal mines was made during the winter of 1917-1918 by Mr. Harris Robinson, assistant state engineer. Part of the data presented in this report was compiled by Mr. Robinson prior to his enlisting in the U.S. Army in June of 1918.

The production of lignite during the year 1917 shows a considerable increase over that of the previous year. The following comparative table giving the production for the past ten years will be of interest:

Calendar Years	No. of Mines	Production	Annual Increase	Annual Percentage Of Increase
1908*	65	320,742		1
1909	103	372.570	51.828	16.15
1910*	84	416,580	44.010	11.81
1911	100	486,842	70.262	16.86
1912+	82	501,827	14,985	3.09
1913	109	514,632	12,805	2.41
1914*	128	569,869	55,237	10.72
1915	137	586,116	16.247	2.86
1916*	140	680,101	93,985	16.03
1917	196	885,473	205,372	30.20

*Data collected by blanks sent to mine owners and operators. Inspection of coal mines has in the past been made once every two years, as provided by law. However, the state engineer believes that such inspection should be made annually and it is expected that arrangements

which will permit of this will be completed in time to provide such annual inspection beginning with the present year, 1918.

It has seemed advisable thus far to list all mines producing coal, irrespective of the amount of their output. In the first place, in a comparatively new state the mere fact that coal is available at certain places may constitute valuable information. In the second place, the small mines may between seasons develop into fair sized producers and it is considered necessary to keep a record of them. And in the third place, the small mines need inspection more than the larger ones, as the data on file in the office shows that more fatalities occur in two or three men mines than in larger ones. However, it is believed that much detail information can be eliminated, and subsequent reports will contain detail information concerning only those mines with an annual output in excess of 1000 tons.

LABOR

During 1916 and 1917 wages for miners generaly increased from 10 to 25%. In most instances this increase was accomplished without any particular disturbances, although at several mines short strikes were staged. At practically all of the mines labor shortage during 1917 was a source of complaint.

1916

Reports covering 140 mines were obtained for the year 1916. Thirtyone of these mines were strip pits and 109 were underground mines. The average number of men employed by the mining industry for the year was 791, the average for the six winter months being 1,106 and for the summer months 476. Of the 1,106 men employed during the winter months 756 were classified as miners and 350 as employees other than miners. The 476 men employed during the summer months consisted of 279 miners and 197 others.

The average daily tonnage based on total men days amount to 3.35 per man employed. Seventy-three of the mines listed had an annual output of 1000 tons or more.

There occurred one fatal accident during the year, and 38 non-fatal accidents. In terms of men employed this amounts to 1.26 fatalities per 1000, or in terms of tonnage 0.15 fatalities per 100,000 tons production. The non-fatal accidents in the same terms respectively are 48.04 per 1000 men or 5.58 per 100,000 tons production.

The production of coal totaled 680,101 short tons, of which 427,688 tons were shipped. The average selling price for the year at the mines was \$1.71.

1917

During 1917, 196 mines were in operation, 171 of which were inspected during the winter of 1917-1918, and information concerning 25, mostly strip pits, was secured by detailed reports. Of these mines 52 were strip pits and 144 underground mines. The average number of men employed amounted to 1,187, 1,522 during the six winter months and 822 during the summer months. An average of 1,003 miners were at work during the winter, and 549 employees other than miners. During the summer months 425 miners were employed, together with 397 others. The average daily output per man employed was 3.22 tons, based on total tonnage and total man days. Ninety-four of the mines had an annual production of 1000 tons or more.

There were five fatal and 46 non-fatal accidents during the year. In terms of men enployed this amounts to 4.21 fatalities per 1000, or in terms of tonnage, 0.56 fatalities per 100,000 tons production. The non-fatal accidents amount to 38.75 per 1000 men, or 5.19 per 100,000 tons production.

The production of coal for the year amounted to 885,473 tons, of which 607,240 tons were shipped. The average selling price at the mines was \$1.93 per ton.

Table showing tonnage sold locally and shipped:

	YEAR	Fons Sold Locally	Tons Shipped
1913		162,531	352,101
1914		185,332	384,537
1915		219,785	336,331
1916		252,413	427,688
1917		278,233	607,240

ACCIDENTS

Accurate information relative to accidents is difficult to secure, many mine operators failing to keep any reliable record whatever. The value of the excellent records kept by other operators is to some extent nullified for purposes of arriving at averages by this fact. However, the department feels that the information included in this report is in all instances fairly accurate and, in the case of some of the mines listed, is absolutely accurate in every detail. The records of the Wilton mine are exceptionally well kept.

Accidents are classified as fatal and non-fatal. No attempt has been made to subclassify the non-fatal accidents, serious and minor accidents being listed under the one head.

				-			
Year	Average No. men employed	No. of fatal accidents	Fatal accidents per 1000 men	No. of non-fatal accidents	Non-fatal accidents per 1000 men	No. of fatal accidents per 100,000 tons coal	No. of non-fatal accidents per 100,000 tons coal
1912 1913 1914 1915 1917	598 605 762 730 791 1187	0 7 1 1 5	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0\\ 11.57\\ 2.62\\ 1.17\\ 1.26\\ 4.21 \end{array}$	15 35 26 14 38 46	25.08 57.85 24.12 19.17 48.04 38.75	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0 \\ 1.62 \\ 0.35 \\ 0.17 \\ 0.15 \\ 0.56 \end{array}$	2.99 8.12 4.57 2.39 5.58 5.19

Table showing accidents per 1000 men and per 100,000 tons production :

FATALITIES 1916

The only fatality reported for 1916 occurred at the Lehigh Coal Mine where Martin Bjorkman of Boyceville, Wisconsin, occupied as a driver, was killed December 12, 1916. Bjorkman pulled out a load apparently out of turn and met another driver. He jumped on to the wrong side of a loaded car and was crushed.

FATALITIES 1917

William Schwan was killed March 3, 1917 by a fall of coal. The accident occurred while he was pulling roof and was due to a lack of proper timbering back of the work.

John George, killed in the Wilton Coal Mine August 17, 1917, met his death when he attempted to jump on the cage after it started up and got caught between the cage and the shaft timbers.

Joe Wiercinski was killed in the Wilton Mine by a fall of coal. The accident occurred on December 11, 1917.

Carl Reider was killed at the Davis Mine in October, 1917. He had placed two shots and went back to the face thinking both shots had fired. One, however, was delayed and on his return he was caught by the blast of this one.

Jake Setzler was killed at the Husebye Mine October 8, 1917. Setzler was operating the hoist and unloading cars. He had lowered the cage, and failing to remember this, he shoved an empty car over into the shaft and fell with it.

Tabulated information of fatal and non-fatal accidents are shown at the conclusion of the tabulated coal mine information and just before the individual descriptions of mines.

EXPLANATORY

Information concerning coal mines for the biennial period closing December 31, 1917, is presented in tabulated form with short descriptions of each mine. The mines are listed according to counties, both the counties and the names of the mines being arranged in alphabetical order. Each mine is given a number, which is used throughout the tables and the individual descriptions, and will be found convenient for ready reference.

The directory gives the name of the owner, the lessee, the postoffice address and the location of the mine.

Table No. 1 gives the name of the superintendent, the kind of opening, method of ventilation, method of lighting, the years operated and the date of inspection.

Table No. 2 shows the depth of the coal, the thickness of the coal bed and the thickness of the coal mined, system of mining, method of mining and means of delivering the coal at the surface.

Table No. 3 shows the number of days operated during the past two years, the average number of days worked each month and the average number of miners employed, the average daily production, average number of men other than miners and the average price paid the miners, together with average day wages.

Table No. 4 shows the dimensions of the mine entries and rooms.

Table No. 5 shows the kind of roof and floor found in the mines, how they are drained, the kind of timber used in them and its approximate cost.

Table No. 6 gives information concerning the track and the mine cars, the explosives used and method of ignition; also the distance of the mine from the shipping station and the name of the railroad.

Table No. 7 gives information concerning the production, the selling price at the mine and the total value for both 1916 and 1917.

Following the tables will be found, in tabulated form, the information listed below:

Production by counties.

A list of mines that shipped coal.

Fatal accidents in 1916 and 1917.

Non-fatal accidents in 1916 and 1917.

Following the tabulated information will be found individual descriptions of the mines. Page <u>55</u> is a blank page in the original report.

	ltge.	5	† ñ	265 875	75 78 76 76	86	94 94		102	102	11.2		102	100		86 86 85	i i i	20	2 Z	I.S	
	Location	129	129	130	130	130	129		140	011	140	•	132	131		162	162	162	164	162	162
	Sec.	æ	8 (K 1)	23	20 C 3	10	15 11		26	26	22		77	21		28,	-1-;	20	32	202	35
NORTH DAKOTA ('OAL MINES Adams county	Address Subdivision	HaynesW M NW14	Huynes NR ¹ , SEK & NWA SWA	Hettinger SN1, NEW & NEW SEVA	Hettinger SEX NEX	ReederNW14	Haynes		MedoraNW4	Medora SW4	Medora	~		ScrantonSW14		Stampede		snqunlor	Columbus	Large	Lignite
OF NORTH DAKOT ADAMS COUNTY	l.essee				Clarence Holdridge	Reeder Coal Cu Reeder		BILLINGS COUNTY	H. G. Kinmark		-	BOWMAN COUNTY	J. C. Palmer		BURKE COUNTY		Wagner & Hoffner.		Chas, Tauber		H. Zimdars & J. Hall Lignite
DIRECTORY OF	Name of Mine ()wner	Clermont Coal Mine Clermont Coal Co	Mine Haynes Co- Mining C etric Light Heltinger	and Power Co. Coal Light & Power Co. Mine	Pearl Butter (val Mirter, Vaul W. Buchmerner) Minnehaba (val Mirter, Johrew Jopson, P. Pinkham Coul Mirter, Johrew Jopson, Johrem Jopson, Johrem Pearler, Pinkham	Reeder - Coal Mine National Briqueting	Stephensen and Gunder-steinleensen and Gun- sou Coal Mine		De Mores Coal Mine N. P. Refrigerator Car H. G. Kinmark	High Grade Coal Mine. High Grade Lignite			Bowman Ceal Mine			a [0, B.			Estate	Souther Coal Mine I. Souther	Hall Coal
	No.		×		2.92		ч. 10.		Ξ.	12.	13.		14.			16. 17.	2 <u>-</u>	2.5 		1812 1812	.

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REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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BURLEIGH COUNTY	Coal Mine n Coal Mine Coal Mine 1 Coal Mine aal Mine	22. WILTON COAL MAINE Washburn Lignite Wilton	DIVIDE COUNTY	 Bougherty Coal Mine Mr. Dougherty Chas. Alton NoonanNEW NWW Hought Coal Mine	DUNN COUNTY	Ccal MineAnton ArmbernMineJohn BangMineTom BlechaMineW. A. Gonye	, Heiser Coal Mine Everett iteal Estate Hy Grade Coal Mine Paulson	46. Sloan Cail Mine	GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	48. Corliss Coal Mine I. J. Corliss NW% SEW 49. Cusick Coal Mine J. Cusick Sentinel Butte Sentinel Butte 50. Grimm Coal Mine J. P. Grimm Sentinel Butte Sentinel Butte 51. Porter Coal Mine Wine W. H. Porter Sentinel Butte 52. Sentinel Butte Coal Mine Wine Hunter Land Co, R. L. Barnett Sentinel Butte

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

	Location	Sec. Twp. Rge.	12 133 88 35 132 90 13 132 88 13 132 88 13 132 88 13 133 88 13 133 90 13 133 98 10 133 90 13 133 90 10 133 90 13 133 90 4 ml. NB of Eigin 88		223 134 54 134 23 134 54 1334 55 1334 55 1334 1334 1334	6 144 82 55 145 82 145 82 145 82 145 82 146 81 146 81 146 81 146 81 81 148 84 148 84 81 148 83 81 148 83 81 148 83 81 148 83 81 146 83 82 81 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82
	Address Subdivision		Leith Leith SEK Pretty Rock NEW SEA Leith SW4. SW4. New Leipzig SW4. Eith	*	Havelock Na Regent Na New England SWW Regent NEW Havelock SEW SEW Odessa SEW SEW Regent SEW NEW Net NEW Regent SEW SEW Regent SEW Coalbank Coalbank SWW Berley SWW Regent SWW	Washburn Washburn Harvey Underwood Underwood Underwood Underwood Coleharbor Coleharbor
GRANT COUNTY	T.essee		S. S. Houser R. C. Babcock	HETTINGER COUNTY	John Wienandy A. D. Billman V. Arnold Vr. H. Murphy John Adams Geo. Wilhelm Wons Nelson W. A. Crary	
	Owner		Dunn Co Miller ser Volford		C. A. Albrecht Chas. T. Albrecht Chas. T. Arnold Chas. T. Culver Chas. E. Davis Chas. E. Davis Rallis Bros. Kallis Bros. Kallis Bros. C. H. Merry C. W. Rumph Sadler Cosi Mining Co Presley Switzer Joseph E. Utter	R. G. Batterlund R. G. Borchardt Eim Point Minng T. Fjelddal Wm. Fredrich Garrison Coal, Li Garrison Coal, Li Fard Pawer Co Fater Hanwen Swan A. Johnson
	Name of Wine	5	Black Diamond Coal Mine Mamie M. Coffin Butte Coal Mine N. P. Ry, Linner Coal Mine J. Lehner Miller Coal Mine Lawrence Patzer Coal Mine Patam Patr Ray Coal Mine Ray B. Ro Wolford Coal Mine		Albrecht Coal Mine Arnold Coal Mine Billman Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Havelock Coal Mine Kallis Coal Mine Kurze Coal Mine Nelson Coal Mine Sadler Coal Mine Sadler Coal Mine Sutter Coal Mine Utter Coal Mine	Bitumina. Coal Mine Borchardt Coal Mine Ein Point Coal Mine Fielddal Coal Mine Fredrich Coal Mine Garrison Coal Mine Hanson Coal Mine Johnson Coal Mine Johnson Coal Mine
	Ŋ		53. 56. 57. 58. 59. 59. 59. 59. 59. 59. 59. 59. 59. 59		8558885888588857878 73331398888888888888	777. 777. 88. 832. 832. 832. 832.

GRANT COUNTY

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REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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18 33511 18 33		1128	35 35 12 20 20 20 20	53	193.8.80	19 19 28 8 19 28 8 28 8 28	312
Pfister Coal Mine Fred Pfister NW4 Rupp Coal Mine U. S. Government E. R. Rupp Garrison Rupp Coal Mine U. S. Government E. R. Rupp Garrison Seibel Coal Mine U. S. Government I. Rupp Garrison Ulrich Coal Mine U. S. Government Lauser Mine	MERCER COUNTY	Coal Mine Mine Beulah Coal & Mining Mining Coal Mine Co. Stewart Beulah Coal Mine John R. Stewart Lawrence Dilger Beulah Valley Coal Mine Jack Gallagher Hazen	Haven Coal Mine Lee Haven	J Mine Slowery, Fleid and Strope	Otness Coal Mine Encoh Otness	 A. N. Coopenhave Joseph Elmer Halle Kensmann Harnisch Bros. Wm. Gietzer 	Hebron Coal MineWie and Presed Brick Co F. Bennek
854. 856. 87.		88. 89. 91.	96. 96. 96.	98. 99.	101. 102. 103.	106. 106. 108.	110. 112.

McLEAN COUNTY-Continued

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

		WO	MORTON COUNTY-Continued	ontinued				
No.	0	Owner	Lessee	Address	Subdivision	Sec.	Location Twp.	Rge.
	kramer Coal Mine Lange Coal Mine Lidstrom Coal Mine New Salem Coal Mine North Star Coal Mine Orniston Coal Mine Pleasant Rideo Coal	Fred Kramer Anton Lange Mrs. Annu Lindstrom R. W. Webb & Co Murry & Haven G. J. Ormiston	F. C. Lange F. Brown A. J. Gray	New Falem Glen Ullen Glen Ullen New Salem Hebron	SWW NWY4 SUP4 SEW SEW SEW	133237	139 138 138 138 139 130 137	88888888888888888888888888888888888888
120.	i Coal Mine	A. L. Tavis Geo. Reichel H. D. Wadeson		Glen Ullen . Almont	Lot 3 SV NEW	20 6 4	139 137 140	88 86 90
	I		MOUNTRAIL COUNTY	۲				
123. 123. 126. 126.	Biake Coal Mine Eyerson Coal Mine Hoppe Coal Mine Kale Coal Mine Perger Coal Mine Rodgers Coal Mine Sellers Coal Mine	F. E. Blake J. J. Everson Herman Moerke F. L. Alger Geo. Porger W. L. Sellers	B. F. Kale	Stanley Stanley White Earth Earth Browrth Starley Stanley White Earth White Earth Van Hok Van Hok	BAR SWY	8.5552333 8.555233	155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155	90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 9
			OLIVER COUNTY					
129. 130. 131.	Coal Mine	D. T. Barlow		Fort Clark Hannover	SW4 SW4	4 2	143 141	84 84
132. 133.	d Mine	V. R. Boerner N. O. Nélson N. O. Nelson		Center Center Center		29 29 29 29	142 141 142	834 834 83
			RENVILLE COUNTY					
135. 135.	Tenelka Coal Mine White Ash Coal Mine Wooster Coal Mine	P. P. Tehelka Dorr Caroll S. J. Rasmussen	Roy Hopkins L. C. Herzberg	Carpio Carpio Carpio	NEW SW4	32 26 33	158 158 158	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	-		SLOPE COUNTY					
137.	*Krenz Coal Mine	William Krenz R.	Koschnick	De Sart	NEW NEW	25	133	98
ļ			STARK COUNTY					
138. 139.	Coal Mine	Carl Podolanchuk Hokos & Benek Coal		Belfield	¥∃	34	140	66
		Mining Co.		Dickinson		7	139	95

MORTON COUNTY-Continued

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REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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139 140 140	139 140	139		151	155 152 155	161	155	156 161	156	-Donnyb 155 165	158	152 156 156	160	160	159
00 g 10	862	9		24	33911		12	8 & 24 29 20	63	3 miles- 3 1 3 1	3.E.S	22 32 32	30 28	86 18 34	
Dickinson	DickinsonSW4	Dickinson		SawyerSE4		Burlington	Burlington	Tasker	Foxholm Will SW4 & SW4	ă e e	Kenmare		are. SWM _ NEM,	•	n SE4
ted Coal Co.	Dakota Lignite Mines Co St. Mary's Monastery	Lignite Mines	WARD COUNTY	Mary Bartoshivich Joe Bartoshivich	Foote & Brunner, J. W. Perlechek H. E. Christienson J. C. Willoughby Kenmare Nat'l Bank, G. V. Clark	ColtonJ. F. Casteel Conan, Sr Martin Erickson	Briqueting	McClure Coal Co Dakota Coal Co H. N. Peck C. P. O'Neil	Stockholders Corp Foxholm Coal Co	Iller Houston Hunnewell	Johnson L. C. Spencer	ceeson	Wright Peter Mellon	. Seed Jake Clementish	Co Stephen Hodgson Superior Coal Co
Consolidated Coal Deane Wiley	Dakota I Co. St. Mary	Dakota. I Co		Mary Ba	Foote & H. E. Cl Kenmare	n N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Northern Co.	McClure H. N. Pe	Stockhold Foxholm	Mr. Miller Dave Houston R. J. Hunnew	Vm. Spe		J. A. Wr Italph W	Dr. F. D. National	
Lehigh Coal Mine North Creek Coal Mine.	al Mine			Mine.1	City Coal il Mine	Mine	Davis Coal Mine	់ដ	Farmers' Coal Mine	Hot Blast Coal Mine Houston Coal Mine	Johnson Coal Mine	Larson Coal Mine Leeson No. 1 Coal Mine Leeson No. 2 Coal Mine	Lloyd Coal Mine Mellon Coal Mine	Seed Coal Mine National Coal Mine	Square Deal Coal Mine. Superior Coal Mine
140.	142. 143.	145.		146	147. 148.	150.	153.	154. 155.	156. 157.	158. 159.	161.	163. * 164. 165.	166. 167.	169.	171. 172.

STARK COUNTY-Continued

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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

Name of Mine	line	Owner	Lessee	Address Subdivision		Contion	
Tree-Bausch Coal Mine, Rufus Tree Vadnats Coal Mine	Rufus Tree O. O. Adan Mrs. B. W. F. F. Finne	is TreeJas. AdamsJas. B. Wallace M. C.	Jas. Sells James Harper M. G. Wood		Sec.	152 152 155 155 155	Rge. 81 88 88 84 81 81
			WILLIAMS COUNTY	-			
Aanonson Coal Mine Thor Aanonson Black Beauty Coal Mine Fred Gotham Mine Namond Coal J. W. Jackson N. P. Ludowese	Fred Gothan J. W. Jacks	nson n n	:	Zahl Hanks N% NEM & N% NW% WillistonSW% NE%	3110 3110	158 159 154	101
a o	Ben Fedge F. A. Bryan Ole Bryne .	Fedge Bryant		BonetrailNE% NW% WillistonSW% SE%	¹⁴ ³ ⁴ ¹⁴ ³³	E of W	101 111iston 100
E Hai	Hanna Piers	uo	C. Ellithorpe	Williston SW4, NE4, & W4	20	154	100
Extrust Coal Mine		u n augen	J. Folvog	SE4 Hanks NW, SW, SW, Hanks NY, SE4, & SE7, SE7 Grenora Zahl Zahl Willston	14 10 20 7 20 7 10 20 7 10 20 7 10 20 7 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	164 159 159 153 153 154 154 154 154	ks 101 101 101 101 101 101 101
N Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co Co C	Williston Coal Co. John Johnson O. P. Lein E. F. Lovejoy	and Ice		Williston Zahl Hanks SE¥	- 2919	158 158 158	
the Coal Mine	A. C. Miller J. M. Moormai N. T. Narvesoi Jas. Nelson a	nd An-	<u> </u>	Wulliston NEW NWY Wheelock NWY SWY Zahl		156 156	101 101 101
Reclamation Service Coal	drew Anders				mile W	of Hanks	20
Willie Coal Mine	James Seabroo D. I. Todd Mrs. C. S. Vizi	k k na	ervice	Williston Hanks Williston Williston	19 32 4	154 159 159	01119 01119
* Closed				- 1	h	00T	00T

WARD COUNTY-Continued

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REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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* Closed.

°N -i		Superintendent Ed. Eckholm	Kind of Opening Ve Slope	ethod of ntilation shaft	Method of Lighting Carbide	When Operated 1916-1917	Date Jan. 27,		ectio	e
~~~	Haynes Coal Mine Hettinger Electric Light	Lewis Fohlenkamp		shaft	Carbide	19161-9161				
4.10.4	& TOWEY CO. COSI MINEY: Schmidtrath Leff Coal Mine	T. Schmickrath Albert Leff Clarence Holdridge	Slope	Old slope	Carbide Carbide	71916-1917 71916-1917 7191	Jan. 28, Jan. 28, Reported		4,	1918
	winnenana. Coal Mine Andrew Jepson Pinkham Coal MineRay Pinkham Reeder Coal MineN. I. Wiedmeann		Strip Slope Drift	Air shaft	Carbide	1917 1916-1917 Onened	Reported Jan. 27,	1 Mar. 1918	œ.	1918
	Stephenson & Gunder- son Coal Mine	Оwners	Slope			in 1917	Jan. 26,	8161		
.01	Williamson Coal Mine	J. S. Williamson	Slope	None	:	Slope 1917 Opened				
1		-			Larbide	Stope Tar	Jan. 28,	1918		
			BILLINGS COUNTY	JNTY						
11.	De Mores Coal Mine H. G. Kinmark Lrrift High Grade Coal Mine. N. D. Nichols. Drift	H. G. Kinmark	Lyrift Air shaft	- <u>-</u> -	Carbide 1916-1917	1916-1917	Jan. 15,	1918		
13.	Red Trail Coal Mine Geo.	Geo. F. Gardner Drift		::	Carbide 1916-1917 Carbide1917	1916-1917	Jan. 15, Jan. 15,	1918 1918		
Į			BOWMAN COUNTY							
14.	Bowman Coal MineJ.		C. Palmer SlopeAir shaft Carbide  1916-1917	Air shaft	Carbide	1916-1917	Jan. 25,	1918		ł
	line .	L. Johnson	Slope Air shaft		Carbide 1916-1917	1916-1917	Jan. 26.	1918		1
			BURKE COU	COUNTY						
16. 20. 21. 21.	Bonsness Coal Mine Domress Coal Mine Fenster Coal Mine Hagen Coal Mine Kiehnock Coal Mine Makee Coal Mine	Carl H. J. Krielh Chas.	Bonsness   Strip Larson   Strip Domrese   Stope and strip   Air shaft & John Hagen Stope   Air shaft Tauber   Shaft	Air shaft	Carbide Carbide	Opened in 1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917	Mar. 7, Mar. 7, Mar. 8, Mar. 8, Mar. 7, Mar. 7,	1918 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918	6	1917
223. 243.	Meade & Sims Coal Mine J. Meade & M. Sims Sirip Souther Coal Mine L. Souther Slope Sunight Coal Mine J. S. Creenup Strip Simdare & Holl And Coal Mine Stream A.	I. Meade & M. Sims & L. Souther			Carbide	Opened in 1917 1916-1917 1916-1917	Mar. 7, Mar. 8, Mar. 7,	1918 1918 1918		
		Hall	Slope		Carbide		Mar. 8,	1918		1

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ADAMS COUNTY

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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BURLEIGH COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

S. Houser       Shaft       Carbide       [1916-1917       Feb. 2, 1918         no.       R. C. Babcock       Strip       Daylight       1916-1917       Reported Dec. 27, 1917         no.       R. C. Babcock       Strip       Strip       1916-1917       Reported Dec. 27, 1917         no.       Jacob Lehner       Strip       Strip       1916-1917       Feb. 2, 1918         no.       Jacob Lehner       Strip       Strip       1916-1917       Feb. 2, 1918         no.       Jacob Lehner       Strip       Strip       1916-1917       Feb. 2, 1918         no.       Jacob Lehner       Strip       Air Shaft       Carbide       1916-1917       Feb. 4, 1918         no.       Wu. W. Wolford.       Strip       Nu.       Nu.       1916-1917       Feb. 2, 1918	HETTINGER COUNTY	Strip Drift Strip Strip Strip Drift No Shaft Carbide	Kallis Bros.         Strip         Air         Peb. 4, 1916-1917         Feb. 4, 1816-1917         Feb. 4, 1816-1917         Jan. 31, 1816-1917         Reporte           C. W. Rumph         Strip	Henry Arguire Slope	M¢LEAN COUNTY	Bwd. Kugler Drift	E. G. Borchardt Shaft	R. W. McGray Slope Alt shaft Carbide 1916-1917 Feb. 23, Alt shaft Action 1918-1917 Feb. 23,	Aug. Marks Dritt Air shart Carbide
53. Black Diamond Coal       S. Houser         54. Offin Butter Coal Mine.       S. S. Houser         55. Mine       Tex Coal Mine.         56. Miller Coal Mine       Jacob Lehner         57. Patzer Coal Mine       Lawrence Miller         58. Rock Coal Mine       Ray B. Rock         58. Wolford Coal Mine       Wine         58. Wolford Coal Mine       Wine         58. Wolford Coal Mine       Wine		Mine C. Mine C. Mine Y. Mine V.	Kallis Coal Mine Kallis Kunze Coal Mine Coal Kallis Merry Coal Mine Coal C. H. Nelson Coal Mine Mons Rumph Coal Mine C. W.	Sadler Coal Mine Henry Ale Square Deal Coal Mine Fresley S. Switzer Coal Mine Fresley E. Utter Coal Mine Joseph E.		Ewd.		Garrison Coal Mine	<ol> <li>Hanson Coal Mine Aug. Marks</li> <li>Johnson Coal Mine Swan A. Johnson.</li> </ol>
1	I	1	-	-	1	I			1

GRANT COUNTY

REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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		X	McLEAN COUNTY-Continued	0-X-LV	ontinued						[
No.	Name of Mine	Superintendent	Kind of Op	Opening	Method of Ventilation	Method of Lighting	When Operated	Date o		ection	
883. 82. 82.	Koenig Coal Mine Pfister Coal Mine Rupp, Coal Mine	Adolph Schedler Fred Pfister F. R. Rupp	Strip Drift Drift Strift		None Caved room.	Carbide Carbide	1917	Reported Feb. 22, Feb. 26, Feb. 26,	1918 1918 1918 1918	•	8161
82.	Mine	George Louser			Air shaft	Carbide	1916	Reported	Jan.	16, 1	1917
ł			MERCER COUNTY	COUN	тY						
88.	Beulah Coal Mine	M. P. Moore	Shaft		Steam	Entry.		66 49	1010		
89.		Lawrence Dilger	Drift		None		1016-1017	Feb. 13, Renuted	1918 Mar.	6. 1	1918
91. 91.	Gallagher Coal Mine Golden Valley Coal Mine	oal Mine Ed. Boetner	Drift		None	Carbide	1917	Feb. 14,	1918 1918		
88. 88.	Ilaven Coal Mine Ingold Coal Mine	Tom Figenskan					1916-1917	Feb. 14.	1918		
94 94	Keeley Coal Mine	Ulmer Bros.	Drift		None	Carbide	1161	Feb. 13,	1918		
		Albert Koulberg	Shaft		None	Carbide	7191	Feb. 12.	1918 1918		
- 26 - 26	Mine	Wm. Thurston			Air shaft	Carbide	1917	Feb. 13,	1918		
99.		W. M. Ripple &			haft	Carbide		rep. 14,	SIL		
100.	Mine	Enoch Otness	Slope		Ncne	Carbide	1916-1917	Feb. 12, Feb. 12,	1918 1918		
102.	Reigel Coal Mine	J. H. F		None		Carbide	7191	Feb. 14,	1918		
104	*Standard Coal Mine Schmidt Coal Mine	Geo. G. Schmidt Geo. G. Schmidt	Slope		Air shaft	Carbide	1916-1917	Feb. 13.	1918		]
			MORTON COUNTY	COUN	۲					1	
105.	*Coopenhaver Coal Mine Elmer Coal Mine		Strip Slope		Nir shaft	Carbide	1916	Reported Feb. 6.	1 Dec.	22,	1917
108.	Garfield Coal Mine Harnisch Coal Mine	Robert Harnisch	Surp Drift		Air shaft	Carbide	1916-1917	Feb. 6, 1918 Feb. 7, 1918	1918	i	
110.	Hebron Coal Mine	F. Bennek	•		Air shaft &	Carbide	1916-1917	Feb. 6, 19	6, 1918		1
111. 113.	Knutson Coal Mine	C. G. Thor					1916-1917	Reported	Feb.	24 8, 1	918 918
113.	Kramer Coal Mine	Fred Kramer	Slope		Air Shaft	Carbide	1916-1917	Feb. 9.	1918 - 1918		
115.	Lange Coal Mine	F. E. Brown		Alr	Air shaft	Carbide	1916-1917	Feb. 8, Jan. 11,	1918 1918		
110.	New Salem Coal Mille	A. J. CIAY									

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117.	John Chencz	MORTON		Feb.
118.	G. J. Ormist	on Drift	Air shaft Carbide 1916-1917	Feb. 9,
120.	Mine	Slope Strip	Air shaft Carbide [916-1917 [	- Feb. 9, 1918 Dec. 24, 1917 Feb. 6, 1918
		MOUN	MOUNTRAIL COUNTY	
122.	I	Strip	None None None None None None None None	Mar. 20, Mar. 21,
124.	_	strip		Mar. 20,
126. 127. 128.	Forger Coal Mine G.S. Rodgers Rodgers Coal Mine W. L. Sellers		1916-1911 1916-1917 1916-1917	Mar. Mar.
			OLIVER COUNTY	
129.	Barlow Coal Mine D. T. Barlow Strip Meyhoff Coal Mine Dick Meyhoff Strip	strip	7161-9161	7 Jan. 8, 1918 7 Reported Jan. 8, 1918
131.		& Strip	1916-1917	Jan. 8,
132. 133.	Valley Coal Mine N. O. Nelson Soal Mine N. O. Nelson	Strip		Jan. Jan.
ĺ		REN	RENVILLE COUNTY	
134.	Tehelka Coal Mine P. P. Tehelka Slope White Ash Coal Mine Roy Hopkins Drift	Slope	None Carbide	7 Mar. 4, 1918
136.	Wooster Coal Mine I. E. Herzberg	. Drift		/ Mar. 4, 1918 / Mar. 4, 1918
]			SLOPE COUNTY	
137.	Krenz Coal Mine R. Koschnick	Strip		/   Reported Mar. 8, 1918
			STARK COUNTY	
138.	Gross Coal Mine Carl Podolanchuk. Slope	lk. Slope		7 Reported Dec. 22, 1917
139.	Mine Shaft	Shaft	None Carbide Opened in	in Jan 12, 1918
140.	Lehigh Coal Mine Roy Butler	Slope	Air shaft Electric 2011	Jan. 12.
141. 142.	North Creek Coal Mine. Deane Wiley Strip North Star Coal Mine. John Ostol Slope Pittanure Coal Mine A. G. Morton Slope	Strip Slope Slope	Air shaft Carbide [1916-1917 Air shaft Carbide [1916-1917 Air shaft Carbide [1916-1917	
144.		Slope		Jan. 16, Jan. 16,

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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

Date of Inspection	Feb. 27, 1918 Mar. 1, 1918 Mar. 2, 1918 Mar. 2, 1918 Mar. 2, 1918 Mar. 3, 1918 Mar. 5, 1918 Mar. 1, 1918 M		Mar. 19, 1918 Mar. 19, 1918
When Operated	1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917 1916-1917		1916-1917 1916-1917
Method of Lighting	Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbid		Carbide
Method of Ventilation	None Air shaft Air shaft	NTY	
of Opening	· · · ·	LLIAMS COU	
Kind		Š	
Superintendent	G. G. C.		Aanonso Gotham
Name of Mine	oal Mine Wine Coal Mine Coal Mine Fine Mine Mine Mine Mine Mine Mine Mine M		Aanonson Coal Mine Thor Black Beauty Coal Mine Fred
No.			177. 178.
	Name of Mine Superintendent Kind of Opening Method of Method of Vonen Lighting Operated	Name of MineSuperintendentKind of OpeningMethod of VentilationWethod of VentilationBartoshivtch Coal MineJ. W. PerietekkBortoshivtchDorestedBurtoshivtch Coal MineJ. W. PerietekkBiopeNoneLightingOrdisch Coal MineJ. W. PerietekkBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Contist Coal MineJ. W. PerietekkBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Conton Coal MineJ. F. ClarkBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Conton Coal MineJ. F. ClarkBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Conton Coal MineM. P. BotstordBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineM. P. BotstordBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineMineDirectordBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineMineDirectordBiopeAir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineMineDirectordBiopeNir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineMineDirectordBiopeNir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineMineDirectordBiopeNir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineMineDirectordBiopeNir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineDirectordDirectordBiopeNir shartCarbide1916-1917Davis Coal MineDirectord	Name of Mine         Superintendent         Kind of Opening         Method of Ventiletion         Lighting Operation           Bartoshivich Coal Mine         To Partoshivich Coal Mine

WARD COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

	Black Dlamond Coal F. W. Frye Drift dir shaft Carbide 1916-1917 Mar. 14, 1918 Bir Four Coal Mine Front Coal Mine Front Carbide 1916-1917 Mar. 14, 1918 Bryant Coal Mine F. A. Bryant Shaft Mar. 18, 1918 Bryant Coal Mine Jeek Thompson Drift Air shaft (Carbide 1916-1917 Mar. 15, 1918 Bryane Coal Mine Jeek Thompson Drift Jeek Air shaft (Carbide 1916-1917 Mar. 14, 1918	Drift         Air         Shaft         Carbide         1917         Mar.         15,         1918           Drift         Air         shaft         Carbide         1916-1917         Mar.         15,         1918           Drift         Carbide         1916-1917         Mar.         19,         1918           Drift         None         Carbide         1916-1917         Mar.         19,         1918           Stope         Air         shaft         Carbide         1916-1917         Mar.         19,         1918           Stope         None         1916-1917         Mar.         19,         1918         29,         1917           Drift         None         Carbide         1916-1917         Reported Dec.         29,         1917           Drift         None         Carbide         1916-1917         Mar.         13,         1918           Drift         None         Carbide         1916-1917         Mar.         13,         1918	Mar. 15, Mar. 19, Mar. 20, Mar. 18, Mar. 18, Mar. 19, Mar. 19,	MineMineDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDriftDr
	16-1917 16-1917 16-1917 16-1917	1917 [6-1917 [6-1917 [6-1917 [6-1917 [6-1917 [6-1917	16-1917 16-1917 16-1917 16-1917 16-1917 16-1917 16-1917 16-1917	16-1917 1917 1917
	1916- 1916- 1916- 1916-	1916 1916 1916 1916	1916- 1916- 1916- 1916- 1916- 1916-	1916
	Carbide Carbide Carbide	Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide	Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide	Carbide Carbide Carbide Carbide
CONTINUED	Air shaft k fan Air shaft None	Air shaft Air shaft Vone Vir shaft Air shaft Air shaft Vone Vone	Electric) Air shaft Air shaft Vir shaft Vir shaft None Air shaft	Air snart Air shaft &   an None Air shaft
			н ц	
	Drift Drift Shaft Drift	DDTR Slope Slope Slope		
M	F. W. Frye Ben Fedde F. A. Bryant Aleck Thompson	C. Ellithorpe. L. Bilthorpe. I. L. Brkie Ole Falk T. J. Preeman T. J. Preeman P. G. Head	J. A. Husebye John Johnson O. P. Levelor A. C. Miller A. C. Miller M. Merveson N. Nerveson & An- Jas. Nelson & An-	The Anderson . Drutt F. P. Field Druft James Seabrook Druft D. I. Todd Druft C. S. Vizina Druft
	Black Diamond Coal Mine Coal Mine Big Four Coal Mine Bryan Coal Mine	East Buitraorpe Coal Mine Elithorpe Coal Mine Erkte Coal Mine Falk Coal Mine Folvog Coal Mine Freeman Coal Mine Fraugen Coal Mine	Husebye Coal Mine J. A. Husebye Drift & F Johnson Coal Mine John Johnson Drift Lein Coal Mine O. P. Lein Drift Loveloy Coal Mine A. C. Miller Drift Miller Coal Mine A. M. Morman Drift Morman Coal Mine N. Narveson Drift Narveson Coal Mine Jas. Nelson & An-	Mine Service Coal Mine Service Seabrook Coal Mine Todd Coal Mine
	179. 181. 182.	185. 186. 1885. 1887. 1889.	192. 192. 193. 193.	199. 200. 202.

WILLIAMS COUNTY-Continued

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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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How Delivered at Surface	Steam hoist Steam hoist	Steam hoist	Horse power	Team and cable	Horse power	Horse power Horse power		Hand power Horse power	HOTSE DOWER		Horse power Horse power			Team and cable	Gas engine hoist	Team and cable	Steam hoist	Gas engine hoist		Team and cable Gas engine hoist Team and cable	Team and cable
Method of Mining	Blast off solid Blast off solid	off	Blast off solid Blast off solid	5	Blast off solid	Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid	B		Blast off solid Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid	Right off solid	, F	y	E E	Blast off solid Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid	Blast off solid
System of Mining	Double entry Double entry	Single entry Surface	Single entry Surfare	Single entry	Double entry	Double entry	1TY	Single entry Double entry	101e	NTY	Single entry Double entry	NTV	Surface Surface	Strip and Single entry	Single entry	Single entry	surtace Single entry	Single entry	ίTΥ	Single entry Single entry Single entry	Single entry
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Thickness of Coal Mined. Ft		00 00	9 all	516		10 10	LINGS COUP	51 <u>%</u> 7	ē	VMAN COU	15	URKE COU	4 9 - 10 - 10	 съ	51% 810	51/2	e 9	10 6	EIGH COUN	88 51/2	
Thickness [Thickness] of Coal   of Coal Bed. Feet [Mined. Ft		00 00	2 - 31% all		9	12% $15 9$ $-10 $	BILLINGS COUNTY	1		BOWMAN COUNTY	30 15 19 7	BURKE COUNTY		6	6 51/2 10 8	- 61/2	Ę	10 8 6	BURLEIGH COUNTY	12 8 12 8 51/2	
Depth of Thickness Thickness Coal Bed of Coal of Coal Feet Bed, FeetMined, Ft		00 00	12		_	15 10	BILLINGS COUR	9 6		BOWMAN COU		BURKE COU	$-10$ $\frac{4}{9}$ $-10$ $\frac{4}{9}$	10 9 9		6 - 6 1/2	9 -11	18 10 10 24 8 6			412
	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Lugar and 60 10 8 Line 60 10 8 8 8	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35 14	Gunderson Coal	$\begin{bmatrix} 35-100 &  121/_{2} &   9 \\ 70 & & 15 &  10 \end{bmatrix}$	BILLINGS COUR	71 <u>4</u> 9 6	Trail Coal Mine 200	BOWMAN COU	30 30	BURKE COU	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	n	18 6 810	30 612	23 9 -11	18 24 8		6 112 6 123	80 412

TABLE NO. 2. Adams county

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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	Team and cable Team and cable Steam hoist		Steam holst Horse power Horse power Team and cable Steam holst		Steam hoist Horse power Horse power		Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Team and wagon		Gas engine hoist Hand power
	Blast off solid Blast off solid Machine mining		Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Machine mining		Blast off solid Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Flast off solid Flast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid
TY—Continued.	Single entry Single entry Panel system	DUNTY	Duble entry Duble entry Duble entry Single entry Double entry	ουντγ	Surface Surface Surface Surface Surface Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry	EY COUNTY	Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry	OUNTY	Single entry Surface Surface Surface Surface Surface Surface Surface
BURLEIGH COUNTY-Continued	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	DIVIDE COUNTY	$\begin{array}{c c} 7 & 6!4 \\ 7 & 6!4 \\ 6 & -7 & 6!4 \\ 6 & -7 \\ 28 & -1 \\ 10 \\ 7 & -9 & 6!4 \\ -7 \end{array}$	DUNN COUNTY	4 − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − −	16   16   SUITAC GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	18 19 28 12 30 9 32 111	GRANT COUNTY	8 - 8½ 5½ 9 4 4 4 4 6 6 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2
	80 80 60		400 450 550 550 550 550 550 550 550 550		30.8 200 30.0 200 30.0 20 30.0 20 30.0 10 30.0 10 3		20 50-300 50-150 200		32 8 14 10 10 31 8 16 8 16 8 16 16
	Lind Ccal Mine Peterson Coal Mine Wilton Coal Mine		Dougherty Coal Mine Hought Coal Mine Lorbekt Coal Mine Martheson Coal Mine Truax Coal Mine		Armbernst Coal Mine Bang Coal Mine Bang Coal Mine Chase Coal Mine Haser Coal Mine Hy Grade Coal Mine Paulson Coal Mine Paulson Coal Mine Paulson Coal Mine Sloan Coal Mine	Three Star Coal Mine	Corliss Coal Mine Custck Coal Mine Gritm Coal Mine Porter Coal Mine Sentinel Butte Coal Mine		Black Dlamond Coal Mine Coffin Bute Coal Mine Lehner Coal Mine Miller Coal Mine Patzer Coal Mine Rock Coal Mine Wolford Coal Mine
	31. 32.		33. 34. 35. 37.		8894484449	47.	48. 50. 52.		555.55 566.53 598.71 598.71

# STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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How Delivered	Horse power	Horse power Horse power	Steam hoist		Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Whim Steam hoist	Team and cable Horse power Horse power	•	Steam holst Horse power	•	Hand power Hand power Horse power
Method of Mining Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid	555555	3	Machine mining Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Machine mining	55555		불분	f f f f	Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid
System of Mining Surface	Sir	Surface Single entry Surface Single entry Surface	Å	UNTY	Double entry Double entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry	Double outry Surface Single entry Single entry Surface	UNTY	Double entry Single entry	Surface Single entry Single entry	Single entry Single entry Single entry
Thickness Thickness of Coal   of Coal Bed, Feet Mined, Ft	61½ 841/2 8	10 10 10	$\begin{array}{c c} -6 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 \\ 10 & -6 \\ -5 & 4 \\ -5 & 6 \\ 6 & 4 \\ 6 & 4 \\ \end{array}$	McLEAN COUNTY	-11 88 88 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75		MERCER COUNTY	14 8 10	4.0.00	8 4 4 1
Depth of Thick Coal Bed of C Feet Bed,	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & 12 & 615 \\ 40 & 12 & 615 \\ 4 & 14 & 14 \\ 10 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 8 \\ 20 & 8 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 \\ 20 & 10 $	$ \frac{30}{10} = 20  11 \\ \frac{10}{10} = 20  14 \\ 10 - 30  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10  10 \\ 10 $	184 188 188 188 187 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 15		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1-000-0 		40-100 12	30 IU 30 - 10 6 6 4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Name of Mine	Albrecht Coal Mine Arnold Coal Mine Bilman Coal Mine Culver Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine	Havelock Coal Mine Kallis Coal Mine Kurze Coal Mine Merry Coal Mine	Aruph Coal Mine Sudher Coal Mine Sadler Coal Mine Squarer Deal Coal Mine Utter Coal Mine		a Coal Mine It Coal Mine The Coal Mine Coal Mine Coal Mine Coal Mine Coal Mine	Coal Mine Coal Mine Coal Mine oal Mine oal Mine Coal Mine		Beulah Coal Mine	Golden Valley Coal Mine	
	A REAL	Kall Kall Mer	Rumph Rumph Sadler Square Switzei Utter		Hong For Star	Joh Ruj Seij		DIR	Golden Haven	Keeley Kesler

HETTINGER COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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	Horse power Gas engine hoist Horse power Horse power Hand power Horse power Horse power Horse power		Horse power Horse power Horse power Gas engine hoist Gas engine hoist Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power	Hand power Hand power
	Blast off solid Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid	Blast off solid Pick mining Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid
VTY-Continued	Single entry Double entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry	SOUNTY	Surface     Double entry       Double entry     Surface       Single entry     Single entry       Single entry     Surface       Single entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Double entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Double entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Single entry     Single entry       Double entry     Single entry	Surface Single entry Surface Surface Surface Single entry Surface Surface
MERCEŘ CÔÚ NŤY-Continued	4 ½ – 5   4 ½   1 %   7 %   7 %   7 %   6 %   4 %   4 %   6 %   6 %   15 %   15 %	MORTON COUNTY	4 143     4 143     0.00       4 145     4 145     0.01       4 145     4 145     0.01       9 5 145     7 7     6 145       9 7 7     8 735     8 11       1 145     8 735     8 11       1 145     8 735     8 11       1 145     8 135     10       1 145     8 145     8 11       1 145     8 145     10       1 145     8 145     10       1 145     8 145     10       1 145     1 10     8 11       1 14     1 10     8 11       1 15     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 10     8 11       1 16     1 14     1 14       1 16     1 14     1 14       1 16     1 14     1 14       1 16     1 14     1 14       1 16     1 14     1 14       1 16     1 14     1 14       1 17     1 14     1 14       1 16	3 2-3 3 2-3 3 4 3 2-3 3 4 3 4 5 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
	I Mine         60-75           Mine         54           Mine         25-60           Mine         15-40           Mine         16-75           Mine         16-7           Mine         16-40           Mine         10-40           I Mine         10-40           I Mine         23           I Mine         23		Coal Mine         1614           1 Mine         34           1 Mine         34           al Mine         34           al Mine         35           1 Mine         35           1 Mine         35           1 Mine         37           1 Mine         38           al Mine         38           1 Mine         50           20 Mine         50           20 Mine         50           38         50           39         50           30         50           31         50           32         50           33         50           34         50           35         50           36         50           37         50           38         50           38         50	Mine 20 Mine 75 Mine 20 Mine 15 Mine 120 Mine 6-20 Mine 6-20
	Koulberg Coal Mine Krem Coal Mine . Lucky Strike Coal M Myers Coal Mine . Otness Coal Mine . Relear Coal Mine . Relgel Coal Mine . Standard Coal Mine .		Coopenhaver Coal Mine Eliner Coal Mine Harnisch Coal Mine Harnisch Coal Mine Harnisch Coal Mine Habron Coal Mine Koutson Coal Mine Kotakater Coal Mine Lidatron Coal Mine Lidatron Coal Mine New Salem Coal Mine New Salem Coal Mine Ormiston Coal Mine Ormiston Coal Mine Ormiston Coal Mine Wadesor Coal Mine Pressant Ridge Coal Mine Wadesor Coal Mine	Blake Coal Mine Everson Coal Mine Everson Coal Mine Kale Coal Mine Porger Coal Mine Sellers Coal Mine
	96. 97. 98. 98. 98. 99. 101. 102. 103.		105. 106. 108. 108. 111. 1113. 1114. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115. 1115.	122. 123. 124. 126. 128.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

OLIVER COUNTY

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## REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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	Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Steam hoist Horse power Electric motor Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power		Hand power Horse power Horse power Horse power Horse power Hand power Hand power Gas engine hoist Hand power Hand power Hand power Hand power Steam hoist Team and cable
	Blast off solid Blast off solid Flock mining Blast off solid Blast off solid Blast off solid Flock mining Plock mining Blast off solid Blast off solid		Blast off solid Blast off solid
WARD COUNTYContinued	<ul> <li>74 Double entry 544 Single entry Nousle entry No system</li> <li>8 Single entry Double entry Double entry Double entry Entry being driven</li> <li>4 Single entry Single entry Surface</li> <li>5 Single entry Surface</li> </ul>	WILLIAMS COUNTY	- 7 % Single entry Sungle entry Double entry Double entry Single entry
WARD CO	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	WILLIAM	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	Hunnewell Coal Mine       60-100         Johnson Coal Mine       110         Kiondike Coal Mine       120         Larson Coal Mine       200-70         Larson No.       1200-70         Leeson No.       100         Lioya Coal Mine       35         Lioya Coal Mine       36         Lioya Coal Mine       36         Melon Coal Mine       80         Rich Coal Mine       80-150         Rich Coal Mine       80-160         Rich Coal Mine       80-160         Rich Coal Mine       80-160         Rich Coal Mine       80-160         Suparto Coal Mine       80-160         Suparto Coal Mine       80-160         Vadnats Coal Mine       80-160         Vadnats Coal Mine       80-160         Vadnats Coal Mine       80-100         Wood Coal Mine       80-160		Aanonson Coal Mine       30-         Black Beauty Coal Mine       36-         Black Diamond Coal Mine       86-         Black Diamond Coal Mine       80-         Blark Diamond Coal Mine       80-         Brynet Coal Mine       80-         Brynet Coal Mine       80-         Brynet Coal Mine       80-         Brithorpe Coal Mine       76         Brithorpe Coal Mine       76         Brith Coal Mine       76         Frie Coal Mine       40         Frie Coal Mine       40         Frage Coal Mine       40         Haugen Coal Mine       50         Haugen Coal Mine       50         Haugen Coal Mine       50         Husebye Coal Mine       50         Johnson Coal Mine       50         Husebye Coal Mine       50         Johnson Coal Mine       50         Johnson Coal Mine       50         Husebye Coal Mine       50         Johnson Coal Mine       50         Johnson Coal Mine       50
	160. 161. 163. 163. 165. 165. 165. 166. 171. 171. 171. 171. 173. 174. 175.		177. 178. 178. 179. 188. 188. 188. 188. 199. 199. 199.

# STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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No.	Name of Mine	Depth of Coal Bed Feet	Thickness of Coal Bed, Feet	Thickness of Coal Mined, Ft	System of Mining	Method of Mining	How Delivered at Surface
194. 195. 197. 198. 199. 202. 202.	Lovedoy Coal Mine Miller Coal Mine Moorman Coal Mine Narveson Coal Mine Nelson & Anderson Coal Mine Reclamation Service Coal Mine Reclamation Service Coal Mine Todd Coal Mine Vizina Coal Mine	86642240 88300 8800 860 860 8	10 19 10 8 8 10 4 7 7 10 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	00     0 F	Double entry Stugle entry Double entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry Single entry	Blast off solid Blast off solid	Horse power Horse power Hand power Hand power Horse power Hand power Hand power Hand power

WILLIAMS COUNTY-Continued

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#### REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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	Average daily wages		$\begin{array}{c} 2.50-2.75\\ 3.00-5.00\\ 2.50-3.00\end{array}$	2.50-3.50	3.00 3.00	2.00	1.25-3.60	2.25**	1.75**	3.50	2.50	4.00		: :	3.25 3.60	3.00-3.75		2.50-4.00	2.50-3.00	3.50-4.00
	age paid s per n	Entry	* *	.75	:		:				:	÷		.75	8.8	1.50		.80	.700	::
	Average price paid miners per ton	Room	.55 .55	.8	:	:::	:		.50		::	:		.65 75	.10	.80		.80	- 09-	.7500
	re No. nen than ers	Summer	: 1 8	101	:**	) H H	::	::	:::	::	::	:::		::	<b>€</b> 2] -4*	::		::	۵۱,	
	Average No. of men other than miners	Minter N	67 00 LG	94	00	) 	:4	::	: :	:-	н —-	::-		::	19 0	:20		12	10-	-
	Average daily proudc- tion	Tons	23.1 23.7 98.9	58.0	21.4 18.0	1.4	7.0	2.7	10.8	11 5	7.4			4.9	85.5 96.0	56.5		21.1 8.2	48.5	92.0
۲۷	Average No of miners	Sunmer	°° °° ₹	10	:"		::	:	:::	:	: <b>-</b> -	:::	Y	:	:~9	:"	۲	:-	40	ת 
ADAMS COUNTY		Winter		30	10	- 67	:~	:**	) 10 61	:	2	::~	COUNTY		50 50 50	.6	COUN	50	<b>.</b>	•
DAMS	Average days per month	Summer	10	8		22		::	:::	:	9	::: 	-INGS	::	22	:*	VMAN	10	8	₹ 
Ā		Winter	220	- ²	28 28	122	rating   26	rating   6	252	rating	122	operation operation	BILL		88	12 - 12	BOW	26	22	2
	No. days Operated		240	276	104	120	Not ope 156	Not ope	150 10 150 25	Not ope	180	Not in or		120	240	No repo 114		156	284	ZIT
	Year		1916 1917 1916	1917	1916 1917	1916	1916	1916	1916	1916	1016	1916		1916	1916	1916		1916 1917	1916	1.161
	Name of Mine		Clermont Coal Mine	Haynes Coal Mine	Hettinger Electric Idght & Power Co. Coal Mine	Leff Coal Mine	Pearl Butte Coal Mine	Minnehaha Coal Mine	Pinkham Coal Mine	Reeder Coal Mine	Stephenson & Gunder-	williamson Coal Mine.		De Mores Coal Mine	High Grade Coal Mine.	Red Trail Coal Mine		Bowman Coal Mine	Johnson Fuel Co. Coal	Mine
	No.			м.		4.	<u>م</u>	6.	7.	ø.	9.	10.		H	12.	13.		14.	15.	

TABLE NO. 3 ADAMS COUNTY

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	Not operating   46   7	No report	156	120 20	Not operating   26	240 25 1	Not operating	240 20	240 120 120	No report		BURLEIGH COUNTY	156 - 20	156 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		_	പ്
	1916 1917	1916	9161	1916	1916	1916	1916			2161 9161	itry. I.		1916	1917	1916	1917	1916
	Bonsness Coal Mine	Domrese Coal Mine	Fenster Coal Mine	Hagen Coal Mine	Kielhock Coal Mine	Makee Coal Mine	Meade & Sims Coal Mine	Souther Coal Mine	Sunlight Coal Mine	Zimdars & Hall Coal Mine	*\$1.00 per lineal foot of entry. **and board o and \$1.00 per lineal yard. oo and room necks \$3.00 extra.		Asplund Coal Mine	Backman Coal Mine	Berger Coal Mine		Laubach Coal Mine
	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.			26.	27.	28		29.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

•													
No.	Name of Mine	Year	No. days Operated	i	Average days per month	Average No. of miners		Aver. daily produc- tion	Aver. No. of men other than miners	No. than ers	Average price paid miners per ton	e price diners ton	Average daily wages
		_		Win.	Sum.	Win. 8	Sum.	Tons	Win.	Sum.	Room	Entry	
30.	Lind Coal Mine	1916	156 216	16 26	95	67 V		13.1		:	-76 90	06 [.]	2.50 - 3.00 2.00 - 3.00
31.	Peterson Coal Mine	1916	312	888	98	-010		4.0	 (		89	1.10	:
32.	Wilton Coal Mine	1916	264	24 26†		122	-09 20	890.0 945.0	119	87 144	•••		2.50 & up
					DIVIDE C	COUNTY	  >						
<b>83</b> .	Dougherty Coal Mine	1916	996	11	:0	89 E	:"	17.8	ন্থ ৰ	:"	04. 010	- 95 1 10	2.00-2.25 250-4.00
34.	Hought Coal Mine	1916	276	800	*0°	222	29		*9	1 69 7	22	1.05	1.75-2.00
		1917	812	26	26	30	212	0.06	16	4	.95	1.35	2.00-4.00
35.	Lorbeski Coal Mine	1916	156	26	:	2	:	35.0	~	:	.70	1.00	2.00**
		1917	240	22	20	10	61	31.5	61	H	20.	1.26	2 00 4 00
36.	Mathleson Coal Mine	1916	No report		:	:	:	:	:	:		3	
46	Twite Cosl Mine	1917	60 312	10	26	212	20:	82.0 82.0	35:	:9	.20	1.000	2.00
		1917	276	8	2	35	18	200.00	30	15	1.00	1.40*	2.00-3.00
						COUNTY	<b>≻</b>					•	
38 28	Armbernst Coal Mine	1916	Not operating	ating	:	:"	:		::	::			2.00
39.	Bang Coal Mine	1916 1916		2192	:::	101	:::	4.0	:::	:::	1.00	88.	::
40.	Blecha Coal Mine	1916	Not operating	ating	:::	:	:::		:::	:::		:	1.50
41.	Chase Coal Mine	1916	Not operating	ating	:::	:03	::	2.8	::	::	:	:	Ft. note 1
tion s	•Miners: Room coal 38c per ton; entry in solid 54c per ton. Machine cutting: 1 ton. Drivers 4c per ton. Machine men tional 10%. June 1st all machine men • Bstimated.	er ton; entry one cutting: R ne cutting: R Machine men machine men	u ⊂ga	d 9c pi 7c pei wed 1( 'eased	er ton r ton; % add	yardag entry litional iver ab	e; pill coal 7, and ove wa	ars coa c and 3 miners ges and	cut c per in ce miner	by ma ton ex rtain s all ir	by machine 42c per ton; ton extra for yardage; pi artain cases were allowed rs all increased 25% over a	per ton; rdage; pill e allowed % over ab	coal 39c and 9c per ton yardage; pillars coal cut by machine 42c per ton; pillar coal com coal 7c per ton; entry coal 7c and 3c per ton extra for yardage; pillars 6c per were allowed 10% additional and miners in certain cases were allowed an addi- were increased 15% over above wages and miners all increased 25% over above wages.

BURLEIGH COUNTY-Continued

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#### REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

Bistimated.
 Band board
 and board
 and 40c per lineal foot of entry.
 Boot note No. 1. \$40 per month and board.

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ued		≻			P.0.4
Contin	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	OUNT	:::::::	≻	****
DUNN COUNTY-Continued		GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	:ലപപര്യയപ്പ	GRANT COUNTY	
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-	90 15 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 26 156 16 100 10 180 10 180 10 120 00erating	G01	No report 120 120 120 120 144 166 60 60 60 60 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70		192 276 276 276 Not opera 90 90
	1916 1917 1917 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916		9161 9161 9161 9161 9161 9161 9161 9161		1916 1917 1916 1916 1917 1917 1916 1916
	Heiser Coal Mine Hy Grade Coal Mine Paulson Coal Mine Pulver & Logan Coal Mine Sloan Coal Mine Three Star Coal Mine		Corliss Coal Mine Cusick Coal Mine Grimm Coal Mine Porter Coal Mine Sentinel Butte Coal Mine		Black Diamond Coal Mine Coffin Butte Coal Mine Lehner Coal Mine Miller Coal Mine
	42. 45. 46. 47.		48. 50. 51.		53. 54. 56.

oo and \$1.00 per lineal yard.

# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

Average daily	wages	2.50	1 2.00	2.50		2.50	2.50	8 UU	2.00-3.00	2.50	2.00		2.00-3.00	00.6-00.2	÷	2:00	2.50	2.00	2.00-3.00	3.00-4.80	2.00-3.00	00 ° 00 °	00.0-00.2	2.00-2.50
Average price paid miners per ton	Entry	:	:	::			1.00		::	::	::	:	::	:	:	::	::		::	. 06	::	:	:	:
Average pr paid mine per ton	Room	:	:	::			.75		::	::		02.08		:			::		::	08	::	:	:	:
Aver. No. of men other than miners	. Sum.	::	::	::		::	::	:::	::	::	::	:	:	::	:	:	::	::	::	:-	· :	::	::	
1	Win.	::	::	::		::	:::	::	::	::	::	:	:	::	-	:	::	::	::		· :	::	:	::
Aver. daily produc-	Tons	. E - 14		7.0		16.5	10.0				4.2	10.3	6.4	1	5.0 	8.0	2.2	5-10		21.4	10.0			5.1
Average No. of miners	ı. Sum.	::	::	::	ΤY	:5	· : :		::	::	::	:	:	::	:			::		:*	1010	• :•	۹ :	
A a	Wln.	:010	• :•	201	COUNTY	:4	03 4	:-	- 10		- 01	4	۹۰ <i>۰</i>	• : 	~	610	~~~		~~~~~	:"	010	• :•	4	
Average days per month	. Sum.	::	::	::	HETTINGER	:∞	:::	:::	::	::	::	:	:	::	:	:	::	:::	99	:5	129	2:;	3	- := 
A da n	Win.	ated 9	ated	12	ETTI	19 	2020	ated	າຊະ	388	2°9	26	26	ated	- 20	24	28	80	22		128	ated	ated	10
No. days Operated		Not operated	Not oper	72	H	No repor	312	Not oper	120	120	36	166	156	Not oper	120	144	144	120	120	No report	240	Not operated	Not oner	120
Year		1916	2161	1916		1916 1917	1916	1916	1916	1916	1916			1016			1917	1917	1916 1917	1916	1916	19161	1916	1917
Name of Mine		Patzer Coal Mine	Rock Coal Mfrie	Wolford Coal Mine		Albrecht Coal Mine	Arnold Coal Mine	Billman Coal Mine	Culver Coal Mine	Davis Coal Mine	Havelock Coal Mine		Kallis Coal Mine	Kunze Coal Mine		Merry Coal Mine	Nelson Coal Mine		Rumph Coal Mine	Sadler Coal Mine	Square Deal Coal Mine.	Switzer Coal Mine	Titten Cool Mine	
No.		57.	58.	59.	!	60.	61.	62.	63.	64.	65.		.99	67.		68.	60	•	70.	71.	72.	73.	74	Ė

GRANT COUNTY-Continued

76.	Bitumina Coal Mine	1916	312	26	26	2	87	25.2	es	23	.40	:	:
		1917	312	26	26	9	~	23.0	~	~	44	44	2.75
.92	Borchardt Coal Mine	1916	264	24	88		-	67 C		H			2.75-3.00
.77	Elm Point Coal Mine	916I	No report		3:	× :	- :		- :	::	:	:	2.00-3.00
78.	Fjelddal Coal Mine	1916	2280	923	::	n n e	::	9.1.9 11.1.1	::	::	53	0.83	3.00
79.	Fredrich Coal Mine	1916	204		::	200	::	1.00	:ণণ	::	3 <b>3</b> 3	200	888
	Garrison Coal Mine	19161	1922		:°?	, , ,	:010	15.6	N 0	:=:	S S S S S S S	1.30	2.00-2.50
81.	Hanson Coal Mine	19161	. 2000		575 777 777	20°	° — с	12.4	000	2	e 9	92. 2	3.00-3.60
	Johnson Coal Mine	19161	120		8:	4 67 4	× :	0 4 9 7 7 9	× •	- :	5.85	1.10	8.60 8.60
83.	Koenig Coal Mine	1916	Not opera	· · ·	::	at : 1	::	0.0	× :	::		NZ.1	3.00
84.	Pfister Coal Mine	19161	180		:9;	- 010	::	-00	::	::	::	::	2.50
85.	Rupp Coal Mine	1916	No report		3:	N : P	::		::	::	: 8	: ;	2.00
86.	Selbel Coal Mine	9161 9161	Not opera	ated	: ::	- :'	: :	80.1 4.00	∾:	::	.80	1.00	2.00
87.	Ulrich Coal Mine	1916 1916 1917	240 20 60 10 Not operated	ated	8 : :	×∞.	≈ : :	12.2	:**:	:::	.75	1.10	2.00-3.00
1	•												
				1	E E E	MERCER COUNTY	*						
88.	Beulah Coal Mine	1916	Not oper	ated	:	:;	:		:	:		3	20
89.	Dilger Coal Mine	1016	120 20	ଝ	::	4-10	::	0.4 ¢	~ -1 -	::	2::	ю.т	2.50
90.	Gallagher Coal Mine	1916	No report	2 2 1	::	• :•	::		•:	::	:	:	2.50
		. 1917	90	9	:	-	:	8.0	:		:	:	2.00

McLEAN COUNTY

*Machine cut coal.

•*and board.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

No.	Name of Mine	Year	No. days Operated	Average days per month		Average No. of miners	daily Aver. produc-	Ave of other	Aver. No. of men other than	Average pr paid mine per ton	Average price paid miners per ton	səfi səfi səfi səfi səfi səfi səfi səfi
}				WIn. Sum.	Win.	Sum.	Tons	Whn.	Vin. Sum.	Room	Entry	
91.	Golden Valley Coal Mine	1916	No report	:	:-	-		:	-			9 QQ
92.	Haven Coal Mine	1916	Not opera	ted	• :	::	? :	::	::		:	
03	Trend Coal Mine	1917	48	:		:		:	:	:	:	8.8
		1917	90 110 00 110	16	200	::	2 2 2 2 2	::	::	::	::	8.00 8 7
94.	Keeley Coal Mine	1916	No report	:	:•	:		:	:	5		5
96.	Kesler Coal Mine.	1916	No report		a :.	::	• • •	::	::	8.1	:	00-10 10
96.	Koulberg Coal Mine	9161 J	Not operated	ted				- :	::	:	:	9.00
97.	Krem Coal Mine	1917			~~~	Openin	g Mine	:-	::	1.00	1.00	:
90	Tuolog Steller Seel Mr.		120	30	107	::	12.8	 1 FF	::	1.00	:	:
• • •	LUCKY SURING COM MINE		Not opera	25	:0	::	10.0	:-	::	:	:	2.00-3.00
.99.	Myers Coal Mine	1916	Not opera	ted	:'	:	•••	:	:			
100.	Otness Coal Mine	1916	Not opera	ted		::	0.0 	::	::	:	:	00.000.4
101			06		c1 e	: :	en e	:'	:	:	:	8-80-3-00 
-	ATTINT INCO STOCENENT		180	20 10	e re	-100	15.3	-101	: -	1.00	1.00	2.00-3.00
.20I	Keigel Coal Mine	1916	Not opera		 :: 		witten	:	:			
103.	Standard Coal Mine	1916	240	20 20	~ <u></u>		37.5	:01	:•٩	21 13	1.8	2.00-3.00
104	Schmidt Coal Mine	1016	60	10		:	16.0	N 7	:	92.	ю.т	2.00-3.00
		1917	09	10	2		4.5	• :	::	:76	.76	2
				MORTON COUNTY	TNUOS	>						I
105.	Coopenhaver Coal Mine		60   Not 200	10 .	9	:	19.2	:	:	:	:	2.00
106.	Elmer Coal Mine	1916	Not opera		::	::	:::	::	::			
107.	Garfield Coal Mine	19161	150 15 150 15	122	200		4.0	- :		::	::	2.00-3.00
041	Wember Cost Wine	1917	108				ы. 2.3	:	:	:	:	2.00-3.00
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MERCER COUNTY-Continued

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## REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

# STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

				1 7.8	:		3 2	:	:00						1 8:0 1 1.00		43		SOUNTY			6.2	:
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	Haymarsh Coal Mine	Hebron Coal Mine	Wnitten Coal Mine		Kokakaler Coal Mine	Kramer Coal Mine		Lange Coal Mine	Lidstrom Coal Mine	New Salem Coal Mine .		North Star Coal Mine	Ormiston Coal Mine	Pleasant Ridge Coal	Mine entry	Ramsland Coal Mine	Wadeson Coal Mine			Blake Coal Mine	True Cool Wine	ATTITAT TROOT TINETAAT	Hoppe Coal Mine
-	109.	110.	111	••••	112.	112		114.	115.	116.		117.	118.	119.		120.	121.			122.		. eat	124.

MORTON COUNTY-Continued

85

*\$1.25 per lineal foot.

# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

price Average ners daily on wages	Entry		2.00	2.50		3.00			2.00-3.00	8.00	3.00		.75 3.00	2.50		3.00					2.50		1.00	
Average price paid miners per ton	Room	:	::	::	:	::		.75	9 ::	:	:	::	.75			:	::	::					1.00	
Aver. No. of men other than miners	Win. Sum.	:	::	::	::	::		 :  :	::	 : 		::	:			 : 	::	::			   : :   : :		  :  -	
Aver. daily produc-	Tons	1.7	- 20	4.63	69 10 69 10	9.2		4.1	14.0	¢.3	6. 6. 6.	3.1 3.1	10 er	3.6		3.6		6.0	Mine		.4.5		2.5	,
Average No. of miners	Win. Sum.	+++  		20 00 	 N 63	102 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	COUNTY		-00-		e1 e	ч 		1 1	ουντγ		:: 		Opening Mine	COUNTY	::	DUNTY	1	
Average days per month	Win. Sum.	20 10		15 10		76 10	OLIVER C		20°,				20 10		RENVILLE COUNTY	10	ted			SLOPE C	ed     15	STARK COUNTY	10	
No. days Operated		180	120	150	09	216		00	180	00	180	120	180	180	æ	60 60	Not operat	30 5 5 Not operated			Not operated 90   15		01 09	
Year		1916	1916	1916	1917	1917		1916	1916	1 3161	1916	1916	1917	1917		1916					1916		1916	
Name of Mine		Kale Coal Mine	Porger Coal Mine	Rodgers Coal Mine	Sellers Coal Mine			Barlow Coal Mine	Meyhoff Coal Mine	Pleasant Valley Coal	÷	Spring Valley Coal Mine	Tripp Coal Mine			Tehelka Coal Mine	White Ash Coal Mine	Wooster Coal Mine			Krenz Coal Mine		Gross Coal Mine	•
No.		125.	126.	127.	128.			129.	130.	131.		132.	133.			134.	135.	136.			137.		138.	

MOUNTRAIL COUNTY-Continued

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	0 50.0 00	2.00-0.00 9 00 9 7E	2.00	8.20 8.20 8.20	3.30-3.50	**	3.30-3.50 3.25-3.50		:	: : :	1.00-3.00	3.00-4.00	::	2.75	3.00	3.00	9 En 4 00	2.50-4.00
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ued	65.0	61.7	2.2	13.8	56.0		89.0 96.0	ļ	4.2	33.5	33.0	14.3	а	27.2	14.4	2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	43.5	57.0
STARK COUNTY—Continued	10	£		- 63 -	- co H	3-1-	29Pr	Ϋ́			4		• :	:840	ae	•:		80
NTY-	15	15			°218	8-1-6	3080	WARD COUNTY	~	N 60	6	ന്ന 	• : •	┉╼┈		~~~~	* 81	8
c cou	81	18	22	999	2121	188	888	ARD	01	54 	24	99	:	: ou	 	3:	:02	17
STAR	30	20	99	98	28	888	5000	5	15	27 	24	10		888	525	192	24	26
	228	228	120	216	246	312	312 312 312		150	15U 288	288	120	No report	186	174	60 190	264	258
	1916	1917	1916	1916	1916	1916	2161 9161		1916	1916	1917	1916	1916	19161	1101	1916	1916	1917
	Lehigh Coal Mine		North Creek Coal Mine	North Star Coal Mine	Pittsburg Coal Mine	St. Mary's Coal Mine	Zenith Coal Mine		Bartoshivich Coal Mine.	Burlington City Coal	Mine	Coflisch Coal Mine	Clark Coal Mine	Colton Coal Mine	Conan Coal Mine	Crosby Coal Mine	Davis Coal Mine	
	140.		141.	142.	143.	144.	145.		146.	147.		148.	149.	150.	151.	152.	153.	ļ

**\$35 per month and board.

#### STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

.

WARD COUNTY-Continued

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## REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

oble to 75e per lineal foot of entry. *40c to 55c per lineal foot of entry.

2.50 2.50		3.00	3.50-4.50 2.00	2.50	9.00 	0. :	4.00 9 50 9 5		2.00*		2.00	2.50-3.00	3.00	2.00-2.50	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2
1.22	::	.90	1.20 1.20 1.20	1.20	::	::	:00	.0.1	1.15		:	1.10	0.6.	1.00 - 90 - 90	6
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38 :	ing opened	20:	58	::	::	::	.22	24	20	IAMS	:	::9	15	:	:::
- ຊສຊ-	w mine bei operated	28	<b>50</b>	rated	12 	*8	88	24	26	WILL	4.0		540	18	15 rated
240 240 60	Not open	288	312	Not ope	90 90	120	270	288	216 240		24	30 120	210 264	108	90   15 Not operated
1916 1916 1916	1916	19161	1917 1916	1916	1916	1916	19161	1917	1916 1917		1916	1916	1916 1917	1916	1916
Mellon Coal Mine	Seed Coal Mine	National Coal Mine	Square Deal Coal Mine.	Superior Coal Mine	Tree-Bausch Coal Mine	Vadnais Coal Mine	Wallace Coal Mine		Wood Coal Mine		Aanonson Coal Mine	Black Beauty Coal Mine	Black Diamond Coal Mine	Big Four Coal Mine	Bryant Coal Mine
167. 168.	169.	170.	171.	172.	173.	174.	175.		176.		177.	178.	179.	180.	181.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

WARD COUNTY-Continued

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* and Board

Average daily wages		2.50		3.00-4.00	3.00-4.50	3.50-4.00			3.00	:	3.00			3.50	0.0	3.00-4.00	2 00 2 95		3.50-4.00	4.00	:	:	:	3.00-4.00	
Average price suburn pred per ton	Entry		, ,	::		1.16*	:	1.00	1.00	1.00	л. т.	: :	:	:	95	1.15		88	1.12	1.10	::; ;	1.30	8.9	1.25	1.10
Averag Averag	Room	.80 80	3			<b>*</b> 06°	÷	1.00	1.00	.75		:	:		75	.9 <u>5</u>	22.	8	.90	1.00		- - -	.10	201	1.00
Aver. No. of men other than miners	Sum.	:-	1	::	:	:	:	::	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	: :		~	~		::	:	:	:	:	::
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Aver. daily produc-	Tons	19.0 20.0		20	24.0	23.8		11.2	4	4.1	2 10			0.F	20.8		50.0	52.5	67 67	4	:	<u>ب</u>	0.12		3.5 4.1
Average No. of miners	Sum.	:4	•		N	H	:	:01	ন	:	::	::	:	:-	- 61		~~~~	4		::	:	:"	19 6	2	::
Ave No Bug	Win.	66	,	~	14	<b>00</b>	:-		63	2	N 64	:	:		foc	- -	17	17	õ	100	:	~	- 4	-	લાલ
Average days per month	Sum.	; ;		50	07	26	:	:0:	20	:	: :	::	:	::	24	; ;	22	25		: :	:	:;	34	3	::
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No. days Operated	:	144 264	Not oner	252 252	300	312	Not operat	240	240	120	09 1720	No repor	Not oper	09 IO	288		300	300	120	144	No repor	021	010	017	90 120
Year		1916 1917	1916	1917	9167	1917	1916	1916	1917	1916	19161	1917	1916	1917	2161		1916	1917	1916	1917	1916	LTRT	476T	1101	1916 1917
Name of Mine		Bryne Coal Mine	East Ellithorpe Coal Mine		Eulthorpe Coal Mine		Erkie Coal Mine	Falk Coal Mine		Folvog Coal Mine	Freeman Coal Mine		Haugen Coal Mine	Hond Coal Mine		 ;; ; ;	Husebye Coal Mine		Tohnson Coal Mine		Lein Coal Mine		LOVEJOY COAL MIRE		Miller Coal Mine
No.		182.	183.		-\$&-	1	185.	186.		187.	188.		189.	100	· 0.0T		191.		199.		193.		194.		195.

WILLIAMS COUNTY-Continued

REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

*and 10c per ton for work in water,

196.	Moorman Coal Mine	1916	150	200	ے م			0.8 7	:	:	88	88	•
.197.	Narveson Coal Mine	1916	120	22	2:	2	• :			::	1.8	1.00	::
			120	20	:	61	:	6.7		:	1.00	1.00	:
198.	Nelson & Anderson Coal								_	•		•	
1	Mine	1916	Not operated	ated	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	::
			09	2	:	2	:	5.0	:	:	:	:	3.00
199	Reclamation Service									-			
	Coal Mine	1916	325	27	27	4	~	23.5	~	~	. 60		3.00-5.00
		1917	340 28	28	28	<u>م</u>	~	26.9	67	61	-70	.25*	3.50
500	Seabrook Coal Mine	1916	Not oper	ated						:	:	:	
		1917	120	20		2	;	2.5	:	:	:	:	3.25
201	Todd Coal Mine	1916	Not oper	ated		' :	:		:	:	:	:	:
		1917	120	8		67	:	 	:	:	:	:	3.50
202.	Vizina. Coal Mine	1916	Developmen	it wor	K only	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	::
		1917	60	9	:	23	:	3.3	:	:	:		3.00

WILLIAMS COUNTY-Continued

*and 25c per lineal foot of entry.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

·····································	Name of Mine Clermont Coal Mine Clermont Coal Mine Heitinger Blectric Light & Power Co, Coal Mine Heitinger Blectric Light & Power Co, Coal Mine Heitinger Blectric Light & Power Co, Coal Mine Peringer Blectric Light & Power Co, Coal Mine Peringer State Coal Mine Stephenson & Gunderson Coal Mine Stephenson & Gunderson Coal Mine Stephenson & Gunderson Coal Mine Ble Mores Coal Mine De Mores Coal Mine	TABLE NO.           ADAMS COUN           ADAMS COUN           Main           Main           Main           Main           Sig           250           250           250           250           250           250           250           250           250           260           200           200           200           200	TABLE NO. 4           Abams county           Main Entry           Main Entry           Main Entry           Solo         7           Solo         7           Solo         6           Sio         6      1000         7 </th <th>संस्कृत प्रबंध अक्वा हः कनन्तु म</th> <th>Length feet 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 140 150</th> <th>Rooms Width Feet 14-18 14-18 14-18 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16</th> <th>Heigth feet 9-10 9-10 9-10 10 10 10 10 10 10</th> <th>Width of pillar 16 7 16 10-14 10-15 10-15 10-50 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10</th>	संस्कृत प्रबंध अक्वा हः कनन्तु म	Length feet 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 140 150	Rooms Width Feet 14-18 14-18 14-18 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Heigth feet 9-10 9-10 9-10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Width of pillar 16 7 16 10-14 10-15 10-15 10-50 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
14.	Bowman Coal Mine	BURKE	BOWMAN COUNTY 250 10 800 18 BURKE COUNTY	9 96-	100 100-200	1830 1618	120	12 12 12
911896923	Bonsness Coal Mine* Domrese Coal Mine* Fenster Coal Mine* Hagen Coal Mine* Habook Coal Mine* Makee Coal Mine* Wakee Coal Mine		. : - : : 9	°::::	  worked out	12: : 14: : :	• • • • • • • • •	: ::: : : :
	Meade & Sims Coal Mine*	300 100 BURLEIG	300 7 100 7 BURLEIGH COUNTY		i00 100	16 14		89 : 90 : :
I ["	Asplund Coal Mine	500 150	2	7	225 90	19 19	90 90	8-10 68
*	vourup pict		flnforr	peing dri nation not	Tristope peing arryen			

REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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BURLEIGH COUNTY-(Continued)	11 7 7 1 8 1 0	SOUNTY	922 :9	NUTY	:::::	₽° : 'a :	GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	124	SOUNTY	۰	•
EIGH COUN	40 100 450 800 4,572	DIVIDE COUNTY	240 1,500 1,000 600 600	DUNN COUNTY		280 600 400	DEN VALI	No entry 70 100 200 200	GRANT COUNTY	200	•
	Berger Coal Mine Lauback Coal Mine Lind Coal Mine Peterson Coal Mine Wilton Coal Mine		Dougherty Coal Mine Hought Coal Mine Lorbeski Coal Mine Mathleson Coal Mine Truax Coal Mine		Armbernst Coal Mine ⁴ Bang Coal Mine ⁴ Biecha Coal Mine ⁴ Chase Coal Mine ⁴ Heiser Coal Mine ⁴	Hy Grade Coal Mine	GOL	Corliss Caol Mine		Black Diamond Coal Mine	sitrip pit finformation not furnished
	8888 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		83. 36. 36.		889444	1		48 61 61 62 7 62		00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00 00 00 0	<b>F</b>

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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

No. Name of Mine		Main Enery			Rooms	ms	
	Length	Width fee	Height feet	Length feet	Width	Heigth	Width of pillar feet
	180	2	9	75	14	9	:
58. Rock Coal Mine*	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	HETTINGE	HETTINGER COUNTY	:	:	:	:	:
60. Albrecht Coal Mine*	500	:•	:ª		;;	:•	:
Biliman Coal		2:	· :	3 :	•	• :	: :
Culver Coal Mine*		:	:	:	:	::	::
Havelock Co	100	:9	:9	:09	:16	:00	::
Kunze Coal Mine*	250	:9	:00	100	:	:01	::
Merry Coal Mine*	:	:	:	:	:	:	::
Nelson Coal	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Sadler Coal 1		;∞	:00	150	:	:9	:∞
Square I	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Utter Coal Mine*	::	::	::	::	::	::	•
	McLEAN	COUNTY					
Bitumina Coal	900	80	7	200	18	80	10
Borchardt Coal	400		م	150	12	<b>00</b> (	9
Field al Cost	000		Ĭ	100		201	999
Fredrich Coal	550			200	19	- 62	5 E
Garrison Coal Mine .	600	00	9	150	14	5%	15.
Hanson Coal Mine	400 600	- a	φu	135	12	- 0	10
Koenig Coal M			•	007-001		•	210
Pfister Coal Mine	001		6	2	12		; •: :•
86. Seibel Coal Mine*	007	- -	•	9.T	14—18	<u>م</u>	<b>2</b>
Ulrich Coal Mine	Abandoned		:		:	:	
•	. MERCER	MERCER COUNTY					
88. Beulah Coal Mine	415 300	Entry being	s driven	150	16 16-18	80 C	34 8-12

GRANT COUNTY--(Continued)

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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MERCER COUNTY(Continued)	150 20	150	100 300 300	220 220 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Abandoned 150	MORTON	Not in opr. 400	300	300	s,000	200	200	1,500	250	100	MOUNTRAIL. COUNTY	:	::	-
	90. Gallagher Coal Mine* 91. Golden Valley Coal Mine 92. Haven Coal Mine*	Lingoid Coal Mine* Keeley Coal Mine Keeler Coal Mine	kouloerg Coal Mine* Krem Coal Mine Lucky Strike Coal Mine	Myers Coal Mine************************************			Coopenhaver Coal Mine	Garneld Coal Mine [•]	Haymarch (	Knutson Coal M	Kramer Coa			Ormiston Coal Mine	Ramsland Coal Wadeson Coal	Σ	Blake Coal		Kale Coal A
	91. 92.				83 83		106.	10%	109.			115.	116.	118.			122.	124.	125.

R COUNTY-(Continu

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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*Strip pit. **No rooms turned.

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REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

	30 16 16	 10 8	16011	i; 10—12 	1416 20 810		45 14 14	20 16 6-8	10
	7 1/2 5 1/2 7	6-13 6-1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	يد موجو	5 1/2	00 + 1- 1-		vor-∞	.6 ½7½	
	13 8-10 16	:2723	144	13 12—14	112		14 1214 13 13	14 16 12—14	15
	$\frac{75}{175-200}$ 175-200 125	1100:	100001	100	100 - 125 100 - 125 100 - 200		100 1255 80	150 160	80 80
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ſY—(Contir	-101-	99459 77 77 77	o w ∞ ⊢ ∞	9-1-99	80 ¹⁰ 08	SOUNTY	 t~ 00 00 00	00 [~ 00 4] [~]	~ 80
WARD COUNTY-(Continued)	300 800 900 bandoned	1,400 1,400 1,150	1,700 60 60	2000 2000 2000 2000	2,600 2,600	WILLIAMS COUNTY	150 400 800 1aft being	600-700 600-700 100	400
WA.		Hou Duast Coal Hounewell Coal Johnson Coal Klondike Coal Larson Coal					Aanonson Coal Mine Black Beauty Coal Mine Black Diamond Coal Mine Big Four Coal Mine Brayant Coal Mine		
	155. 156.	159. 162. 162.	164. 165. 166.		173. 173. 176.	]	177. 178. 179. 181.	182. 183. 185.	187. 188.

**No rooms turned.

fUnderground and strip mining. Classified as strip pit.

(Continued)	
1	
WILLIAMS COUNTY-	

			Main Enery			Rooms	18	
°0 No	Name of Mine	Length feet	Width fee	Height feet	Length feet	Width feet	Heigth feet	Width of pillar feet
201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 201.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.0 200.00	Haugen Coal Mine Head Coal Mine Jutesbye Coal Mine Johnson Coal Mine Letin Coal Mine Letin Coal Mine Miller Coal Mine Mournan Coal Mine Narveson & Anderson Ccal Mine Narveson & Anderson Ccal Mine Seclamation Coal Mine Narveson Coal Mine Narveson Coal Mine Seclamation Coal Mine Vizina Coal Mine	1, 500 1, 500 1, 400 785 785 785 785 785 785 785 785 785 785	485-8 :トート 248880- 25 - 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 14:0 : 1 20: 14: 14: 14: 14: 14: 14: 14: 14: 14: 14	57% B 200 B	76 75 8150 150 150 100 driven. 60 70 70 100 100 100	16 14 14 14 14 14 16 16 16 16 16 16	معدد :هده مراحد معدد :مده	4048 :4114 418 : : 8088 :4214 4198 : :

fInformation not furnished.

Page <u>99</u> is a blank page in the original report.

Kind of How Drained Kind of Timber Av. Size Cost at Figor	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Gas driven pump	Ditch	clay Dry	Dry	NTY	clay	BOWMAN COUNTY	coal[5 ft. coal Dry	coal Gas driven pump R. R. Ties	BURKE COUNTY		clay Dry	Gas driven pump Cedar 6	clay  Tank nump		Gas driven pump Gas driven pump	BURLEIGH COUNTY	driven pump Cottonwood 8-10	Dry Cottonwood Cottonwood 6-	Dry Cottonwood 6- 8	
Kind of Roof feet	4 - 6 coal	1 coal	4 — 5 coal		4 coal	3 coal	1000 E	$2^{1/2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ coal		10 coal	6 coal 4 ft.			2 coal		Clav		2 CORI	}	3 - 4 coal	1/2 coal	2 coal	,
Name of Mine	Clermont Coal Mine Haynes Coal mine	Hettinger Flectric Light & Power Co. Coal Mine	Leff Coal Mine	Minnehaha Coal Mine	Pinkham Coal Mine	Stephenson & Gunderson Coal Mine	WILLIAM SOUL COAL MULLE	De Mores Coal Mine High Grade Coal Mine			Johnson Fuel Co. Coal Mine			Fenster Coal Mine	Hagen Coal Mine	Kielhock Coal Mine	Meade & Sims Coal Mine	Sunlight Coal Mine		Asplund Coal Mine		Lind Coal Mine	
No.	-i «i	ŝ	4 v				2	1212		14.	15.		16.	17.	19.	20.2	22	546		26.	800	88	

TABLE NO. 5 ADAMS COUNTY

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## REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
33. Dougherty Coal Mine       ½ coal       clay       Dry       Tamarack       6       22         34. Hought Coal Mine       ½-1       coal       clay       Gay       6       22         35. Lought Coal Mine       ½       coal       clay       Gay       6       22         35. Lought Coal Mine       ¼       coal       clay       Clay       Gay       6       22         36. Lought Coal Mine       ¼       coal       clay       Dry       mup       6       22         37. Truax Coal Mine       ¼       coal       Dry       country       Dry       6       22         37. Truax Coal Mine       ¼       coal       Dry       COUNTY       Tamarack       6       22	38.       Armbernst Coal Mine       Clay       Clay       Ditch       Clay       Clay	GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	48. Corliss Coal Mine6 coal6 coalcoalDitchNone49. Cusick Coal Mine6 coal6 coalcoalDitchNone50. Grimm Coal Mine4 - 5 coalcoalDitchNone51. Portem Coal Mine8 -10 coal12 ft. coalDitchNone52. Sentinel Butte Coal Mine6 coal12 ft. coalDryNone	GRANT COUNTY	53. Black Diamond Coal2- 214coalclayGas driven pumpCedar61854. Coffr Butte Coal Mine2- 214coalclayGas driven pump61855. Miller Coal Mine2- 214coalclayGas driven pump61855. Miller Coal MineclayGas driven pump61856. Willer Coal MineclayDry257. Patter Coal MineclayDry258. Wolford Coal MineclayDry259. Wolford Coal Mine	HETTINGER COUNTY	60.Albrecht Coal Mine56coal.clayDitch61.Arnold Coal Mine5-6coal.clayDry62.Biliman Coal Mine5-6coal.clayPump63.Biliman Coal MineclayDry64.Davis Coal Mine3coal.clayDry65.Havelock Coal Mine3coal.clayDry

DIVIDE COUNTY

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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	Approx. Cost at mine			25 129 20 20 22 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 22 26 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 20	20
	Av. Size inches				4×6 4×4
	Kind of Timber	Pine Pine Pine			Fine Pine Cedar.
HETTINGER COUNTY-(Continued)	How Drained	Ditch Gas driven pump Ditch Gas driven pump Gas driven pump Dry Ditch Almost Dry	McLEAN COUNTY	lay       Birg       Dry         lay       Dry       Cedar         Dry       Dry       Cedar         Dry       Dry       Cedar         Dry       Cedar       Cedar         Dry       Cedar       Cedar         Dry       Cedar       Cedar         lay       Dry       Cedar         Dry       Cedar       Cedar         lay       Dry       Cedar	Dry grain
TINGER COL	Kind of Floor	Clay clay clay clay clay clay clay	McLEAN	clay	clay clay clay
HET	Kind of Roof feet	Hard clay 4 coal 1 coal.		3       coal         4       coal         3       4       coal         3       1%       coal         3       4       coal         3       4       coal         2       3       coal         2       6       coal         3       -       4       coal         2       6       coal         3       -       4       coal         2       -       3       coal         2       -       3       coal         2       -       3       coal         3       -       4       coal         4       coal       coal         5       coal       coal         4       coal       coal         6       coal       coal	1 BlackJack
	Name of Mine	Kallis Coal Mine Kurze Coal Mine Merry Coal Mine Nelson Coal Mine Rumph Coal Mine Sadler Coal Mine Sadler Coal Mine Sturze Deal Coal Mine		To an	Myers Coal Mine
	No.	68 67 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 72		888888888888888888888888894444 4488888888	99. 100.

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## REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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101.         Retchengberg         Coal         Mine         Clay         Continued         8         15           102.         Reigel         Coal         Mine         clay         clay         Dry         Cottonwood         8         15           103.         Reigel         Coal         Mine         clay         Cattonwood         8         15           103.         Standard         Coal         Mine         5         ool         16           103.         Standard         Coal         Mine         5         ool         16	105CoopenhaverCool MineNot operatedclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclayclay	MOUNTRAIL COUNTY	122Blake Coal MineCast MineClayDry123Everson Coal MineCast Ditteh124Hoppe Coal MineCast Mine125Fale Coal MineCast Mine126Forger Coal MineClay127Rolgers Coal MineClay128Forger Coal MineClay129DitchCottonwood128Forger Coal MineClay129ClayClay129ClayClay120ClayClay121Rolgers Coal Mine122Rolaction Coal Mine123Rolders Coal Mine124Clay127Rolders Coal Mine128Rolaction Coal Mine129Clay129Clay120Clay121Rolaction Coal Mine122Rolaction Coal Mine123Rolaction Coal Mine124Rolaction Coal Mine125Rolaction Coal Mine126Rolaction Coal Mine127Rolaction Coal Mine128Rolaction Coal Mine129Rolaction Coal Mine129Rolaction Coal Mine120Rolaction Coal Mine120Rolaction Coal Mine121Rolaction Coal Mine122Rolaction Coal Mine123Rolaction Coal Mine124Rolaction Coal Mine125Rolaction Coal Mine126Rolaction Coal Mine127Rolaction Coal Mine128	Mine clay clay	Fleasant V Mine Vall Spring Vall

MERCER COUNTY-(Continued)

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

No.	Name of 1	Kind of Roof feet	Kind of Floor	How Drained	Kind of Timber	Av. Size	Approx. Cost at
135.	Tehelka Coal Mine White Ash Coal Mine Wooster Coal Mine	clay clay clay		Dry Dry Dry	Cedar Cedar	1ncnes 5 6	.11 .11 .11
137	Warner Cool 141-		SLOPE				11
			. clay l'umrs	I'umps			
138 139	Gross Coal Mine Hokos & Benek Coal Mine Lehizh Coal Mine	21% coal	STARK clay	COUNTY Dry Steam pump	R. R. Ties		
141. 142.		9 COBL.	clay	Dry Ditch	Tamarack	9	18
143. 144.	Fittsburg Coal Mine St. Mary's Coal Mine Zenith Coal Mine	3 coal 7 8 coal		Dry Steam Hand	Tamarack Tamarack Tamarack	606	18 18 25
			_		Tamarack	9	18
146.	Bartoshivich ('na! Mina						
147.	Burlington City Coal Mine Coflisch Coal Mine				Tamarack	 	.5075 23
149. 150.	Clark Coal Mine		_	Steam pump	None		
151.	Mine	3 CORL	_	Gas dr	Tamarack	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	52.0
153. 154.	Davis Coal Mine Dakota Coal Co. Coal	2 coal.	- clay	Box drain	Tamarack		25
	Mine Diamond Coal Mine	2 coal	clay	Electric pump	Tamarack		25
	Farmers' Coal Mine	2 - 3 cosl		Tank pump & siphon.	Tamarack	99	25
	Hot Blast Coal Mine	clay		driven pump	Tamarack Tamarack		1010
	Hunnewell Coal Mine	a coal		nohon	Tamarack		25
162.	Klondike Coal Mine	clay		k car	Tamarack Cedar		212.0
164.	Leeson No. 1 Coal Mine.	3 - 4 coal	Ji ft. clay	Dry	Tamarack	99	.25
165. 166.	Leeson No. 2 Coal Mine	6 - 7 coal	4 ft. coal	Gas driven pump	R. R. Ties	<u> </u>	
167.	Coal	3 coal clay	clay	Iriven pump	Tamarack	00   00   00	18

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RENVILLE COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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	21 25 18 15 15 17 20		.45	.25 .30 .30	.25	30 30 30	.30	. 45	.25.30	.25—.31	.32	.25
	6 6 6 6 8 8 8		5— 6 4x6	610 68 612		0 4 9 	<u></u>		8 88 	s	9	∞∞     
	Tamarack Bim & Tamarack Cedar None Tamarack Tamarack None Tamarack Cedar		Cedar	Cottonwood & Elm Cottonwood & Elm None Cottonwood & Elm	Cottonwood & Tam-	Brack	Tamarack Cottonwood	Cedar. Cedar. R. R. Ties.	Famarack	Tamarack	Tamarack	Cottonwood
(Continued)	Steam pump Dry Dry Gas driven pump Ditch Dry Gas driven pump Gas driven pump	COUNTY	Ditch	Dry Dry Gas driven pump	Dry Hand pump & siphon	Ditch Gas driven pump Dry Dry	Box drain Siphon Dry	Ditch Dry Hand pump	Dry Dry Dry	Dry	Tank car	dund
WARD COUNTY-(Continued)	clay clay clay clay clay clay clay clay	WILLIAMS COUNTY	clay	clay	clay	clay			clay	clay	clay	
3	clay coal clay clay coal coal coal		coal	coal coal coal	coal	coal coal coal	coal coal coal	coal coal	coal	coal	coal	coal
	5 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		нн	09 19 ⊣ 79    6	3   22   4	138H   	00     4 00		11 <u>4</u> 1	1 - 2	31/2	4
	Rich Coal Mine Seed Coal Mine National Coal Mine Square Deal Coal Mine Square Deal Coal Mine Tree-Busch Coal Mine Vadhals Coal Mine Wallace Coal Mine		Aanonson Coal Mine Black Beauty Coal Mine Black Diamond Coal	Mine Big Four Coal Mine Bryant Coal Mine Bryne Coal Mine	Mine Ellithorpe Coal Mine	Erkie Coal Mine Falk Coal Mine Folvog Coal Mine	Haugen Coal Mine Head Coal Mine Husebye Coal Mine	Johnson Coal Mine Lefn Coal Mine	:	Mine Control Mine Manager	Mine	Todă Coal Mine
	1768. 1770. 1772. 1778. 1766.		177. 178. 179.	180. 181. 182.	184.	185. 186. 188.		193.	196.	199.	006	201.

## STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

TABLE NO. 6 Adams county

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#### REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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	N.N. P. & S00 N. P. & S00 N. P. & S00 N. P. & S00 N. P. & S00		ಸಶಸ ರಂರ	000S		aaaaa ZZZZZ	adada ZZZZZ		adada ZZZZZ
	4 ml. Still 34 ml. Wilton 7 ml. Baldwin 43 ml. Wilton 24 ml. Usill 2 ml. Wilton 2 ml. Wilton on Spurl		1 ml. Noonan 1 ml. Noonan 1 ml. Noonan	7 mi. Alkabo		16 ml. Killdeer 14 ml. Dunn Center 1114, ml. Killdeer 8 ml. Dunn Center 214 ml. Diokinson	2 mi. Dunn Center 3% mi. Werner 1 mi. Werner 1% mi. Dodge 10 mi. Dunn Center		9 ml. Sentinel Butte 5 ml. Sentinel Butte 4% ml. Sentinel Butte 9 ml. Sentinel Butte 3% ml. Sentinel Butte
	Fuse and caps Fuse and caps Fuse Fuse Fuse Fuse Electric fuse		Squibs Squibs Squibs	Fuse and cap Souths	-	Fuse and cap Fuse and cap	Cap and fuse Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Cap and fuse Cap and fuse	¥	Fuse Fuse Fuse Fuse Fuse
	FFF FFF FFF FFF & FF FFF FFF Dyn. 25%	COUNTY	FFF FFF FFF 3000 and 4000	reni Trere	DUNN COUNTY	FFF 40% Dyn.	au ^{co} and 40% Dynamite 40% Dyn. Dynamite 31% Dyn. Dynamite	GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	444 447 447 477 477 477
ĒG		DIVIDE	1,000	1,000-	NND		1,000 1,000	I VAL	1,000
BURI	8 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	ם	61 19 19 19			None None None None	4 4sledges None None	GOLDEN	1 1,000 None None None
	26.Asplund Coal Mine		<ol> <li>Dougherty Coal Mine</li></ol>	Truax Coal Mine		None None None None None None	Paulson Coal Mine Steel Paulson Coal Mine None Purer & Logan Coal Mine. None Furee Star Coal Mine None		48. Corliss Coal Mine. Wood Wood Hard Coal Mine. Wood Control Kone 60. Grimm Coal Mine. None 61. Porter Coal Mine. None 62. Sentinel Butte Coal Mine. None 62. Sentinel Butte Coal Mine.
	. 1		•			•			

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

#### REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

No.	. Name of Mine.	Kind o	Kind of tract	No. of mine cars	Cap. of mine cars lbs.	Explosive Used	Means of Ignition	Distance from Shipping Station	Railroad	
53.	Black Diamond Coal Mine. Steel	١.		7	1,000 4	40% Dyn. &	หารค ลกดี กรุก	Ē	C M & S	ب ب
56. 56.	Coffin Butte Coal Mine Lehner Coal Mine Miller Coal Mine	None None None		None None None		40% Dyn.	Fuse and cap	16 mi. Figin 4½ mi. Leith 3 mi. New Leipzig	C. M. & St.	
57.	Patzer Coal Mine	2x4 & 2.	2x4 & 2x2 pine.	- 2	1,200	FFF	Fuse	2½ ml. New Leipzig	2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.937 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.9377 2.93777 2.9377 2.9377 2.93777 2.93777 2.93777 2.93777 2.93777 2.937777 2.937777 2.93777777 2.93777777777777777777777777777777777777	Ъ.
58.	Rock Coal Mine	None .		None.		40% Dyn.	Fuse and cap	3 mi. Heil & 4 mi. Leith	C. M. & S	st. P.
59.	Wolford Coal Mine None	None .		None.				4 mi. Elgin	N. P.	
				НЕТТ	HETTINGER	COUNTY				
09 19 19	Albrecht Coal Mine	None . 12 lb s	steel	None.	2,000	40% Dyn.	Fuse and cap	6 mi. Havelock 1% ml. Regent 4 mi Regent	AAA	ה. היהיה
288	Bulman Coal Mine Culver Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine	•••		None.			Cap and fuse Cap and fuse	9½ mi. New England 1 mi. Regent	1000 1000 1000	
199	Havelock Coal Mine	Steel .		Sone.		40% Dyn.	Fuse and cap Fuse and cap	1 mi. Havelock 3 mi. Odessa	4	
61- 88	Kunze Coal Mine.			A None.	2.000	_	Fuse and cap	414 mi. Havelock 12 mi. Mott	0.0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	цці ціці
69. 70.	Nelson Coal Mine Rumph Coal Mine	None .		None.		40% Dyn.	Fuse and cap	6 mi. Regent 6 mi. Mott	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	ค่ค่ เม่ม่อ
71.	Sadler Coal Mine	Steel .		Ŀ	3,000	40% and 30%	Ruse and can	Coalhank on Spir	-	
72. 73.	Square Deal Coal Mine Switzer Coal Mine Utter Coal Mine	None . None .		None		40% Dyn.	Cap and fuse	3 mi. Bently 2% mi. Regent 3½ mi. Odessa	CC.N.	St. P.
				Ŵ	McLEAN	COUNTY				
75. 776.	Coal Mine t Coal Mine it Coal Mine	12 lb. 12 lb. Steel	steel	949	1,000 $1,000$ $1,000$	Dynamite Dynamite 3.% Dyn.	Fuse and cap Cap and fuse Cap and fuse	7 mi. 3 mi. 1 1% mi.	N.Soo	
80.28 80.28	Fjelddal Coal Mine Fredrich Coal Mine Garrison Coal Mine	Steel . 12 lb. / Steele	Steel 12 lb. steel Steelesteel	4.0.85.0	2,000	Dynamite Dynamite 30% Dyn. Dynamite	Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Cap and fuse Fuse and can	41/2 mi. Underwood 41/2 mi. Underwood 1/4 ml. Garrison 1 41/6 ml. Underwood		
2	Hanson Dual without	17-01-51	10. 2101	2	1 000 1	DA HTTPOTT & CT	Tan ann ann - I		-	

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GRANT COUNTY

	888888888 888888888 888888888888888888		N. P.	dididi didididididididididididididididi	ddddd XXXXX	anaana XXXXXXX	N. P.	
	7 ml. Coleharbor 3 ml. Underwood 11 ml. Washburn 3 ml. Garrison 8 ml. Garrison 4% ml. Garrison		14 mi. Beulah	3½ mi. Beulah 1 mi. Hazen 2 mi. Golden Valley	ml, Golden Valley mi, Golden Valley 1 mi Hazen 3 mi, Beulah 8 mi, Hazen	614 mi. Krem 34 mi. Zap ni. Goden Valley 2 mi. Hazen 1 mi. Hazen 24 mi. Beulah	7½ ml. Beulah	214 mi. Flasher 214 mi. Hebron 7 mi. New Salem 4 mi. Hebron 614 mi. Hebron
	Cap and fuse 3 Cap and fuse 3 Cap and fuse 3 S		10% Fuse and cap	Fuse and cap Fuse and cap	Fuse and cap 3 Fuse and cap 3 Fuse and cap	Rude and cap Rude aquibs Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap	Ind Fuse and cap	Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap
McLEAN COUNTY	6 1,000 40% Dyn. None 1,000 2000 Dynamite 3 1,000 30% Dynamite None	MERCER COUNTY	2,000	Z [2,000 30% and 40% Dyn. & FFF None	1,000 1,000		2 2 2,000 40% Dyn. and MORTON COUNTY	None.         2.000         30%         Dyn.           None         2.000         30%         Dyn.         and           None         2.000         30%         Dyn.         and         and           1         2.000         80%         Dyn.         and         and <td< td=""></td<>
	12-16 Ib. steel & 2x4 wood None None Steel None None		. Steel	None Steel	ZXF WOOU	12-16 lb. steel & Wood * **** pine Steel & 4x4 pine 2x4 pine Steel Wood ***********************************	Steel	None
	Johnson Coal Mine Keenig Coal Mine Pfister Coal Mine Seibel Coal Mine Urrich Coal Mine		Beulah Coal MineSteel		. ⊾են	Krem Coal Mine Lucky Strike Coal Mine Others Coal Mine Reichengberg Coal Mine Reichengberg Coal Mine Standard Coal Mine	Schmidt Coal Mine	Coopenhaver Coal Mine None Garner Coal Mine Steel Barner Coal Mine Steel Harnisch Coal Mine Steel Haymarsh Coal Mine Steel Haymarsh Coal Mine 12 lb
	88883 76554			. 0010 100			104.	105. 1086. 1108.

EAN COUNTY

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

time of Mine. Kind of tract mine mine mine Distance from Cars Cars Used Ignition Shipping Station Railroad	Knutson Coal MineNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNoneNo		Blake Coal Mine	OLIVER COUNTY	Barlow Coal Mine None None None	RENVILLE COUNTY	Tehelka Coal Mine	SLOPE COUNTY	Coal Mine	STARK COUNTY	Coal Mine
Name of Mine.	Knutson Coal Mine Konstater Coal Mine Kamer Coal Mine Lange Coal Mine Lindstrom Coal Mine. North Star Coal Mine. Ormiston Coal Mine. Ormiston Coal Mine. Vadeson Coal Mine.		Blake Coal Mine Everson Coal Mine. Hoppe Coal Mine Kale Coal Mine Porger Coal Mine Sellers Coal Mine		Barlow Coal Mine Meyhoff Coal Mine. Pleasant Valley Coal Spring Valley Coal Tripp Coal Mine		Tehelka Coal Mine. White Ash Coal M Wooster Coal Mine				Gross Coal Mine Hokos & Benek Coa
No.		•	123. 125. 126. 126.	l	129. 130. 132. 133.	l	134. 136.		137.	I	138.

MORTON COUNTY-Continued

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

aadaad XXXXXX		Son S	200		008	000	Soo	008	002	Soo	Soo	002	2	Soo	000	800	Soo	800			Soo	002	Soo
At Lehigh 3 ml. South Heart 2 ml. Richardton Pittsburg on Spur 1 ml. Richardton At Zenith		10 mi Sawver	At Burlington	9 mi. sawyer 24. mi Kenmare	114 mi. Burlington	1 mi. Burlington	mi. Kenmare on Spur	Vanderwalker on Spur	1 mi. Kenmare		I I I I I I	Z ml. Burhngton		5 ml. Kenmare	bml. Donnyprook	11 ml. Velva	Ħ		7 mi Kanmara		2 mi. Kenmare		14 mi. Velva.
Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap Fuse and cap		Rue and can	Fuse	Fuse	Fuse	Fuse	Flige	Fuse		Fuse		Fuse F	Fuse and	squibs	T	Fuse and can		Fuse		H'11GA	Fuse	Fuse and cap [	Cap and fuse
40% Dyn. 30% Dyn. FFF 30% Dyn. 40% Dyn.	WARD COUNTY	40% Dwn	FFF	F F F	FFF	H'FF F	1.1.1.1 1.1.1.1	FFF		FFF		FFF FFF	FFF			40% Dyn.	.0% Dyn.	FFF		555	FFF	Dynamite	Dynamite
28 4,000 4 2,000 ne. 2,000 30 2,000	WARD	2 2,500-	8 3,000	2 2,000	0 2,000	5 2,000	6 2,500	5 2,000	2 1,200	6 11,000	:	1 10.00	00001		4 1,000	6 1,000	4 2,000	0 2,000 1	1,000		000	<u> </u>	ge
25 lb. steel 28 12 lb. steel None 20 lb. steel None Steel 30 12-18-24 lb. steel 30		12 lb. steel	12-16 lb. steel 11	IZ ID. Steel	<u>_</u>	12-16 lb. steel  1	14 Ib steel 4		12 lb. steel	2x4 pine  1 14 lb. Steel  1	None None	Steel	2x4 pine 4		12 lb. steel	None	12 lb. steel	-		Ding Steel	16-40 lb steel. 6	steel	None sledge
Lehigh Coal Mine		Bartoshivich Coal Mine 12 lb.	fine.	Mine	al Mine.			Mine	:	Farmers Coal Mine	Coal Mine[	al Mine			Mine	Mine	Coal Mine	ine1	Mine	111e		vine	Superior Coal Mine!? Tree-Bausch Coal Mine!N
140 141 142 143 145		146.	147.	148. 149						157.													172.

STARK COUNTY-Continued

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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

Railroad	Soo	Soo Soo		1 .	-		zzż 500		zz		777 200		izz joc			G. N.		zz oo
								<u> </u>										·
Distance from Shipping Station	1 mi. Kenmare	At Burlington 11 mi. Velva		ni Zahl	1 mi. Hanks	24 mi. Williston 3% mi. Miller's Spur	Miller's Spur Willer's Spur Williston	i. Hanks		Gladys	14 mi. Hanks 54 ml. Williston	ni Zahl	At Hanks	r P		. Hanks	Williston f. Hanks	Williston
Distar Shippir	1 mi.	At B 11 m		11/	1 mi	24 mi. 3% mi. ]	³ ml. ¹ 2½ ml. 3 ml.		1¼ ml.	8 m	5½ ml.	4 71 × 417	At H	12 ml.	4 mi.	1 mi.	44, mi. W	3 mi.
Means of Ignition	Fuse and squibs	ruse and squibs Cap and fuse		Fuse and cap	Fuse Fuse Fuse	Fuse	Fuse Fuse Fuse	Fus	Fuse	E.	and fuse	Fuse	R'186	Fuse	Fuse and can	Ruse and can		Fuse Fuse
EX EX	FFF TEFF	30% Dyn.	WILLIAMSCOUNTY	FFF and	FFF	FFF			FFF	<u>:द</u>	Dynamite	FFF & 40%	FFF	FFF	FFF & 300	a E E E		FFF
Cap. of mine cars lbs.	1.000	2,000	-LIAM	11,000	2,800		8000 8000 8000 8000	1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000	3,000	<u> </u>		1,000	2,800	2,500
No. of mine cars	11 8	4	MIL	H	17 12	None	900 II	H	6 None	None.	Noi	3.00	œ	None None	None.	4	23 None	ea 44
Kind of tract	lb. steel	SLOOL 19918			steel		Wood steel Wood 12 lb. steel		10 lb. steel	None	None	ine		•			16-30 lb. steel.	oine
Kine	8-12 1 19 15			Pine	Steel 12 lb.			None			None	2x4 pine	Steel	12 lb	None	Pine	16-30 None	Steel 2x4 pine
Name of Mine	•	Wood Coal MineSteel		Aanonson Coal MineIPine	Black Beauty Coal Mine Black Diamond Coal Mine.		East Ellithorpe Coal Mine	Erkie Čoal MineNone	Falk Coal Mine	Freeman Coal Mine	Head Coal Mine.	Coal Mine	Lein Coal Mine. Lovelov Coal Mine	Miller Coal Mine. 12 lb Moorman Coal Mine. None	Coal Mile	Samfoo Cool	:	Todd Coal Mine
No.	174.	176.		177.	178.		182. 184.	185.	186. 187.	188. 189.	190.	192.	193. 194	1961	197.	100	200	201.

WARD COUNTY-Continued

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

		Total value	<pre>\$ 11,873.00 24,000.00 14,155.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 1,600.00 3,113.55 1,725.00 3,113.55 1,725.00</pre>	58,313.55		1,214.00 36,433.65 15,532.80	53,180.45		2,738.00 22,708.75	25,446.75
	1917	Av. price per ton at mine	**************************************		-	2.00 1.65 2.40			1.85	
		Production	\$ 5,686 16,000 5,662 1,500 1,090 1,690 1,683 1,690 Not in operation	31,951		607 22,081 6,472	29,160		1,480	13,755
UNTY		Total value	\$ 5,823.40 14,262.50 5,562.50 2,711.50 1,067,55 2,322.25	31,758.70	UNTY	876.00 1,119.00	1,995.00	UNTY	$\frac{4}{25},950.00$	30,003.00
ADAMS COUNTY	1916	Av. price per ton at mine	<b>*</b> 1.75 2.50 2.00 1.65 1.65		BILLINGS COUNTY	1.50 1.50		BOWMAN COUNTY	1.65	
		Production	<ul> <li>4,166</li> <li>8,150</li> <li>8,150</li> <li>1,355</li> <li>1,355</li> <li>1,355</li> <li>1,327</li> </ul>	17,870		584 20,515 No report	21,099		3,300 13,744	17,044
		Name of Mine	Clermont Coal Mine Haynes Coal Mine Heitinger Electric Light & Power Co. Coal Mine Left Coal Mine Pearl Butte Coal Mine Minnehaha Coal Mine Reeder Coal Mine Reeder Coal Mine Coal Mine Coal Mine Coal Mine			De Mores Coal Mine High Grade Coal Mine Red Trail Coal Mine	Total		Bowman Coal Mine Johnson Fuel Co, Coal Mine	Total
		No.	Han 4667.00			ដង់ដ			14.	l

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

TABLE NO. 7

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	2.10         653.10           2.50         2.112.50           2.00         6.112.50           1.80         13.302.80           1.80         13.302.80           1.80         13.302.80           1.615         13.302.80           2.50         13.302.80           1.639.25         1.710.00           2.50         14.110.00           2.85         1.710.00		1.75         6,675.25           2.00         1.829.00           1.75         1.829.00           1.770         8,1420           1.770         8,632.90           1.770         8,632.90           1.770         8,652.90           1.770         8,652.90           1.770         8,652.90           1.71         445,049.73	465,605.38	2.60         .0,381.0           2.60         72,826.00           2.75         20,773.50           2.00         300.0)           2.50         125.700		2.75         550.00           1.50         300.00           1.50         300.00           2.00         400.00
	3, 845 3, 845 3, 845 7, 390 7, 391 7, 391 6, 644 6, 646 6, 6466 6, 6466 6, 6466 6, 6466 6, 6466 6, 64666 6, 646666666666	26,722	3.815 816 816 810 810 810 4 737 7 7 7 7 260,263 260,263 1	271,822	11,685 28,010 7,554 7,554 50,282 50,282 22,0282	97,681	200 200 200 200 200 200 200
-	4,600.00 4,11.15 12,803.00 12,823.50 12,823.50 11,840.00	1,242.65	4, 263, 00 668, 00 875, 00 3643, 50 2, 948, 75 2, 948, 75 303, 354, 36 26		2, 336, 00 30, 544, 80 9, 647, 75 51, 000, 00	3,528.55	
	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50	BURLEIGH COUNTY	1111 121215 1121		2.00 1.65 1.75 2.00	DUNN COUNTY	1.50
	No report 8,000 1,400 1,469 1,469 1,469 7,100 7,100 7,100 7,100	26,231	2,4% 500 2,082 2,082 21,682 213,822	226,901	1.168 18,512 5,512 5,512 25,500 25,500	50,693	3:09
	Bonsness Coal Mine Domrese Cual Mine Fargen Coal Mine Hagen Coal Mine Kielhock Coal Mine Kielhock Coal Mine Meade & Sims Coal Mine Suuther Coal Mine Suulight Coal Mine Suulight Coal Mine	Total	Asplund Coal Mine Backman Coal Mine Brager Coal Mine Laubach Coal Mine Lind Coal Mine Peterson Coal Mine Witton Coal Mine	Total	Dougherty Coal Mine Hought Coal Mine Lorbesh Coal Mine Mathisson Coal Mine Truax Coal Mine	Total	Armbernst Coal Mine Bang Coal Mine Blecha Coal Mine Chase Coal Mine
	828282899 8288 8288 8288 8288 8288 8288		33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33		33. 34. 37.		38. 39. 41.

BURKE COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

	Total value	$\begin{array}{c} 375.00\\ 2,108.00\\ 2,108.00\\ 3,575.25\\ 3,575.25\\ 950.00\end{array}$	11,008.50		800.00 450.00 2,044.00 900.00	4,544.00		5,040.00 2,765.00 1,600.00 1,800.00 1,200.00	11,977.50
1917	Av. price per ton at mine	122220000 222220000 2222000000000000000			2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00			2.00 1.75 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	
	Production	250 1,054 1,080 1,689 1,589 425	5,327		400 225 1,168 200 450	2,443		2,520 1,975 600 800 870	6,865
	Total value	375.00 875.00 2,240.00 1,400.00	5,488.00	Y COUNTY	300.00 1,164.00 450.00	1,914.00	UNTY	3,040.00 1,820.00 1,400.00 675.00 875.00	7,810.00
1916	Av. price per ton at mine	1.50 1.75 1.75 2.00		GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY	1.50 1.50 1.50		GRANT COUNTY	2.00 1.40 1.75 1.75 1.75	
	Production	250 500 1,280 700	3,129		No report 200 776 300 No report	1,276		1,520 1,300 800 450 500	4,570
	Name of Mine	Hetser Coal Mine	Total		Corliss Coal Mine Custok Coal Mine Grimm Coal Mine Porter Coal Mine Sentinel Butte Coal Mine	Total		Black Diamond Coal Mine. Coffin Butte Coal Mine Lebner Coal Mine Patzer Coal Mine Patzer Coal Mine Rock Coal Mine	Total
	No.	444488 4654488 766			48. 50. 52.			53. 55. 56. 58. 58.	

DUNN COUNTY-(Continued)

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

4, 1, 200, 200 2, 400, 000 2, 400, 000, 000 2, 400, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000, 00	38,497.10		13,670,50 1,132,80 1,132,80 4,1811,25 2,492,20 35,492,20 35,492,20 35,740,00 2,75,80,00 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000 3,500,0000000000	8,511.75 2,304.00 530.00 180.00
				2.25 1.60 2.00 2.00 2.00
244 2000 2541 2560 2560 2560 2560 2560 2560 2500 2500	17,799		7,196 7198 1,1466 1,1466 1,1466 1,1466 1,1496 1,1496 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,1996 1,199	3,783 1,440 265 90
2,602.50 1,000.00 1,000.00 1,600.00 1,725.00 1,725.00 1,725.00 1,226.00 8,360.00	13,577.50	UNTY	12,700.80 5,66.80 5,66.80 5,720.00 5,720.00 5,720.00 1,356.00 1,356.00 1,356.00 1,356.00 1,356.00 1,356.00 1,356.00 1,356.00	750.00
1.25 2.000 2.000 1.150 1.150 1.150 1.150 1.150 1.150 1.150 1.150 1.150		MCLEAN COUNTY	1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60 1.60	1.50
No report 2,085 1,065 1,000 1,150 1,150 No report 23,400 No report 2,400	10,352		7,938 No report 1,237 598 3,690 3,575 511 No report 19,312	No report No report
Albrecht Coal Mine Armoid Coal Mine Biliman Coal Mine Biliman Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Havelock Coal Mine Kunze Coal Mine Kunze Coal Mine Neison Coal Mine Square Deal Coal Mine Biguare Deal Mine Utter Coal Mine	Total		Bitumina. Coal Mine Borchardt Coal Mine Borchardt Coal Mine Fjelddal Coal Mine Fredrich Coal Mine Fradrich Coal Mine Hanson Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Fupp Coal Mine Fupp Coal Mine Fupe Coal Mine Fupe Coal Mine Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Curch Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine Frister Coal Mine	Beulah Coal Mine Dilger Coal Mine Gallagher Coal Mine Golden Valley Coal Mine
60. 61. 62. 63. 66. 66. 66. 66. 66. 66. 66. 66. 66			88888 8888 8888 8888 8888 888 888 888	88 90. 91.

HETTINGER COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

	Total value	1, 200,00 1, 200,00 1, 844,50 3, 072,00 2, 620,00 5, 508,00 5, 508,00 1, 678,25 1, 678,25	30,026.00		750.000 5,831.000 5,831.000 1,750.000 1,7205.000 1,246.40 1,246.40 1,246.60 4,486.50 9301.80 3311.80 62,906.45
1917	Av. price per ton at mine	z work only t work only 1.75 1.75 1.75 2.00 2.00 t work only 1.75 1.75 1.75			operation 
	Production	Development Development Development 1,536 1,536 1,530 1,530 1,530 1,500 1,530 1,530 1,530 1,530 2,734 Development	16,301		Not in c 500 500 3332 3332 3332 4,000 4,000 556 556 1,999 1,999 237 237 237 237 237 237 237 237
	Total value	540.00 540.00 1,070.00 2,836.00 15,788.25 15,788.25	22,501.75	COUNTY	2,230.00 1,877.40 1,877.40 18,696 19,60 12,116.00 5,437.50 1,320 1,320 1,320 1,320 1,320 1,320 1,320 1,375 1,375 1,375 1,375
1916	Av. price per ton at mine	1.80 2.00 1.50		MORTON CC	2
	Production	No report No report S35 535 1,418 1,418 1,019	12,787		1,115 1,341 1,341 1,360 1,8695 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,0000 1,0000 1,0000 1,00000000
	Name of Mine	Haven Coal Mine Haven Coal Mine Keeley Coal Mine Keeley Coal Mine Kealer Coal Mine Lucky Strike Coal Mine Myers Coal Mine Myers Coal Mine Miness Coal Mine Beichengerg Coal Mine Reichengerg Coal Mine Schmidt Coal Mine Reisel Coal Mine	Total		<ul> <li>Coopenhaver Coal Mine</li> <li>Filmer Coal Mine</li> <li>Filmer Coal Mine</li> <li>Filmer Coal Mine</li> <li>Harmisch Coal Mine</li> <li>Harmisch Coal Mine</li> <li>Haymarsh Coal Mine</li> <li>Haymarsh Coal Mine</li> <li>Kramer Coal Mine</li> <li>North Stac Stac Coal Mine</li> </ul>
	No.	92 93 94 94 95 94 95 94 95 94 100 100 100 102 103			

MERCER COUNTY-Continued

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

 	<u> </u>		·							
90.00 323.75 450.00 530.00 530.00 530.00 2.000.00	5,853.75		$\begin{array}{c} 1,040.00\\ 2250.00\\ 2,850.00\\ 1,500.00\\ 1,877.50 \end{array}$	6,492.50		500.00 375.00	875.00		400.00	400.00
00000000000000000000000000000000000000			1.60 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.35			2.50 2.50 t work only			1.00	
1,036 1,036 1,036 200 200 200 200	4,040		650 150 1,900 1,000 1,000	4,350		200 150 I)evelopment	350		400	400
1,940.00 460.00 1,080.00 1,200.00 500.00	5,170.00	UNTY	337.50 3.750.00 2.000.00 475.00 550.00	7,112.50	UNTY	537.50	537.50	COUNTY		
2.00 2.00 1.00 1.00	i	OLIVER COUNTY	1.35 1.25 1.25 1.25		RENVILLE COUNTY	2.50		SLOPE CO		
No report 970 840 600 600 600 600	2,910		2,550 1,600 440	5,170		215	215			
Blake Coal Mine	Total		Barlow Coal Mine	Total		Tehelka Coal Mine White Ash Coal Mine Wouster Coal Mine	Total		Krenz Coal Mine	Total
122. 123. 124. 126. 128.			130. 131. 132.			134. 135. 136.			137.	

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MOUNTRAIL COUNTY

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

			1916			1917	
No.	Name of Mine	Production	Av. price per ton at mine	Total value	Production	Av. price per ton at mine	Total value
138. 140. 141. 144. 144.	Gross Coal Mine	150 14,725 14,725 3,900 13,878 13,878 27,836	2.00 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.250 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.2500 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.25000 1.250000 1.25000 1.250000 1.250000 1.25000000000000000000000000000000000000	300.00 22,823.75 4,500.00 24,500.00 24,713 1,000.00 1,88,713	$\begin{smallmatrix} 40\\14,683\\300\\1,623\\1,523\\2,888\\1,711\\30,443\end{smallmatrix}$	80.899999999999999999999999999999999999	90.00 35.125.00 600.00 3.946.00 3.946.00 6.3.970.00 5.477.50 76.107.50
	Total	60,349		101,023.25	74,338		183,897.25
		-	WARD COUNTY	UNTY			
	Bartoshivich Coal Mine Burlington City Coal Mine Contron Coal Mine Contron Coal Mine Contan Coal Mine Contan Coal Mine Crossby Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Davis Coal Mine Partners' Coal Mine Partners' Coal Mine Foxhoim Coal Mine Hourston Coal Mine Hourston Coal Mine Larson Coal Mine Larson Coal Mine Larson Coal Mine Larson Coal Mine Leeson No. 2 Coal Mine	No report 2,657 2,509 1,720 2,509 1,722 1,722 1,722 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,723 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 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1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,773 1,	000000 2003: 200000000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2001: 2000000000 2000 2000 2000: 20000000000	19, 237, 50 2, 580, 00 2, 580, 00 5, 018, 50 5, 018, 50 5, 018, 50 10, 144, 00 11, 710, 00 11, 710, 00 11, 7710, 00 11, 772, 50 12, 754, 00 1, 4500,	575 575 5167 5167 5167 4,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 5,818 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STARK COUNTY

## REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

49 200.00 49 878.00 1,580.00 4,580.00 835.20 33,662.50 7,138.80	319,279.95	5,614,00 16,614,00 8,007,05 8,007,05 16,148,00 11,148,00 11,1400,00 11,1400,00 11,1400,00 11,1400,00 11,100,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 11,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,00 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 10,000	143,235.75
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16 626 16 626 161 161 13,465 3,966	130,807	3,825 8,793 8,793 8,703 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,150 1,1500 15,728 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,5000 1,5000 1,5000 1,5000 1,50000000000	71,000
39,770,00 39,770,00 1,086,75 1,686,75 2,250,00 23,928,00 5,034,00	218,612.75 0UNTY	80,00 154,00 1,080,50 1,080,50 4,805,50 1,4484,00 5,390,00 5,390,00 1,410,75 1,410,75 26,367,25 640,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,400,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,00 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000	96,601.50 al.
2.00 2.00 1.50 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	21 WILLIAMS COUNTY	2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.00000 2.0000 2.0000 2.0000 2.00000000	53,080   No sales or shipments of coal
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<ul> <li>[69. Seed Coal Mine</li> <li>[70. Stational Coal Mine</li> <li>[71. Square Deal Coal Mine</li> <li>[72. Superior Coal Mine</li> <li>[73. Superior Coal Mine</li> <li>[74. Vadnals Coal Mine</li> <li>[75. Wallace Coal Mine</li> <li>[76. Wood Coal Mine</li> </ul>	Total	<ul> <li>177. Aanonson Coal Mine</li> <li>178. Black Beauty Coal Mine</li> <li>181. Bryant Coal Mine</li> <li>182. Bryant Coal Mine</li> <li>183. Bryant Coal Mine</li> <li>184. Filthorpe Coal Mine</li> <li>185. Fark Coal Mine</li> <li>185. Frith Coal Mine</li> <li>189. Huseby Coal Mine</li> <li>191. Huseby Coal Mine</li> <li>192. Johnson Coal Mine</li> <li>193. Johnson Coal Mine</li> <li>194. Lein Coal Mine</li> <li>195. Morman Coal Mine</li> <li>196. Morman Coal Mine</li> <li>197. Narreson Coal Mine</li> <li>198. Mine</li> <li>199. Wile Coal Mine</li> <li>199. Wine</li> <li>200. Serbrok Coal Mine</li> <li>201. Todd Oal Mine</li> <li>202. Virina. Coal Mine</li> </ul>	Total

WARD COUNTY-Continued

# STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

PRODUCTION AND VALUE BY COUNTIES

		16		1123	17	
County	Output	Value	Ου	itput		Value
Adams         Billings         Bowman         Bowman         Burke         Divide         Divide         Dunn         Golden Valley         Grant         Hettinger         McLean         Mercer         Mountrall         Oliver         Renville         Slope         Stark         Ward         Williams		\$ 31,758.70 1,995.00 30,003.00 81,242.65 315,742.61 93,528.55 5,488.50 1,914.00 7,810.00 13,577.50 31,508.10 22,501.75 50,083.75 51,70.00 7,112.50 537.50 101,023.25 218,612.75 96,601.50		$\begin{array}{c} 31,951.\\ 29,160.\\ 13,752\\ 26,722\\ 271,822\\ 97,681\\ 5,327\\ 5,327\\ 2,443\\ 5,327\\ 2,443\\ 6,865\\ 17,799\\ 38,328\\ 15,801\\ 42,994\\ 4,040\\ 74,338\\ 130,807\\ 71,040\\ \end{array}$	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 58,313.55\\53,180:45\\25,446.75\\59,548.65\\465,605.38\\149,985.50\\11,008.50\\11,985.50\\11,983.45\\30,026.00\\62,906.45\\5,853.75\\6,492.50\\875.00\\400.00\\183,897.25\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279.95\\319,279,279\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,279,27\\310,279,279,27\\310,279,279,27\\310,279,27\\310,279,279,27\\310,279,279,27\\310,279,279,27\\$
Totals		\$1,166,211.61	\$	885,473	\$1	,709,039.48
MINES TH	AT SHIP COA	AL AND AMO	UNT			
Na	me of Mine			Ton 1916	s sì	nipped 1917
ADA 1. Clermont Coal M 2. Haynes Coal Min 8. Reeder Coal Min	MMS COUNTY			1, <b>31</b> 5,75	0	1,758 14,563 180
BILL 12. High Grade Coa 13. Red Trail Coal M	INGS COUNT			20,51		22,081 6,472
BOW 15. Johnson Fuel Con	MAN COUNT		•••••	7,97	7	6,820
BUF 17. Domrese Coal Mi 18. Fenster Coal Mi 20. Kielhock Coal M 22. Meade & Sims Co 23. Souther Coal Min 24. Sunlight Coal M	RKE COUNTY ne fine pal Mine ne line			2,00 5,00 5,61 4,60	D Ö	245 200 6,801 1,200 5,000 4.428
BURL 27. Backman Coal I 31. Peterson Coal M 32. Wilton Coal Mir	EIGH COUNT Mine line			202,58	4	150 40 243,039
DIV 33. Dougherty Coal 34. Hought Coal M 35. Lorbeski Coal M 37. Truax Coal Min	IDE COUNTY Mine ine line line			944 13,877 5,511 25,000	7 1	10,995 23,821 7,554 50,282
DUR 43. Hy Grade Coal	NN COUNTY Mine				ľ	241

	Name of Mine	1916 Tons s	1917 hipped
	GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY		
50.	Grimm Coal Mine	••••	75
	HETTINGER COUNTY		ł
65.	Havelock Coal Mine		1,000
67. 71.	Kunze Coal Mine Saddler Coal Mine Square Deal Coal Mine		500
72.	Square Deal Coal Mine	1,200	1,500
•	MCLEAN COUNTY		
75.	Bitumina Coal Mine Borchardt Coal Mine Elm Point Coal Mine Garrison Coal Mine Pfister Coal Mine	2,805	3,103
76. 77.	Borchardt Coal Mine		50
80.	Garrison Coal Mine		10,150
84. 85.	Pfister Coal Mine		500
86.	Rupp Coal Mine Setbel Coal Mine		140
<u> </u>	MERCER COUNTY		
88.	Beulah Coal Mine		3,783
89. 95.	Dilger Coal Mine		140   740
101.	Reichengberg Coal Mine		86
103.	Standard Coal Mine	2,985	820
_	MORTON COUNTY		
110.	Knutson Coal Mine		310
116. 120.	New Salem Coal Mine Ramsland Coal Mine	3,082	2,978
			200
	STARK COUNTY		
140.	Lehigh Coal Mine	14,725	13,622
141. 143.	North Creek Coal Mine Pittsburg Coal Mine	13,235	100 25,300
145.	Zenith Coal Mine	26,584	30,155
	WARD COUNTY		
147. 150.	Burlington City Coal Mine Colton Coal Mine	9,657 4,200	6,869 4,572
151.	Conan Coal Mine		2,500
153. 154.	Davis Coal Mine Dakota Coal Co. Coal Mine	10,000 7,632	12,309 9,991
157.	Foxholm Coal Mine	3,500	3,976
160. 163.	Hunnewell Coal Mine	• • • • • •	270 500
164.	Larson Coal Mine Leeson No. 1 Coal Mine Lloyd Coal Mine		120
166. 170.	Lloyd Coal Mine	8,377	17,481 11,054
172.	National Coal Mine Superior Coal Mine		100
$\frac{175.}{176.}$	Wallace Coal Mine	11,964	13,464 196
	WILLIAMS COUNTY		
178.	Black Beauty Coal Mine	9 600	1,829
179. 182.	Black Ditmond Coal Mine Bryne Coal Mine	3,500	3,906 827
184.	Ellithorpe Coal Mine	248	495
190.	Head Coal Mine	3,298	200 2,972
<b>194</b> .	Lovejoy Coal Mine		6,200
	otal	427,688	607,240

						1914	GINEBIC						•
	Date	Jan. 16			Mar. 3			Aug. 17 Dec. 11	l I	Oct.		Oct. 8	
	Cause	When pulling out with a loaded car out of his turn, he met another driver, jumped on the wrong side of a loaded. car and was crushed.					Jumped on cage after it started and only got partly on. Was carried up hanging on cage and got crushed be- tween cose and itm-	bers Coal fell on him		He went back on his shots and was killed by mistaking one hole that had not gone off.		Fell down shaft Oct. 8	
	Nature of Accident	Crushed	-1917				Killed	Killed		Killed		Killed	·
STARK COUNTY	Married	No	DENTS	COUNTY	No	COUNTY	Yes	No	WARD COUNTY	. No	COUNTY	No	
STARK	Address	Boyceville, Wis	FATAL ACCIDENTS-1917	BOWMAN COUNTY	Schwan Bowman, N. D No	BURLEIGH COUNTY	Wilton, N. D	Wilton, N. D No	WARD	Burlington, N. D.	WILLIAMS COUNTY	Williston, N. D.	
	Name of Employee	Martin Bjorkman Boyceville, Wis			William Schwan		MineJohn George	Joe Wiercinski.		Carl Reidel		Mine Jake Setzler Williston, N. D No	
	Name of	Lehigh Coal Mine			Bowman Coal Mine		Wilton Coal Mine			Davis Coal Mine Carl Reidel Burlington, N. D. No		Husebye Coal Mine	
	No.	140.			14.		32.	ļ	a a	193.		191.	

# FATAL ACCIDENTS-1916

REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

NON-FATAL ACCIDENTS-1916

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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Name of Mine	Name of Employee	Address	ess	Married	Nature of Accident	Cause	Date
And	Andrew Walker.	Wilton	:	Yes	Ankle sprained	Riding on cutting ma- chine and foot got caught	Mar. 4
Her	Herman Henning Wilton	Wilton		No	Body squeezed and back Fall of coal	Fall of coal	Mar. 10
James	1es Easton	Wilton		No	Back bruised Driving team and fell off wagon	Driving team and fell off wagon	Apr. 20
Emfl	11 Polzin	Wilton	:	No	Arm broken	Kicked by horse on farm	May 5
<u>ц</u>	P. Bartholomew. Vilton	Wilton.	:	Yes	Leg bruised	Foot caught between motor and car	June i6
<u>r</u> .1	J. H. Rogers	Wilton	:	Yes	Four toes broken	Coal fell on foot	June 16
Christ	tst Edinger.	Wilton	:	Yes	Back sprained	Pushing car and slipped	July 10
	William Ollen- burger	Wilton		ON.	Left leg bruised above ankle	above Driving coal wagon and got caught between wagon and building	Sept. 14
MIR	Mike Cidar	Wilton	:	No	Finger bruised		Oct. 2
Mar	Martin Munson	Wilton		Yes	Scalded on leg	Pipe blew looge from boiler while blowing off	Oct. 26
w.	W. P. Gilmore	Wilton	:	No	Side bruised	Fell off stool while put- ting up sights	Dec. 13
Jake	e Patrick	Wilton		Yes	Cut in calf of leg Machine tooth ran in leg	Machine tooth ran in leg and mule started and	ļ
Dan	Quigley	Wilton	:	Yes	Funger mashed		Dec. 20
Emil	il Polzin	Wilton	:	No	Foot injured	Lifting car on track and got caught between	Dec. 22
Fritz	z Johnson Wilton	Wilton	:	No	End of thumb nearly cut Had hand on rail when off	Had hand on rall when machine lack fell down	Dec. 22

# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

.20			л	EPU.	RI OF	<u>61</u>		EA		N EL EI		<i>.</i>	· -
			.Aug. 19		July		Oct. 18	No record			Dec. 8		
			Lost right eye Crimped cap too low with crimpers		Two lègs broken Pulling roof and was caught in the fall		Leg broken Coal fell on him	Body bruised Koal fell on him No record	Went back on shot		Fall of coal	Caused by horse going off track while driver held his foot on spread- er chain	He walked into room where shot had been placed thinking it had missed fire
NTY		NTY	Lost right eye	NTY	Two lègs broken	NTY	Leg broken	Body bruised		NTY		Broken leg	
HETTINGER COUNTY	No	MORTON COUNTY	No	STARK COUNTY	No	WARD COUNTY	No	$\mathbf{Yes}$	No	AMS COUNTY	Yes	Yes	Yes
HETTIN	Havelock	MOR	Hebron	ST.	Krenz Zenith	3	Velva	Donnybrook.		WILLIAMS	Williston		Williston
	Mine  Joe Schmidt  Havelock		F. Sezepanick Hebron		1		John Marten Velva	John Miller	arl Peterson		Hans Fossum	Mine   George S. Wish-	E. F. Win Williston
	Havelock Coal Mine		110. Hebron Coal Mine F.		Zenith Coal Minejas.		Bartoshivich Coal Mine	158. Hot Blast Coal Mine. John Miller	Lloyd Coal Mine Jarl Peterson		184. Ellithorpe Coal Mine. Hans Fossum Williston	191. Husebye Coal Mine.	
	65. H		110. I		145. Z		146. H	158. I	166. I		184. E	191. F	

REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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ACCIDENTS-1917	
NON-FATAL	

BURLEIGH COUNTY

° X	Name of Mine	Name of Employee	Address	Married	Nature of Accident	Cause	Date
32.	32. Wilton Coal Mine F. W. Seeley Wilton	F. W. Seeley	Wilton	Yes	Bruised leg	Fell under car wheel	Jan. 17
		Henry Ollenbur- Wilton	Wilton	No	Foot bruised	Foot bruised Loaded car ran over foot	Jan. 26
		Elmer Johnson. Wilton	Wilton	No	Foot scalded Slipped into sump which	Slipped into sump which	
		John Yakawanko Wilton	Wilton	No	Bone in leg near ankle Falling coal	Falling coal	Feb. 2 Feb. 2
		Nuffrey Nyknan- ko	Wilton	Yes	Foot bruisedStruck by motor and	Struck by motor and partly run over	Feb. 8
		Mike Garowski Wilton	Wilton	Yes	Knee wrenched Digging ditch and broke through snow wrench- ing knee	Digging ditch and broke through snow wrench- ing knee	Mar. 1
		Roy Elde Wilton	Wilton	No	Nose broken and face bruised	face Driving team, sled turn- ed over and team ran away	Mar. 10
		Andy Walker Wilton	Wilton	Yes	Both bones in right leg Cutting broken between knee slipped and ankle swung	Cutting machine jack slipped and machine swung around	Mar. 19
		3. W. Howard Wilton	Wilton	No	Left leg bruised between Foot caught between car knee and ankle	Foot caught between car and cage	May 1
		Mike Doneluke Wilton	Wilton	Yes	Toes bruised	Loading rails and dropp- ed une on his foot	May 29
		George Gilmore Wilton	Wilton	 N0	Face cut	Piece of sheet iron fell and struck him on face July 17	July 17
		Mike Doneluke Wiltun	Wilton	Yes	Flesh on end of finger cut off	lesh on end of finger Finger caught between cut off rope and pulley on car puller	July 24

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July.24	Sept. 8	Sept. 13	Sept. 28	Oct. 6	Oct. 20	Nov. 2	Nov. 26	Dec. 21	Dec. 31	Nov. 21	Nov. 21
Plece of hot steel or bab- bit flew into it	Feam ran away and he fell off and got run over	Car Jumped off track and hit his knee	Swinging around trolley pole and it jerked up and pulled out his shoulder	Hand caught between cutting machine and pipe while machine was running	Was going to pull out block from under car and his glove got caught and car ran over his finger	Kicked by mule	Car jumped off track and caught leg be- tween bumpers	back, Coal fell on them	Itscaping steam	and Small amount of powder on track was lighted and exploded on open keg of powder	Small on and keg
Left eye injured	ltlbs broken	Knee bruised	Shoulder pulled out of socket	Several fingers broken, one had to be partly amputated	Finger crushed	Face cut and bruised Kicked by mule	Leg bruised	Bruised about back,	Hand scalded	Hands, face, back and side burned	Hands, face and back burned
Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	DUNN COUNTY	Yes	Yes
									ם בייי		
	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Wilton	Dodge	Dodge
G. E. Lamphier. Wilton	Christ Janner Wilton	Alex Dutton	Nick Adamyk	Alvin Lange	Martin Barrett	Walter Meyers	John Liskobar	Stanley Zubus	M. D. Gilard Wilton	Sloan Coal Mine Lee O'Brien	Boul Fritz Dodge
Mine										Mine	
Wilton Coal										Sloan Coal	
32.										46.	

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# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

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Date	Nov. 21		Mar.	Oct.	Nov. 7	Nov. 21	Dec. 13	Dec. 13		Nov.15		Oct. 26
Cause	Small amount of powder on track was lighted and exploded on open keg of powder		Falling coal	Cable broke letting car	Fall of clay	Fall of clay	ln	Caught in automatic cage		While lifting a practical- ly derailed car onto the	fell on his side	leg, later ampu- Car which broke from abuve ankle steel cable ran over his leg
Nature of Accident	Hands and bace burned. Small amount of on track was and exploded keg of powder	NTY							4TY	Bruise	Crushed	Broken leg, later ampu- tated abuve ankle
Marrieđ	°N	DIVIDE COUNTY	No	Yes	No	No	Nö	NO	M¢LEAN COUNTY	Yeh	Yes	 2 N
Address	[]])odge	ND	Nounan	Noonan	Nounan	Noonan	Noonan	Noonan	McL	Underwood .	Garrison	 Garrison
Name of Employee	Ralph Norton		D. Ford	Chas. Johnson	Richard Sund-	L. Kinney	Ray Tourtelotte.	Joe McGovern		F. E. Lilly	Sam Danlels Garrison	Erick Ablestad
Name of Mine			Dougherty Coal Mine.		Truax Coal Mine					77. Elm Point Coul Mine F. F. Lilly	Garrison Coal Mine	Johnson Coal Mine
No.			33.		37.					77.	80.	82.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

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			WAI	WARD COUNTY	NTY		
151.	151. Conon Coal Mine Max Schaenhcar. Burlington! No	Max Schaenhcar.	Burlington	No	liroken log	on him	Oct. 15
156.	156. Farmers' Coal Mine. John Hagen Howbells	John Hagen	Bowbells	ίν	Ihulsed hack Falling clay		Uct. 4
		Jack Hansen	Hansen Bowbells;	No	Bruised back Fulling clay		Dec.
157.	157. Foxholm Coal Mine., J. O. Strome Foxholm	J. O. Strome	Foxholm	No	Cuts about the head Recurred to room before all should had exploded	before	Oct. 24
		Louis Tony Foxhelm	Foxholm	Yes	Ititurned to room before ull shots had exploded	befure thuded	Oct. 21
170.	170. Smith Coal Mine Theo. Jäkken Kenmare	Theo. Jakken	Kenmare	Yes	Throken limb Fulling clay July 19	ļ	July 19
		Phillip Hallick Kenmare	Kenmare	Ves.	Broken limb		May 11
		Flias Aaland Kenmare	Kenmare	No	Isroken limb [Fulling clay		Oct. 24
176.	176. Wood Coal Mine John Segal Velva	John Segal	Vėlva	Yes	Strained leg	on him	Feb.
			WILLIAMS COUNTY	MS COL	NTY		
182.	182. Bryne Coal Mine Charles Vance Williston	Charles Vance	Williston	Yes	Bruised and shaken Full off trestly Drc. 5		Dec. 5
184.	Ellithorpe Coal Mine. Fredricks. Williston	řrick Fredricks.	Williston	No	Arkle summined and face Falling roof Jan. 10 scratched		Jan. 10
		Hugh Thompson. Williston	Williston	No	Fuce cut and hand bruls- Went back on his shot   Jun. 22	shot	Jun. 22

# REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

# ADDITIONAL COAL MINE DATA

## ADAMS COUNTY

1. CLERMONT COAL MINE.

The Clermont Coal Mine, owned and operated by the Clermont Coal Company of Haynes, is situated about two miles northwest of Haynes. Mr. A. W. Peterson is in active charge of the mine. The coal bed is 16 feet thick and is reached by a slope. About six feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is required. A steam holst is used for hauling the cars from the mine, and the tipple is provided with two stationary screens and two storage bins having a combined capacity of 20 tons. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The mine buildings consist of an office and store rooms, a dwelling house, a powder house, barns, and a tipple. When inspected January 29, 1918 this mine was in very good condition.

2. HAYNES COAL MINE.

The Haynes Cooperative Coal and Mining Company of Aberdeen, S. D. owns and operates the Haynes Coal Mine. This mine is situated two and one-half miles northeast of Haynes and is connected to the main line of the C. M. & St. P. by a spur, over which the Company operates its own locomotive. The coal bed is about 15 feet in thickness and is reached by a slope through which the coal is hauled to the tipple by a steam hoist. From four to five feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timber is necessary. The tipple has a five ton hopper into which coal is dumped for local trade, and a chute for loading the coal into hox cars. The office and scale room is situated on the tipple also. The buildings consist of a tipple, a power plant, a rooming house, a round house, a boarding house, a miners' cabin, two residences, and a barn. A 175 H. P. engine with 250 volt generator is to be installed during the summer of 1918 and motor haulage and undercutters will be used. J. B. Slosson is president of the company, and Martin Smith acts as mine manager.

With the exception of inadequate ventilation, the conditions were satisfactory when the mine was inspected January 28, 1918.

8. HETTINGER ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER CO. COAL MINE.

The Hettinger Electric Light and Power Co. Mine is owned and operated by Gus Smith and Tony Schmickrath, who operates it in connection with their power plant which is located five miles north of Hettinger. The coal bed is 10 feet thick and reached by a slope. Water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a steam pump. A Jeffry electric undercutter is used, and the coal is hauled from the mine to the tipple by means of a steam hoist, where it is dumped automatically into a chute provided with a three inch screen. The coal is loaded into wagons and the screenings are used in the boiler room. The power plant at this mine supplies the town of Hettinger with electricity. The mine buildings consist of a power plant and a tipple, two dwellings, two barns, and a powder magazine. Air circulation is secured through the slope of the old mine.

Conditions were satisfactory on January 28, 1918.

## 4. LEFF COAL MINE.

The Leff Coal Mine, owned and operated by Albert Leff, is situated one and one-half miles southeast of Reeder and is worked as a surface mine. From 10 to 14 feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. The coal bed is eight feet thick and the clay is removed by means of  $\cdot$ . Vulcan steam shovel. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a gas driven centrifugal pump. This mine was inspected January 26, 1918.

5. PEARL BUTTE COAL MINE.

The Pearl Butte Coal Mine, located eleven and one-half miles from Haynes, is owned by P. W. Boehm and is leased and operated by Clarence Holdridge. Coal at this point is 12 to 14 feet in thickness and is reached by a drift about 250 feet in length. Powder is purchased in fifteen hundred pound lots and is stored a quarter of a mile from the mine. One keg is allowed in the mine at a time and all shots are fired at noon and evening. 6x6 and 6x8 posts are used for timbering. The mine is dry.

6. MINNEHAHA COAL MINE.

The Minnchaha Coal Mine is located about two miles northwest of Reeder, and is owned and operated by Andrew Jepson. The coal bed which is from two to three and one-half feet in thickness is mined by stripping, and from five to seven feet of clay must be removed before the coal is exposed. Some water is encountered and this is drained off by means of an open ditch.

The foregoing report was made March 8, 1918.

7. PINKHAM COAL MINE.

The Pinkham Coal Mine, situated ten miles northeast of Haynes, is owned and operated by Wm. Pinkham and supplies only a local trade. There are two beds of coal, the lower one 14 feet thick and the upper one two feet thick, with a parting of clay 18 inches thick. The coal is reached by a slope, about four feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is necessary. Veutilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The coal is screened at the tipple. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, a tipple, a barn, and a dwelling.

On January 27, 1918 the conditions in this mine were very good.

8. REEDER COAL MINE.

The Reeder Coal Mine is a new mine, located three quarters of a mile southeast of Reeder. It is owned by the National Briquetting Company of Minneapolis and operated by the Reeder Coal Company, with J. L. Hjort acting as manager. The coal bed is eight feet thick and is reached by a drift. A dump is provided for loading the coal into wagons. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, a bunk house, a boarding house, and a barn. . On January 25, 1918 the entries had been driven 150 feet and no rooms had been turned.

## 9. STEPHENSON AND GUNDERSON COAL MINE.

The Stephenson and Gunderson Coal Mine, located about three miles northeast of Haynes, has a coal bed about twelve and one-half feet thick.

During the winter of 1915 and 1916 the coal mine caught fire in a part of the old works. This section was sealed from the other part of the mine and the driving entries were continued, but the fire broke through into the part of the mine that was being worked, so the mine had to be sealed and abandoned.

When the mine was inspected January 2, 1918 a new slope was being driven a short distance from the old mine.

## 10. WILLIAMSON COAL MINE.

The Williamson Coal Mine is located about two miles north of Haynes. The coal bed is 15 feet thick and reached by a slope. As this mine was only recently opened, the entry has only been driven a short distance and only one room has been started. About 10 feet of the coal is removed, leaving five for a roof. The coal is hauled by horse power from the mine to the tipple where it is dumped into a chute of two and one-half tons capacity.

Conditions were found satisfactory when the mine was inspected January 28, 1918.

## BILLINGS COUNTY.

#### 11. DEMORES COAL MINE.

The DeMores Coal Mine, situated about half a mile from Medora, is owned by the Northern Pacific Refrigerator ('ar ('ompany and is leased and operated by H. G. Kinmarck. The coal bed is about eight feet thick and is entered from the side of a steep bluff. About two feet of coal is left for the roof and considerable timbering is done. The coal is hauled by hand from the mine to a small tipple, where it is dumped directly into wagons. This mine supplies only the local demand. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. Conditions were satisfactory when it was inspected January 15, 1918.

#### 12. HIGH GRADE COAL MINE.

The High Grade Coal Mine which is situated on a spur just east of the town of Medora is owned and operated by N. D. Nichols. The coal bed is from seven and a half to nine fest in thickness and is reached by a drift from the side of the bluff. From one and a half to two feet of coal is left for the roof and considerable timbering is done in the rooms, while very little is necessary in the entries except where they have been affected by a squeeze. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and gas driven fan. The tipple is provided with three chutes, one for run of mine coal, one for screen coal and one for slack. The mnie buildings consist of an office and store rooms with shower bath in connection, a boarding house, a powder magazine, two bunk houses, one dwelling, a tool house, a blacksmith shop and a tipple house. When this mine was inspected January 15, 1918 conditions were very good.

## 13. RED TRAIL COAL MINE.

The Red Trail Coal Mine is situated on a spur at Little Missouri which lies just across the river from Medora. It is owned and operated by the Broodie Coal Mining Company of Dickinson, with Roy Butler acting as Superintendent. The coal bed is seven feet thick and only two feet are left for a roof. Considerable difficulty has been experienced in holding the roof, a great many timbers being necessary. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The tipple is provided with two chutes, one with a three inch screen and the other for loading slack into box cars. The mine buildings consist of a blacksmith shop, a tipple, a powder house, an office and work rooms. Conditions in and about the mine were in a very satisfactory condition when inspected January 15, 1918.

## BOWMAN COUNTY

## 14. BOWMAN COAL MINE.

The Bowman Coal Mine which is located about five miles north of Bowman is owned by Jas. Touhey but is leased and operated by J. C. Palmer. The coal bed is about 30 feet thick and is reached by a slope. About 15 feet of coal is mined, leaving 10 feet for a roof and about five feet in the floor. At this level no water is encountered, though water is found at the bottom of the coal. There are turned off the entry rooms which are being driven too wide considering the small number of props that are being used. The mine buildings consist of office and scale room, a tipple, a small house, and a barn. This mine was inspected January 25, 1918 and found to be in fair condition.

## 15. JOHNSON FUEL COMPANY COAL MINE.

The Johnson Fuel Company Coal Mine is owned by the Johnson Fuel Company and is situated at Scranton. A spur connects the mine with the Milwaukee Railway. A tipple is provided with two clutes for loading the coal into box cars. No screens are used, the slack being removed by forks in the cars. The coal bed which is being worked is 19 feet thick, and three feet below this bed is another bed of coal 12 feet thick. The coal bed is reached from a slope and a double entry system of mining is used. Six feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is necessary. Some water is encountered which is removed by a gas driven pump, and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and caved rooms. A briquetting plant for making briquettes without a binder is situated beside this mine. It is the intention of the Company to install more units at this plant and the underground method of mining is to be abandoned. The company has bought a large steam shovel for stripping purposes, as from 10 to 30 feet of clay overlies this coal. When the mine was inspected January 26, 1918 conditions were satisfactory.

## BURKE COUNTY.

## 16. BONSNESS COAL MINE.

The Bonsness Coal Mine, owned by O. E. Bonsness, is situated three and one-half miles south of Stampede. The coal bed is from four to five feet thick and the mine is operated as a surface mine. About nine feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. Some water is

encountered which is removed by a tank rump. This mine was opened in the fall of 1917 and supplies only a small local demand. It was inspected March 7, 1918.

### 17. DOMRESE COAL MINE.

This mine was formerly owned by H. J. Domrese but recently has been purchased by Carl Larson who operates it as a surface mine. It is situated about five miles southwest of Columbus. The coal bed is from nine to ten feet in thickness and from eight to ten feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed with a gas engine driven centrifugal pump. The mine was inspected March 7, 1918.

## 18. FENSTER COAL MINE.

The Fenster Coal Mine, situated about four and one-half miles southwest of Larson, is operated by Wagner & Haffner. The coal bed is from nine to ten feet thick and the mining is done mostly by stripping although during the summer months some underground work is done. In stripping, from 10 to 15 feet of clay has to be removed. A steep slope has been driven into the coal where some underground work is done. A small tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. The mine was inspected March 8, 1918 and was in a safe condition.

## 19. HAGEN COAL MINE.

The Hagen Coal Mine, situated nine miles east of Noonan, is owned and operated by Hagen Brothers. The coal bed is six feet thick and is reached by a slope through which the coal is hauled to a tipple by a gas engine hoist. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by a gas engine driven pump. This mine supplies only a small local demand. The foregoing report was made January 9, 1917.

## 20. KIELHOCK COAL MINE.

The Kielhock Coal Mine, owned and operated by Kielhock and Wixom, is situated four and one-half miles south of Columbus. The coal bed is from eight to ten feet thick and the mine is operated as a surface mine. From 10 to 18 feet of clay has to be removed and this is done during the summer months by contract. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by a gas driven certrifugal pump. Coal is shipped from this mine by hauling it to Columbus or to a spur three and a half miles distant. When it was inspected March 7, 1918 about 4000 tons of coal were found stripped.

## 21. MAKEE COAL MINE.

The Makee Coal Mine is situated seven miles north of Columbus. It is owned by the Shannon G. Ruffcorn estate and is leased and operated by Charles Tauber. The coal bed is six feet thick and reached by a shaft 40 feet deep. The coal is hoisted through the shaft by a team and cable where it is dumped from the tipple directly into wagons. An old slope opens into a coulee and provides ventilation. Some water is encountered which is removed by means of a tank pump. When inspected March 7, 1918 the mine was found practically worked out. It is the plan of the operator to drive a shaft on the side of the coulee where it will not be necessary to hoist the coal.

## 22. MEADE AND SIMS COAL MINE.

The Meade and Sims Coal Mine is situated four and a half miles south of Columbus. It is owned by William Metzger and leased and operated by J. Meade and M. Sims who operate it as a surface mine. The coal bed is eight feet thick and about seven feet of clay must be removed before the coal is exposed. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a gas driven rotary pump. Most of the coal from this mine is hauled to Columbus and shipped. It was inspected March 7, 1918.

## 23 SOUTHER COAL MINE.

L. Souther owns and operates the Souther Coal Mine which is situated four miles southwest of Larson. The coal bed is from nine to eleven feet thick and is reached from a short slope driven from the bottom of a small coulee. A steam hoist is used for hauling the coal from the mine. Some water is encountered which is removed by a steam driven centrifugal pump. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling house, a bunk house, a barn, a boarding house, a powder house, and a tipple. When the mine was inspected March 8, 1918 the slope was found full of water and the mine could not be entered. The slope is situated so that the melting snow runs into it during the spring thaw.

## 24. SUNLIGHT COAL MINE.

The Sunlight Coal Mine, formerly known as the Greenup Mine, is owned and operated by J. S. Greenup. It is situated four and a half miles southeast of Columbus. The coal bed is 10 feet thick and is operated as a surface mine. About 18 feet of clay has to be removed from the coal and a Marion two and a half yard steam shovel is used for stripping purposes. The clay is hauled from the shovel in small dump cars. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a gas engine driven pump and tile drain. Most of the coal from this mine is hauled to a spur and shipped. The mine was inspected March 7, 1918.

## 25. ZIMDARS AND HALL COAL MINE.

The Zimdars and Hall Coal Mine is situated five miles south of Lignite. The mine, which is owned by Ole Beckedahl but leased and operated by H. Zimdars and J. Hall, was opened in the fall of 1917. The coal bed is eight feet thick and reached from a slope, and about two feet of coal is left for a roof. The tipple is provided with a gas engine hoist and scale and the coal is dumped directly into wagons. Water is pumped from the mine by means of a gas engine but no means of ventilation has been provided. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling house, a bunk house and an engine house. The mine was inspected March 8, 1918 and conditions were found to be fairly good.

#### BURLEIGH COUNTY

The Asplund Coal Mine, situated four miles southeast of Wilton, is owned by Wm. Asplund, but leased and operated by T. J. Asplund. The coal bed is 12 feet thick and reached by a steep slope. About four feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is necessary. The coal

is hauled from the mine by a team and a long cable. A dump with chute is provided for loading the coal into we gons. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft which is too far from the face to insure a good quality of air. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling and a barn. The owner's farm buildings are a short distance from the mine. It was inspected on February 19, 1918.

## 27. BACKMAN COAL MINE.

Emil Backman owns and operates the Backman Coal Mine which is situated three and one-half miles southeast of Wilton. The coal bed is 12 feet thick and reached by a steep slope. A gas engine hoist is used to haul the cars to the entrance of the mine, where the coal is dumped directly into wagons. From three to four feet of coal is left for a root and very little timbering is done. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed once a week by means of a gas driven pump, and ventilation is provided by means of an air shaft. Conditions were satisfactory when the mine was inspected February 19, 1918.

## 28. BERGER COAL MINE.

The Berger Coal Mine, situated sever miles northeast of Baldwin, is owned and operated by C. H. Berger. The coal bed is six feet thick and reached by a steep slope. The cars are hauled from the mine by a team hitched to a cable and a tipple with a chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons. This mine was opered in 1915 and supplies only a local demand. The foregoing report was made February 20, 1918.

## 29. LAUBACH COAL MINE.

The Laubach Coal Mine, situated four and a half miles southwest of Wilton, which is owned by R. A. Laubach but leased and operated by M. L. Ferrick, was opened during the fall of 1917. The coal bed is four and a half feet thick, overlying about 80 feet of clay, and is reached by a very steep slope. The coal is hanled from the mine by a team and cable and a tipple and chute are provided for loading the coal into wagons. Some water is encountered in the mine but this is removed by means of a gas-driven pump. Considerable difficulty is experienced in holding the roof, making much timbering necessary. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. When the mine was inspected February 20, 1918, the air shaft was frozen full of ice at the bottom and the air was very poor. 30. LIND COAL MINE.

Mrs. Anna Lind owns the Lind Coal Mine, which is situated two and a half miles east of Wilton and is leased and operated by J. A. Johnson. The coal bed is from 10 to 11 feet thick and reached by a slope. A team and cable are used to haul the coal from the mine and a chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons. About two feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is necessary. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and no water is encountered. When inspected February 19, 1918 the mine was not in operation as the new leasee was about to occupy the mine. A new slope is to be driven during the summer of 1918, as the timber in the present slope was in poor condition.

## 31. PETERSON COAL MINE.

The Peterson Coal Mine, situated four miles southwest of Still, is owned

by C. J. Peterson but leased and operated by Tom Scott. The coal bed is from nine to 13 feet thick and reached by a slope through which the coal is hauled by means of a team hitched to a long cable. A chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Some water is encountered in the mine, making it necessary to leave about four feet of coal in the bottom while about one foot is left in the roof, which makes some timbering necessary in the rooms. An air shaft supplies ventilation. Only 3 local demand is supplied by this mine. When inspected February 19, 1918 it was in a satisfactory condition.

32. WILTON COAL MINE.

The Wilton Coal Mine owned by the Wilton Lignite Coal Company is situated three miles east of Wilton. The coal bed is 13 feet thick and the panel system of mining is used. The coal is hoisted from the mine by steam through a double compartment shaft, automatic cages being used. The tipple is also provided with an automatic scale and mechanical screens. Three box car loaders are used, two for loading coal and one for loading slack. A power plant is located at the mine which furnishes power for nine Jeffery undercutters. Electric motors are used in the mine on the main haulage ways, while mules are used in the rooms and side cages. The motor repair shop is located in the mine. All buildings in connection with the mine are brick and include a power plant, an office and store room, a blacksmith shop, a bath room, a fan building and a powder magazine. A switch engine is provided for hauling the Very little timbering is done in the mine. Some water is en-COTS. countered which is removed by electrically driven pumps. W. P. Macouber is manager and P. J. Cahill Superintendent. When the mine was inspected February 20, 1918, the conditions were very good.

## DIVIDE COUNTY.

#### 33. DOUGHERTY COAL MINE.

The Dougherty Coal Mine, located about one mile southeast of Noonan, is owned by Chas. Dougherty but is leased and operated by Chas. Alton. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a short slope, through which the coal is hauled by means of a steam hoist. An endless chain is used to which the cars are fastened and hauled to the surface. They are lowered into the mine by means of a cable and drum. The tipple is provided with a chute having two screens, one inch and three-eights of an inch, over which the coal is passed into wagons. One-half foot of coal is left for a roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. No water is encountered in the mine and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The mine buildings consist of a boiler and engine room, a tipple, an office, a boarding house, a bunk house and a barn. On March 9, 1918 conditions were found very good.

## 34. HOUGHT COAL MINE.

The Hought Coal Mine is located one mile sontheast of Noonan and is owned and operated by James Hought. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a short slope driven in the east bank of the coulee. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and delivered to the tipple which is provided with two chutes having three-fourths of an inch bar screens over which the coal is dumped into wagons. As about one foot of coal is left for a roof, two rows of props are placed in the rooms, and timbers are placed in the entries where necessary. Considerable entry work has been done in preparation for the season of 1918 and about 60 room necks have been driven. When this mine was inspected March 9, 1918 conditions were very good.

## 35. LORBESKI COAL MINE.

The Lorbeski Coal Mine, owned and operated by John Lorbeski, is situated one mile east of Noonan just north of the Hought Coal Mine. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a short slope. A team hitched to a long cable is used to haul the cars from the mine. The tipple is provided with a chute having a three-fourths of an inch screen over which the coal is dumped into wagons. About one-half a foot of coal is left for a roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. No timbering is done in the entries but the slope is well timbered. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a well pump and windmill. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft, but curtains should be placed so as to force the air through the rooms. On March 9, 1918 when this mine was inspected, conditions were satisfactory.

## 36. MATHIESON COAL MINE.

The Mathieson Coal Mine owned and operated by Ludvig Mathieson is situated on Writing Rock Hill seven miles south of Alkabo. The coal bed is 28 feet thick, has three small clay partings, and is tilted almost on edge. A very steep incline, two hundred fifty-two feet in length, leads to the coal bed and a whim is used to haul the coal from the mine. No method of ventilation is provided and considerable gas was found in the mine, but no water is encountered. This mine supplies only a small local demand. It was inspected March 11, 1918.

## 37. TRUAX COAL MINE.

The Truax Coal Mine, located one and one-quarter miles southeast ot Noonan, is owned and operated by E. M. Truax. A new shaft was sunk during the summer of 1916 a quarter of a mile south of the old mine and a spur connects this mine with the Great Northern Railroad. The coal bed is from seven to nine feet in thickness and about one foot of coal is left for a roof. Two rows of props are placed in the rooms and very little timbering is done in the entries, but considerable difficulty is experienced in holding the roof, as many cave-ins occur. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by electrically driven pumps. Ventilation is secured by means of two air shafts with electric fans. The steel tipple is provided with an automatic bucket hoist, the coal being dumped into this bucket at the bottom of the shaft, and a mechanical screen. Ottumwa box-car loader is used. A 100 H. P. electric plant, located at the old mine, furnishes power for the hoist, the screen, the air fan, the pumps and the Jeffrey undercutter. This plant also furnishes light and power for the city of Noonan. The mine was inspected on March 9, 1918. 38. ARMBERNST COAL MINE.

The Armbernst Coal Mine is a smal mine which was opened during the summer of 1917. The coal bed is from three to five feet in thickness and is covered with from five to ten feet of clay. This mine supplies a small local demand only.

## DUNN COUNTY

## 39. BANG COAL MINE.

The Bang Coal Mine is located one-half mile south of Dunn Center and is owned by John Bang. The coal bed is 14 feet thick and the mine has been operated as a surface mine. Part of the bed underlies the bed of a creek and considerable difficulty has been experienced in handling the water. When inspected February 15, 1918, this mine was not in operation.

## 40. BLECHA COAL MINE.

The Blecha Coal Mine is situated one and one-half miles south of Manning and is owned and operated by Tom Blecha. The coal bed is about six feet thick and is mined by stripping, the removal of from 20 to 35 feet of clay being necessary before the coal is exposed. Some water is encountered which is removed by a gas driven rotary pump. Only a small demand is supplied by this mine. The foregoing report was made February 15, 1918.

## 41. CHASE COAL MINE.

The Chase Coal Mine is owned and operated by W. A. Gonye, and is situated about eight miles south of Dunn Center. There are two beds, the upper one being four feet thick and the lower one three and one-half feet thick with a three foot parting of clay between. About six feet of clay is stripped from the coal. Some water is encountered which is ditched off. Only a local demand is supplied by this mine. The foregoing report was made March 13, 1918.

## 42. HEISER COAL MINE.

The Heiser Coal Mine is located two and one-half miles southeast of Manning; it is owned by the Everett Real Estate Company and is leased and operated by S. M. Black. The coal bed is five feet thick.and from eight to nine feet of clay must be removed. Water is ditched from the mine. Practically all coal mined here is hauled to the town of Manning. The foregoing report was made February 15, 1918.

## 43. HY GRADE COAL MINE.

A. H. Pelton owns and operates the Hy Grade Coal Mine which is located two miles east of Dunn Center. The Coal bed is 20 feet thick. An 8 by 12 two compartment shaft is provided, but only one of the cages is in use. A steam tractor is used for hoisting the coal from the mine and the tipple is provided with a chute with a two-inch screen, over which the coal passes into wagons. Considerable water is encountered in the mine which is removed by a steam driven centrifugal pump. Eight feet of coal is left in the roof and two feet is left in the floor, so very little timbering is necessary. The owner expects to connect his mine with the Northern Pacific Railroad by a spur during the summer of 1918. Conditions were very good when the mine was inspected February 15, 1918. 44. PAULSON COAL MINE.

This mine which is situated three and a quarter miles southwest of

Werner, is owned by Paul Paulson but is leased and operated by Torger Helegson. The coal bed is from 16 to 18 feet thick and reached by a drift driven from the bank of the creek. From eight to ten feet of coal is left in the roof and no timbering is done. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and no water is encountered. The coal is hauled from the mine in sledges and shoveled into wagons. It was inspected February 15, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### 45. PULVER AND LOGAN COAL MINE.

The Pulver and Logan Coal Mine is located about one mile east of Werner and is operated as a surface mine supplying a local demand. It is owned by Pulver and Logan and operated by H. I. Dorwin. The coal bed is about five feet thinck and from four to five feet of clay is removed. Some water is pumped from the mine. The foregoing report was made March 6, 1918.

#### 46. SLOAN COAL MINE.

The Sloan Coal Mine, situated about one-half mile west of Dodge, is owned by Henry Sloan and operated by Norton and Fritz. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a drift. One foot of coal is left for a roof and one row of props is placed in the rooms. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and no water is encountered. The tipple is provided with three chutes for loading coal into wagons. A horse is used to haul the coal from the mine. When the mine was inspected February 14, 1918 conditions were found satisfactory.

47. THREE STAR LIGNITE COAL MINE.

The Three Star Lignite Coal Mine is owned and operated by Sam Curley and is situated about 10 miles southwest of Dunn Center. The coal bed is 16 feet thick and is operated as a surface mine, the removal of 10 feet of clay being necessary before the coal is exposed. Water is removed from the mine by means of a gas driven pump. During the latter part of the winter the mine froze up and was not operated. Only a local demand is supplied. The foregoing report was made March 19, 1918.

## GOLDEN VALLEY COUNTY

48. CORLISS COAL MINE.

The Corliss Coal Mine is located about nine miles south of the town of Sentinel Butte on the south side of a small butte, and is owned and operated by I. J. Corliss. Formerly this mine was operated as a strip pit, but at present it is being worked underground. Only a small local demand is supplied and no definite system of mining is followed. The buildings consist of a dwelling which serves as a scale room. When the mine was inspected January 14, it was found to be in very poor condition. 49. CUSICK COAL MINE.

The Cusick Coal Mine which is owned by J. Cusick is located on the south side of Sentinel Butte, about four miles south of the town of Sentinel Butte. The coal bed is about 28 feet in thickness, about seven feet of coal is left for a roof, from about 9 to 11 feet is mined, and from 10 to 12 feet is left in the floor. This amount is left in the floor because water is encountered if more coal is taken from beneath. Pillars are left at intervals of about 20 feet but these pillars have no definite sizeor shape, though they will possibly average about 15 feet in diameter. Very little timbering is done because of the stable character of the roof coal. Teams drive into the mine and load the coal at the working face. No definite system of mining is followed. The mine was inspected January 14, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

#### 50. GRIMM COAL MINE.

The Grimm Coal Mine, formerly known as the Madland Coal Mine, is now owned and operated by J. P. Grimm and is situated about four and one-half miles south of the town of Sentinel Butte. The coal bed is about 30 feet thick and is entered by a drift. No definite system of mining is followed other than the driving of the entry along which pillars about 15 feet in diameter are left at intervals of about 20 feet. Very little timbering is done as a large amount of coal is left in the roof. The entries are driven too wide to be of any permanent use. Teams are driven into the mine where the coal is loaded from the working face. The mine was inspected January 14, 1918.

### 51. PORTER COAL MINE.

The Porter Coal Mine which is located about nine miles southwest of the town of Sentinel Butte, is operated by W. H. Porter. The coal bed is about 30 feet in thickness and reached by a drift driven into the coal from the side of the hill. No definite system of mining has been followed and the drift, formerly driven, was found blocked with clay which had fallen from above the entry. This necessitated the driving of a new drift beside the former one in order to recover coal in the old workings. The inside of the mine was also found badly caved when inspected January 14, 1918.

#### 52. SENTINEL BUTTE COAL MINE.

The Sentinel Butte ('oal Mine, owned by the Hunter Land Company of Minneapolis and formerly leased by F. C. Dempsy, is now leased by R. L. Barnett. The coal bed is about 30 feet thick and the mine is reached by a drift through which teams are driven into the mine to the face where the coal is loaded into wagons. The entry and breakthrus between the rooms are driven wide enough to allow teams and wagons to enter to the face very readily. Pillars about 35 feet square are left between the rooms and no timbering has ever been done in this mine. A very tough grade of coal is found in the roof which has stood for several years and does not show any signs of caving. About 10 feet of coal is left in the floor and about eight feet is left for a roof. A scale is placed inside of the mine. This mine was inspected January 14, 1918.

#### GRANT COUNTY

## 53. BLACK DIAMOND COAL MINE.

The Black Diamond Coal Mine, owned by Mamie M. Dunn and located two and one-half miles southwest of Leith, is leased and operated by S. S. Houser. The coal bed is eight feet thick and reached by a shaft 41 feet deep. An eight H. P. gas engine is used to hoist the coal from the mine, and a separate compartment is provided in the shaft for a stairway.

## STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

A chute is provided for dumping the coal directly into wagons, and another chute is provided to take care of the waste slack. The double entry system of mining is followed and two air shafts are provided for ventilation. The cars under ground are hauled by a mule. Some water is encountered which is removed from the mine by means of a small force pump driven by a three H. P. gas engine placed in the mine. Some of the entries were found badly caved and the coal was being mined only at a point near the shaft when the mine was inspected February 2, 1918.

#### 54. COFFIN BUTTE COAL MINE.

The Coffin Butte Coal Mine which is owned by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company but leased and operated by R. C. Babcock, is situated 18 miles southwest of Elgin. The coal bed is nine feet thick and mined as a surface mine, the removal of from eight to sixteen feet of clay being necessary. Water is encountered which is removed by a gas driven pump. A large local demand is supplied. This mine was reported March 8, 1918.

#### 55. LEHNER COAL MINE.

The Lehner Coal Mine is a small strip pit, owned and operated by J. Lehner. It is located four and one-half miles southwest of Heil and supplies only a small local demand. The coal bed is four feet thick and about 14 feet of very hard clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. About 11 feet of this clay has to be blasted. Some water is encountered which is removed by means of a small gas driven pump. This mine was inspected February 2, 1918.

#### 56. MILLER COAL MINE.

The Miller Coal Mine which is situated three miles southwest of New Liepzig, is owned and operated by Lawrence Miller of Bentley. The coal bed is four feet thick and is operated as a surface mine, the removal of about 10 feet of clay being necessary before the coal is exposed. The mine is dry. Only a small local demand is supplied. It was inspected February 4, 1918.

#### 57. PATZER COAL MINE.

The Patzer Coal Mine, which is situated two and one-half miles southwest of New Leipzig, was opened during the fall of 1917. It is owned and operated by Adam Patzer. The coal bed is six feet thick and reached by a drift driven into the bank of the Cannonball River. The tipple is provided with a chute for loading coal into wagons. The cars are hauled from the mine by hand. No coal is left in the roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and no water is encountered. This mine was inspected February 4, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### 58. ROCK COAL MINE.

The Rock Coal Mine, which is located about three miles southwest of Heil, is owned by Ray E. Rock and operated as a strip pit. The coal bed is about six feet in thickness, the top two and a half feet of which is slack, and it is stripped with a gas tractor and an Erie grader. About eight feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. A small amount of water is encountered which is dipped from the mine with buckets. Only a small local demand is supplied. The mine was found badly drifted when inspected February 2, 1918.

## 59. WOLFORD COAL MINE.

The Wolford Coal Mine, owned and operated by Wm. W. Wolford, is a surface mine situated four miles northeast of Elgin. Sixteen feet of clay has to be removed before the seven foot bed of coal is exposed and the stripping is done during the summer months. Water is encountered which is removed by a pump. Only a local demand is supplied. This mine was reported February 5, 1918.

## HETTINGER COUNTY.

## 60. ALBRECHT COAL MINE.

The Albrecht Coal Mine which is situated about six miles northwest of Havelock is owned and operated by C. A. Albrecht, who operates it as a surface mine. The coal bed is six and a half feet thick and from six to 12 feet of clay must be removed. Water is drained from the mine by a ditch. A large local demand is supplied. This mine was reported March 9, 1918.

## 61. ARNOLD COAL MINE.

The Arnold Coal Mine, owner by Charles T. Arnold and operated by John Wienandy, is situated about one and three-fourths miles northwest of Coalbank. The coal bed is 14 feet thick and reached by a drift driven into the bank of Coalbank Creek. From five to six feet of coal is left for a roof, one row of props is placed in the rooms and the entry is well timbered. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse powerwhere a tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. A storage bin of 100 tons capacity is also located at the mine. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured through an old drift. Conditions were satisfactory January 31, 1918.

## 62. BILLMAN COAL MINE.

The Billman Coal Mine, situated four miles west of Regent, is a small surface mine supplying a small local trade. It is owned by Winger and Hagen and operated by A. D. Billman. The coal bed is four and a half feet thick and four feet of clay must be removed. Some water is pumped from the mine. The foregoing report was made March 9, 1918.

## 63. CULVER COAL MINE.

The Culver Coal Mine, located nine and one-half miles south of New England, is owned by Chas. C. Culver and leased by V. Arnold. The coal bed is about eight feet in thickness and is mined by stripping, the removal of about 10 feet of dirt being necessary before the coal is exposed. Some underground mining has been done in previous years, but this method has been abandoned. A very small amount of water is encountered. A local demand is supplied. This mine was inspected January 30, 1918.

#### 64. DAVIS COAL MINE.

The Davis Coal Mine is owned by Charles A. Davis and leased and operated by W. H. Murphy. It is situated one mile southwest of Regent

and is worked as a surface mine. The coal bed is six feet thick and about 20 feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. No water is encountered. Quly a small local demand is supplied. The mine was inspected January 31, 1918.

# 65. HAVELOCK COAL MINE.

The Havelock Coal Mine, located one mile northeast of Havelock, is owned by Mrs. E. W. Adams of Northfield, Minn., and leased by John Adams of Havelock. The coal bed is 11 feet in thickness and reached by a drift driven into the coal from the side of a steep bluff bordering the Cannonball River. A new entry which was being driven had been extended about 100 feet and from this a couple of rooms were being driven. Timbering is done in the entry where necessary, and a row of props is placed in the rooms. The coal is handled underground and hauled to the surface by horse power where it is dumped into a chute and loaded into wagons or sleighs. The mine was inspected January 31, 1918.

#### 66. KALLIS COAL MINE.

The Kallis Mine, situated three miles northwest of Odessa, is owned by Kallis Bros. who operate it as a surface mine. The coal bed is seven and a half feet thick and from 10 to 20 feet of clay must be removed. Some water is encountered which is drained from the mine by ditch. When the mine was inspected February 4, 1918, an entry was being driven. The owners intend to operate it as an underground mine. A small local demand is supplied.

#### 67. KUNZE COAL MINE.

The Kunze Coal Mine, situated four and a half miles cast of Havelock, is owned by H. O. Kunze, and leased and operated by Geo. Wilhelm. The coal bed is 14 feet thick and reached by a drift driven into the bank of Coalbank Creek. Four feet of coal is left for a roof and one row of props is placed in the rooms. Water is encountered which is removed by means of a gas driven pump and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The coal is hauled from the mine to the tipple by horse power. A spur on the Milwaukee Railroad is situated a short distance from the mine, where the coal is hauled and loaded into cars. The mine buildings consist of a boarding house, a dwelling, a barn, and an office. This mine was inspected January 31, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

#### 68. MERRY COAL MINE.

The Merry coal Mine, owned and operated by C. H. Merry, is situated 12 miles south of Mott. The coal vein is 10 feet thick and worked as a surface mine, the removal of from 10 to 30 feet of clay being necessary. Some water is ditched from the mine. Only a local demand is supplied. The foregoing facts were reported January 1, 1918.

#### 69. NELSON COAL MINE.

W. H. Brown & Co. own the Nelson Coal Mine, but it is leased and operated by Mons Nelson who operates it as a surface mine. From four to five feet of clay must be removed. Water is removed from the mineby means of a gas driven pump. A local demand is supplied. The foregoing report was made December 26, 1917.

# 70. RUMPH COAL MINE.

The Rumph Coal Mine, located six miles southeast of Mott, is owned and operated by C. W. Rumph. The mine is worked as a surface mine, the removal of about 18 feet of clay being necessary before the five to six foot hed of coal is exposed. Water is pumped from the mine by a gas driven centrifugal pump. Most of the coal mined is hauled to the city of Mott. The foregoing report was made February 4, 1918.

## 71. SADLER COAL MINE.

The Sadler Coal Mine which is located on a spur of the Milwankee Railroad at Coalbank, is owned by the Sadler Coal Mining Company of Mollett, South Dakota. The coal bed is 11 feet thick and reached by a slope, through which the cars are hauled to the tipple by means of a steam hoist. The tipple has one chute for localing cars and one for local trade. About one foot of coal is left for a roof and one row of props is placed in the rooms. Very little water is encountered in the mine. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and canvass brattices are placed where necessary. 'The buildings consist of a tipple, a power house, a blacksmith shop, an office, a boarding house, a dwelling, a powder magazine, a barn, and a store room. This is one of the new mines opened in the fall of 1917 and when inspected January 31, 1918, it was found in good condition.

#### 72. SQUARE DEAL COAL MINE.

The Equate conduct the local Mine which is located two and one-half milessouth of Bentley, is ewoned and operated by Crary Bros. The coal bedis from four to five and c half feet thick and the mine is operated as asurface mine. From three to eight feet of clay has to be removed.Water is difficient from the mine. Most of the coal from this mine ishauled to Bentley and shipped. It was inspected February 4, 1918.

# 73. SWITZER COAL MINE.

The Switzer Coal Mine, situated two and three-quarters miles west of Regent, is owned and operated by Presley Switzer. The coal bed is nine feet thick and worked by stripping, although some coal is taken from underneach the clay bank. Very little water is found in this mine. It was insepteed January 31, 1918.

## 74. UTTER COAL MINE.

Joseph Utter owns the Utter Coal Mine, situated three and a half miles northwest of Odessa, and operates it as a surface mine. The coal bed is six and a half feet thick and from six to 15 feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. Very little water is encountered. This mine supplies a small local demand. It was inspected February 4, 1918.

# McLEAN COUNTY.

# 75. BITUMINA COAL MINE.

The Bitumina Coal Mine, owned by John Satterlund but leased and operated by Ed. Kugler, is located seven miles northwest of Washburn.

## STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

The coal bed is from nine and a half to eleven feet thick. A drift leads from a coulee into the coal bcd where the coal is hauled from the mine by horse power. From the mouth of the mine the coal is hoisted to a tipple with a steam hoisting engine. The tipple is provided with two chutes for loading the coal into wagons. A storage bin is also situated at the tipple, having a capacity of about 400 tons. A Norwalk air compresser and a Jeffrey undercutter machine are used. About three feet of coal is left for a roof and and very little timbering is done. A Morgan-Gardner steam pump) is used to remove the water from the mine. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and in the rooms compressed air is used. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, a power plant, a tipple and storage bin, a powder magazine, a blacksmith shop, two dwellings and a barn. At this mine is located the power plant of the Central Electric Light and Power Company which furnishes light and power to the towns of Washburn, Underwood, and Turtle Lake. A large portion of the coal mined here is hauled to the siding at Bitumina and shipped. This mine was inspected February 21. 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

# 76. BORCHARDT COAL MINE.

E. G. Borchart owns and operate the Borchardt Coal Mine which is situated three miles south of Underwood. The coal hed is 12 feet thick and reached by a 38 foot two compartment shaft. The upper half of this shaft has been lined with concrete. This shaft is driven inside of a barn and the coal is hoisted by means of a whim. Four feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is done. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and a gas-driven fan. No water is encountered in the mine. A small local demand is supplied. The mine was inspected February 22, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

# 77. ELM POINT COAL MINE.

The Elm Point Coal Mine is owned and operated by the Elm Point Mining Company of Harvey and is situated just across the Missouri River from Stanton. The coal bed is eight feet thick, all of which is mined. Considerable timbering is done in order to hold the clay roof. A chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons and a storage bin of 150 tons capacity is situated by the tipple. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft situated in an old workings. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale rooms, a dwelling and a barn. Conditions were found satisfactory February 25, 1918.

# 78. FJELDDAL COAL MINE.

The Fjelddal Coal Mine which is owned by Tom Fjelddal but leased and operated by Fred Wagner, is situated four and a half miles northeast of Underwood. The coal vein is 11 feet thick and reached by a slope. From three to four feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is done. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The tipple is provided with a chute for loading the coal into wagons. The mine buildings consist of an office, a dwelling and a barn. The mine was inspected February 23, 1918 and found : matisfactory condition.

# 79. FREDERICH COAL MINE.

The Frederich Coal Mine, situated four and a half miles northeast of Underwood, is owned by Wm. Frederich and leased and operated by Henry Frederich. A shaft 59 feet in depth leads to the coal, and the coal bed is six feet thick with no coal left in the roof. An air shaft and gas-driven fan furnish ventilation and no water is encountered in the mine. The coal is hoisted from the mine by means of a whim and is then dumped into a chute and loaded into wagons. No timbering has been done in the shaft. This mine was inspected February 23, 1918. 80. GARRISON COAL MINE.

The Garrison Coal Mine, owned and operated by the Garrison Coal Light and Power Company, is located within a half mile of the city of Garrison. The coal, which is seven feet in thickness, occurs at a depth of about 50 feet. Two Morgan-Gardner electric undercutting machines are in use. An electric pump is used to keep the mine dry. The coal is hoisted up the slope with a steam hoist. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft with an electric fan, and on the date of inspection the ventilating apparatus was delivering 3,850 cubic feet of air. Fubruary 22, 1918 conditions in and about the mine were first-class.

81. HANSON COAL MINE.

The Hanson Coal Mine, owned by Peter Hanson but leased and operated by August Marks, is situated four and a half miles east of Underwood. The coal bed is 11 feet thick and reached by a slope. The coal is hat led from the mine to the tipple by horse power where it is loaded into wagons. From three to four feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is done. No water is encountered in this mine and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, a barn and a boarding house. Conditions were found satisfactory on February 23, 1918.

82. JOHNSON COAL MINE.

The Johnson Coal Mine, situated seven miles east of Garrison, is owned and operated by Swan A. Johnson. The coal bed is seven feet thick and is reached by a slope. About eight inches of coal is left for a roof and from two to three rows of props are placed in the rooms. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a wind mill and well pump. An air shaft provides ventilation. The coal s hauled from the mine by a team and a cable. The owner's farm buildings are situated by the mine. Only a local demand is supplied. The mine was inspected February 26, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

83. KOENIG COAL MINE.

The Koenig Coal Mine, situated about three miles southeast of Underwood, is owned by Johannes Koenig and operated by Adolf Schedler, as a surface mine. The coal bed is from eight to ten feet thick and about 16 feet of clay has to be removed. Water is encountered in the mine which is drained through a sewer. Only a small local demand is supplied. The foregoing facts were reported March 15, 1918.

84. PFISTER COAL MINE.

Fred Pfister owns and operates the Pfister Coal Mine which is situ-

ated about 10 miles northwest of Washburn. The coal bed is eight feet thick and reached by a drift. About one foot of coal is left for a roof. Water is ditched from the mine and no means of ventilation is provided. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and dumped through a chute into wagons. A small dwelling and barn are situated at the mine. Inspected February 22, 1918.

The Rupp Coal Mine is operated By E. R. Rupp and is situated about three miles southwest of Garrison. The coal bed is from seven to seven and a half foot thick and entered by a drift driven from the face of an old strip mine. Eight inches of coal is left for a roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. No water is encountered and ventilation is secured through a caved-in room. A wagon scales is provided at the mine. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, and a barn. The mine was inspected February 26, 1918 and found in a satisfactory condition.

### 86. SEIBEL COAL MINE.

The Seibel Coal Mine, owned and operated by Frank Seibel, is situated three miles southwest of Garrison and operated as a surface mine. The coal bed is six feet thick and about nine feet of clay must be removed. Water is ditched from the mine. When inspected February 26, 1919 double entries were being driven into the coal, as the operator intends to work this as an underground mine from now on. The entries had been driven about 50 feet. In this mine was found the dangerous practice so often found in surface mines, of undermining the bank and using very few timbers. It was inspected February 26, 1918.

# 87. ULRICH COAL MINE.

The Ulrich Coal Mine, formerly operated by Ulrich, Lauser and Kingsley, was abandoned in March, 1916.

#### MERCER COUNTY.

#### 88. BEULAH COAL MINE.

The Beulah Coal Mine, owned by the Beulah Coal and Mining Company, is located at Beulah on a spur of the Northern Pacific Railroad. The coal bed which is from 12 to 14 feet thick is reached by a 56 foot shaft. This shaft is a two compartment shaft with a stairway in one compartment and a hoist in the other. From two to three feet of coal is left in the roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and steam-driven fan. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by a steam pump and two eletrically driven pumps. A power house is situated at the mine and all main haulage ways are electric lighted. The Company proposed to install cutting machines and a box car loader. They also intend to open another mine on property about three miles north of the present mine. The coal bed on this northern property is 18 feet thick and a spur will be built to this mine. The mine buildings consist of an office, a power plant, a hotel, a tipple, a powder magazine, a bunk house and a blacksmith shop. A ladder is also provided in the air shaft. The mine was inspected February 12, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### 89. DILGER COAL MINE.

The Dilger Coal Mine, a small mine located three and one-half miles south of Beulah, is owned by John R. Stewart and operated by Lawrence Dilger. The coal bed is 16 feet thick and reached by a drift. Six feet of coal is left in the roof and no timbering is done in the rooms. Water is ditched from the mine. A tipple is provided with chute for loading the coal into wagons. The foregoing facts were reported February 13, 1918.

# 90. GALLAGHER COAL MINE.

The Gallagher Coal Mine, a small surface mine owned and operated by Jack Gallagher, is situated one mile west of Hazen. The coal bed is four feet thick and from eight to ten feet of clay must be removed. A gas-driven pump removes the water from the mine. Only a small local demand is supplied. The foregoing report was made March 6, 1918.

# 91. GOLDEN VALLEY COAL MINE.

The Golden Valley Coal Mine is owned and operated by G. S. Davis, and is located two miles northwest of Golden Valley. The coal bed is six feet thick and reached by a drift. No coal is left in the roof and more timbers should be used, as considerable difficulty is experienced in holding it. A box drain is used to carry the water from the mine and no means of ventilation is provided. The coal is loaded from a tipple into wagons. Inspected February 14, 1918.

## 92. HAVEN COAL MINE.

The Haven Coal Mine, located three miles northwest of Golden Valley, is owned and operated by Lee Haven. A drift driven from the creek bank leads into a six foot bed of coal. No coal is left in the roof and very little timbering is done. A tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. No water is encountered in the mine. When inspected February 14, 1918 the entry was found caved and closed almost to the entrance. This entry will not be reopened, the present mining being confined to a side entry closed to the portal.

# 93. INGOLD COAL MINE.

The Ingold Coal Mine, situated three miles south of Golden Valley, is owned by W. P. Ingold and operated by Tom Figenskan. The coal bed is six feet thick and entered by a drift. A new entry was being driven as the old entry had to be abandoned on account of water. Only a small local demand is supplied. The foregoing report was made February 14, 1918.

#### 94. KEELEY COAL MINE.

The Keeley Coal Mine, owned by Ed. Oster and operated by Ulmer Bros., is situated one and one-half miles north of Hazen. The coal bed is five feet thick and no coal is left in the roof, so considerable timbering is necessary. No artificial means of ventilation is provided, but an air course is to be driven into an old workings to provide circulation. The coal is hauled from the mine by hand to the tipple where it is dumped through a chute into wagons. The mine is dry. Most of the coal mined is used in the power plant of the Hazen Electric Light and Power Com-

pany. Except for inadequate ventilation, the mine was found in satisfactory condition when inspected February 12, 1918. 95. KESLER COAL MINE.

The Kesler Coal Mine, located three miles north of Beulah, is owned by Geo. Kesler but leased and operated by Geo. G. Schmidt. The coal bed is 18 feet thick and entered by a drift from the side of the coulee. About four feet of coal is left in the roof and no timbering is necessary. The coal is hauled from the mine by a horse to dump where it is loaded into wagons. The mine is dry. It was opened in September, 1917, and supplies a local demand. Conditions were satisfactory when inspected February 13, 1918.

96. KOULBERG COAL MINE.

Albert Koulberg owns and operates the Koulberg Coal Mine which is situated three miles south of Hazen. The coal bed is from four and a half to five feet thick and reached by a shaft sunk in the coulee. A horse and cable is used to hoist the coal from the mine and a storage bin is provided. This mine was opened in the early part of 1918 and when inspected February 12th, an entry had been driven about 100 feet and no rooms were turned. Conditions were satisfactory.

97. KREM COAL MINE.

The Krem Coal Mine, situated six and one-half miles north of Hazen, is owned and operated by Richter and Erbele, with David Richter acting as superintendent. The coal bed is 13 feet thick and reached by a 67 foot shaft. The tipple is provided with a chute for loading the coal into wagons and a 60 ton storage bin is placed by the tipple. The coal is hoisted from the mine by means of a 12 H. P. Economy engine. Water is encountered which is removed by a gas driven pump. About six feet of coal is left in the roof and no timbering is done. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The Krem Coal Mine was formerly located about one mile east of the present mine. The present mine was opened during the summer of 1916, and on February 12, 1918, conditions were found very good.

98. LUCKY STRIKE COAL MINE.

The Lucky Strike Coal Mine is situated three quarters of a mile south of Zap and is operated in a seven and one-half foot bed of coal. It is owned by Slowey, Field and Strope and operated by William Thurston. A slope leads into the coal bed, about one and one-half feet of coal is left in the roof, and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and the mine is dry. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and a tipple is provided for loading it into wagons. On February 13, 1918 conditions were satisfactory. 99. MYERS COAL MINE.

The Myers Coal Mine, owned by Harold Myers but leased and operated by W. M. Riffle and T. Morris, is a new mine situated two miles northwest of Golden Valley in a coal bed four and one-half feet thick. Due to the thinness of the coal bed very little coal is left in the roof and the mine is well timbered. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and some water is encountered which is removed by means of a box drain. Coal is hauled from the mine by horse power to a dump where it is loaded into wagons. A dwelling is situated by the mine. When inspected January 14, 1918 this mine was found in first-class condition. 100. OTNESS COAL MINE.

The Otness Coal Mine, situated two miles south of Hazen, is owned and operated by Enoch Otness. The coal bed is four feet thick and reached by a slope. Due to the thinness of the bed no coal is left in the roof and cousiderable difficulty is experienced in holding it. Water is drained from the mine through a pipe, and no means of ventilation is provided. When the mine was inspected February 12, 1918 it was in fair condition.

# 101. REICHENGBERG COAL MINE.

Jake Reichengberg owns the Reichengberg Coal Mine and leases it to John Bartell. It is situated one mile north of Hazen and supplies a local demand. Due to the thinness of the bed, which is four feet thick, no coal is left in the roof and considerable timbering is necessary. A chute for loading the coal into wagons and a storage bin are provided. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured through an old entry which affords inadequate circulation. Inspected February 12, 1918.

### 102. REIGEL COAL MINE.

The Reigel Coal Mine, a new mine opened in the first part of 1918 and situated two and one-half miles northwest of Golden Valley, supplies a small local demand and is owned and operated by J. H. Reigel. The coal bed is six feet thick and reached by a drift. The mine is dry, and when inspected February 14, 1918 the entry was found driven only 50 feet and one room was being worked.

## 103. STANDARD COAL MINE.

The Standard Coal Mine, located on the outskirts of Beulah, is owned by Geo. G. Schmidt. It was formerly operated in an 11 foot bed of coal but in March 1917 the mine was abandoned on account of water.

# 104. SCHMIDT COAL MINE.

The Schmidt Coal Mine, situated seven and a half miles northwest of Beulah, is owned and operated by Geo. G. Schmidt. The coal bed is 23 feet thick and reached by a slope through which the coal is hauled to the dump by means of a whim. About five feet of coal is left in the roof and no timbering is done. A windmill and well pump remove the water from the mine. Only a small local demand is supplied. The foregoing facts were reported February 13, 1918.

### MORTON COUNTY.

# 105. COOPENHAVER COAL MINE.

The Coopenhaver Coal Mine which is situated two and a half miles southeast of Flasher, is owned and operated by A. N. Coopenhaver who works it as a surface mine. The coal hed is four and a half feet thick and about 12½ feeet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. This mine has not been in operation since the fall of 1915.

106. ELMER COAL MINE.

The Elmer Coal Mine, a new mine situated four and one-half miles

northeast of Hebron, is owned and operated by Joseph Elmer. Operations were begun on this mine in July, 1917, and at the time it was inspected the entry had been driven about 400 feet and a parallel entry begun. Two rooms were also being driven. The coal bed is about six feet thick and reached by a slope. A chute is provided for londing the coal into wagons, and a scale is to be installed. The mine was inspected February 6, 1918.

# 107. GARFIELD COAL MINE.

The Garfield Coal Mine, located seven miles north of New Salem and formerly owned by Carl Leuder, is now owned and operated by Hall-Kensmann. The coal bed is six feet thick overlaid by about 12 feet of clay. Water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a gas-driven pump. Only a local demand is supplied. The foregoing facts were reported Dec. 27, 1917.

108. HARNISCH COAL MINE.

The Harnisch Coal Mine, located four miles north of Hebron, is owned by Harnisch Bros. with Robert Harnisch acting as superintendent. The coal bed is from five and a half to seven feet thick and reaches by a drift. A tipple having a one and one-half inch screen is provided. From one to two feet of coal is left in the roof and the mine is well timbered. An air shaft provides circulation and no water is encountered. The mine was opened in December, 1916, and supplies a large local demand. It was inspected February 6, 1918 and found in good condition. 109. HAYMARSH COAL MINE.

The Haymarsh Coal Mine, located about six and one half miles east of Hebron, is owned by Wm. Gietzer and leased and operated by Simon Reinbold. The coal bed is from nine to ten feet in thickness and reached by a steep slope. Horse power is used to haul the coal from the mine, and there is provided a chute of about four tons capacity, through which the coal passes into wagons. No water is encountered in the mine and ventilation is provided by means of an old room that has caved through to the surface and serves as an air shaft. Only a local demand is supplied. Conditions were found satisfactory when the mine was inspected February 7, 1918.

110. HEBRON COAL MINE.

The Hebron Coal Mine, located five miles north of Hebron, is owned by the Hebron Fire and Pressed Brick Company but leased and operated by F. Bennek. It is connected with the brick plant at Hebron by a narrow gauge track and most of the coal mined is used in the brick plant. The coal bed is eight feet thick and reached by a drift. The coal is hauled from the mine by horses and then is loaded from a dump directly into the small mine cars. The double entry system of mining is followed and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and gasdriven fan. One foot of coal is left in the roof, the entries are timbered where necessary and the rooms are well timbered. The mine was inspected February 6, 1918 and found in good condition. 111. KNUTSON COAL MINE.

The Knutson Coal Mine, situated four and one-half miles west of Almont, is owned by C. G. Thor who operates it is a surface mine. The coal bed is about eight feet thick and about 20 feet of clay must be removed. Water is ditched from the mine. Only a small local demand is supplied. These facts were reported January 1, 1918.

# 112. KOKOKALER COAL MINE.

The Kokokaler Coal Mine, owned and operated by Henry Kokokaler, is located six miles west of Glen Ullen. This is a small strip pit which supplies a few farmers living adjacent to the mine with coal. The customers do their own stripping and mining and pay fifty cents a ton for the coal. From three to four feet of coal is found.

113. KRAMER COAL MINE.

The Kramer Coal Mine, located three miles northwest of New Salem, is owned and operated by Fred Kramer. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a slope. A gas engine hoist is used to haul the cars from the mine and a tipple is provided with a chute for loading the coal into wagons. About one-half foot of coal is left in the roof. Some timbers are placed in the entry and one row of props is placed in the rooms. No water is encountered and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The mine buildings consist of a scale room, a tipple, a dwelling, and a barn. The mine was inspected February 9, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

114. LANGE COAL MINE.

The Lange Coal Mine is a strip pit, owned by Anton Lange and leased and operated by F. C. Lange. It is situated about seven miles northeast of Glen Ullen. The coal bed is about eight feet thick and about eight feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. Water is encountered which is pumped from the mine by means of a small gas-driven rotary pump. Only a local demand is supplied. The mine was inspected February 8, 1918.

# 115. LIDSTROM COAL MINE.

The Lidstrom Coal Mine, located about six miles southeast of Glen Ullen, is owned by Mrs. Anna Lidstrom and leased and operated by F. E. Brown. The coal bed is from nine to eleven feet thick and reached by a drift driven into the bank of a deep ravine. A hard shale about 10 inclues in thickness overlies the coal and this again is overlaid with a hard sandy clay. Very little timbering is required. Ventilation is secured by means of a breakthru into the old workings where an air shaft is provided. Water is encountered but is piped from the mine. Two chutes which have a capacity of about 20 tons are provided for loading the coal into wagous. Conditions were found satisfactory when the mine was inspected February 8, 1918.

116. NEW SALEM COAL MINE.

The New Salem Coal Mine, owned by R. W. Webb and Company of Minneapolis, is located three-fourths of a mile east of New Salem on a spur of the Northern Pacific Railway. It was formerly leased by M. Tausend, but in August 1916 A. J. Gray, former superintendent, leased the mine and has continued in active charge of the mine. The coal bed is from five and a half to six feet in thickness and occurs at an average depth of 50 feet.

The company formerly owned a power plant which was used in connection with the mine to operate two Morgan-Gardner undercutters and an air fan, as well as to light the important places in the mine. Steam was also used to hoist the coal to the tipple where it was run over screens and loaded into box cars. The mine buildings consist of a tipple, a scale room and office, a blacksmith shop, a boarding house, and a powder magazine.

It is expected that the mine will be completely worked out by the first of April, when it will be abandoned. The power equipment, including boilers, generators, steam hoisting apparatus, and two Morgan-Gardner undercutters, has been sold and is in use at another mine. At present the coal is being hoisted by means of a gas engine.

At present all the work being done in the mine is confined to pulling pillars and stumps. It was thought for a time that the company would open a mine in the 14 foot bed of coal that lies about 200 feet below this one, but this plan has been abandoned. The mine was inspected January 11, 1918.

## 117. NORTH STAR COAL MINE.

Murry and Haven own the North Star Coal Mine which is located six miles north of Hebron, and have leased it to John Chenoz. The coal bed is about seven and one-half feet thick and reached by a slope. This mine was formerly owned on the opposite side of the coulee, but that location has been abandoned and a new slope driven in the present location. The slope and entry have been driven about 300 feet, off which rooms are being turned. An air shaft is to be driven shortly. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and a chute of about four tons capacity is provided for loading the coal into wagons. The mine was inspected March 6, 1918.

### 118. ORMISTON COAL MINE.

Geo. Ormiston owns and operates the Ormiston Coal Mine which is situated 12 miles southwest of Judson. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a drift. Very little coal is left in the roof and considerable timbering is done. The coal is pushed from the mine by hand and shoveled into wagons. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and water is ditched from the mine. Conditions were satisfactory February 9, 1918.

# 119. PLEASANT RIDGE COAL MINE.

A. L. Tavis owns the Plensant Ridge Coal Mine which is located one mile north of Glen Ulen, and leased and operated by Louis Kowoko. The coal bed is about six feet thick and reached by a steep slope through which the coal is hauled to the surface by means of a windlass and horse A chute for loading the coal into wagons is equipped with a two-inch screen. No water of consequence is encountered in the mine, and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. A scale for weighing the coal is placed near the mine. Conditions were found satisfactory when it was inspected February 8, 1918.

#### 120. RAMSLAND COAL MINE.

The Ramsland Coal Mine, a surface mine which is situated six miles

west of Almont, is owned and operated by Geo. Reichel. The coal bed is four and one-half feet thick and about 14 feet of clay is removed. Water is encountered which is drained off by means of a ditch. Only a local demand is supplied. This report was made December 24, 1917.

## 121. WADESON COAL MINE.

The Wadeson Coal Mine, owned and operated by H. D. Wadeson, is situated six miles north of Hebron. A slope is driven into the coal bed which is from five to seven feet thick. A horse is used to haul the coal from the mine. No coal is left in the roof and considerable timbering is necessary. The water is pumped from the mine by a gas engine. Only a small local demand is supplied by this mine. It was inspected February 6, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

# MOUNTRAIL COUNTY

#### 122. BLAKE COAL MINE.

The Blake Coal Mine, situated seven miles southwest of Stanley, is operated as a strip mine by F. E. Blake. The coal bed is four feet thick and from 10 to 20 feet of clay is removed. Water is encountered in the mine which is ditched off. A local demand is supplied. On March 20, 1918 all the strip coal was found worked out and some underground mining was being done.

# 123. EVERSON COAL MINE.

The Everson Coal Mine is a small mine located four and one-half miles from White Earth, and is operated during the winter months to supply a local demand.

# 124. HOPPE COAL MINE.

Herman Moerke owns and operates the Hoppe ('oal Mine as a strip pit. It is situated 11 miles northeast of Van Hook. The coal bed is six feet thick and about 15 feet of clay must be removed. Water is ditched from the mine. It was inspected March 21, 1918.

# 125. KALE COAL MINE.

The Kale Coal Mine, situated seven miles southwest of Stanley, is operated by B. F. Kale as a surface mine. The coal bed is three and one-half feet thick and about 20 feet of over burden has to be removed. Water is ditched from the mine. A small local demand is supplied. Inspected March 20, 1918.

#### 126. PORGER COAL MINE.

The Porger Coal Mine is owned by Geo. Porger and is situated three miles south of White Earth. The coal bed is from six to seven feet thick and reached by a drift. The coal is hauled from the mine by hand to a dump where it is loaded into wagons. No coal is left in the roof and considerable timbering is necessary. The mine is dry and no means of ventilation is provided. Inspected March 19, 1918.

# 127. RODGERS COAL MINE.

The Rodgers Coal Mine, situated 14 miles southeast of Palermo, is owned and operated by Geo. S. Rodgers. The coal bed is seven feet thick and is mined by stripping, the removal of about 10 feet of clay being necessary. Some water is encountered which is ditched off. This

mine is worked during the fall and winter, supplying a local demand. When inspected March 21, 1918 some underground mining was being done as all the strip coal had been removed.

# 128. SELLERS COAL MINE.

The Sellers Coal Mine, owned and operated by W. L. Sellers, is situated 11 miles northeast of Van Hook. It is operated as a surface mine and was formerly known as the Roseno Mine. The coal bed is seven feet thick and from six to 20 feet of clay is removed. Water is encountered in the mine which is ditched off. Inspected March 21, 1918.

# OLIVER COUNTY

129. BARLOW COAL MINE.

The Barlow Coal Mine is located four and one-half miles west of bort Clark. It was formerly owned and operated by J. Novak, but in July 1916 D. T. Barlow of Fort Clark purchased the mine and is now operating it as a strip pit. The coal bed is about seven and a half feet thick and about 12 feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. During the winter of 1916 and 1917 a drift was driven into the bed about 160 feet, from which four rooms were worked. Some water is encountered which is easily drained off by means of a ditch. This mine supplies only a small local demand. Inspected January 8, 1918.

130. MEYHOFF COAL MINE.

The Meyhoff Coal Mine, located three miles south of Center, is a small strip pit owned by Dick Meyhoff of Hannover. The coal bed is 10 feet thick with a four inch parting of clay about three feet from the bottom. No stripping was done during the summer of 1917. About 700 tons of coal was left stripped after the 1916 season was over, of which only a small part was taken out during the year of 1917. When the mine was inspected January 8, 1918 it was not in operation.

131. PLEASANT VALLEY COAL MINE.

The Pleasant Valley Coal Mine, located three miles northwest of Center, is owned by V. R. Boerner of Center, and operated by Wm. Boerner and Wm. Mahlmann. There are two coal beds, a seven foot bed overlying a ten foot bed, with a parting of clay four feet thick between. Where the mine is being worked at the present time about four fect of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. Water is encountered which is drained from the mine by means of a ditch. Inspected January 8, 1918.

# 132. SPRING VALLEY COAL MINE.

The Spring Valley Coal Mine, owned by N. O. Nelson, is located six miles southeast of Center in a bed of coal from five to eight feet in thickness, which has a parting of clay three inches thick about three feet from the bottom of the seam. During 1917 only a small amount of coal was taken from this mine. A few farmers helped strip enough to supply their own winter's fuel. Water is encountered in this mine which is drained off by means of a ditch. As Mr. Nelson has purchased the Tripp Mine he does not intend to operate this mine very much, as a considerable thickness of overburden has to be removed. Inspected January 7, 1918. 133. TRIPP COAL MINE.

The Tripp Coal Mine was formerly owned by M. N. Tripp, but has recently been purchased by N. O. Nelson who operates it as a strip pit. It is located about five miles southeast of Center. The coal seam is from seven to nine feet in thickness and has a parting of clay 10 inches thick about three feet from the bottom. During the summer of 1917 about 4,000 tons of coal was uncovered and about 3,000 tons partially uncovered. Approximately 18 feet of clay has to be removed before the coal is exposed. Water is encountered which is drained off by means of a ditch. Inspected January 7, 1918.

# RENVILLE COUNTY

### 134. TEHELKA COAL MINE.

The Tehelka Coal Mine, which supplies a small local demand during the winter months, is owned by P. P. Tehelka and is situated three and one-half miles north of Carpio. Due to the thinness of the bed, which is three and one-half feet thick, no coal is left for a roof and considerable timbering is necessary. The coal is hauled by horse power from the mine to a dump, where it is loaded into wagons. No means of ventilation is provided and the mine is dry. It was inspected March 4, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

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# 135. WHITE ASH COAL MINE.

The White Ash Coal Mine which was opened in the fall of 1917, is situated four and one-half miles northwest of Carpio and is owned by Dorr Carroll of Minot. It is leased and operated by Roy Hopkins. The coal bed is two and one-half feet thick and reached by a drift. Considerable timbering is necessary to hold the clay roof. A chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons and a 40 ton storage bin is placed by the tipple. The mine is dry and no method of ventilation is provided. It was inspected March 4, 1918.

#### 136. WOOSTER COAL MINE.

L. C. Herzeberg leases and operates the Wooster Coal Mine, which is owned by S. J. Rasmussen and is located three miles north of Carpio. A new entry was driven during the fall of 1917. The coal bed is three feet in thickness and is all mined, no coal being left for a roof, so considerable timbering is done. The coal is hauled from the mine by hand and dunped into wagons from an overhead track. No water is encountered. When inspected March 4, 1918 an air course was being driven through to the old entry where an air shaft was located. When this is completed conditions should be satisfactory.

#### SLOPE COUNTY

# 137. KRENZ COAL MINE.

The Krenz Coal Mine which is owned by Wm. Krenz of DeSart, is leased by R. Koschnick and is operated to supply a small local demand. It is run in connection with a farm and work about the mine is done at odd times.

This is the only mine of which the department has any record operating in Slope County.

# STARK COUNTY

### 138. GROSS COAL MINE.

The Gross Coal Mine formerly supplied a local demand but at present is being mined only for the owners own coal supply. It is situated three miles northeast of Belfield and owned by Carl Podolanchuk. The coal bed is from six to eight feet thick and entered by a slope. A tipple is provided where the coal is hauled from the mine by horse power. An air shaft provides ventilation and the mine is dry. The foregoing report was made December 22, 1917.

## 139. HOKOS AND BENEK COAL MINE.

The Hokos and Benck Coal Mine, a new mine opened during the summer of 1917, is situated a short distance west of the Pittsburg mine, about one mile west of Lehigh. It is owned and operated by the Hokos and Benck Coal Mining Company, with J. Hokos as Superintendent. The coal bed is  $12\frac{1}{2}$  feet thick and reached by an 8 by 12 shaft. A steam tractor engine is used to hoist the coal from the mine. The entries had been driven about 90 feet and no rooms had been turned. The double entry system of mining is followed. Water is pumped from the mine by means of a steam pump. The tipple is provided with a one inch screen and a storage bin is provided. When visited January 12, 1918 the mine was not being operated and could not be entered on account of water.

140. LEHIGH COAL MINE.

The Lehigh Coal Mine is located at Lehigh on a spur of the Northern Pacific Railway. The Consolidated Coal Company of Dickinson owns the mine and it is operated by James Brody and A. P. Peake, with W. J. Elliot acting as foreman. The coal bed is nine feet thick and is reached by a slope through which the coal is delivered to the tipple by horse The company operates its own power plant which furnishes nower. power to operate two Jeffery undercutters and one Christie box car loader. The tipple consists of three chutes, one for loading cars, one for loading wagons, and one for loading slack. The main entry has been driven about a mile and very little water has been encountered; not enough so that it is necessary to install any pumps. Ventilation is secured by means of air shafts. The mine buildings consist of an office. a power plant, a boarding house, a tipple, and a powder magazine. Conditions in and about the mine were satisfactory when it was inspected January 12, 1918.

### 141. NORTH CREEK COAL MINE.

Deane Wiley owns the North Creek Coal Mine and operates it as a strip pit. It is situated three miles north of South Heart and supplies only a local demand. The coal bed is 20 feet thick and about eight feet of dirt is removed. The foregoing report was made December 28, 1918.

# 142. NORTH STAR COAL MINE.

The North Star Coal Mine, situated about a quarter of a mile north of Richardton, is owned and operated by John Ostoj. The coal bed is five feet thick and entered by a slope driven from the side of a coulee. A double entry system of mining is followed and the coal is hauled from the mine by horse power. A chute with a one inch screen is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Due to the thinness of the coal bed, no coal is left in the roof and much timbering is done. An air shaft affords ventilation and the mine is dry. An office and scale room are situated by the mine. This mine was inspected January 16, 1918 and found in good condition.

# 143. PITTSBURG COAL MINE.

The Pittsburg Coal Mine is located at Pittsburg, five miles east of Dickinson on a spur of the Northern Pacific Railroad. It is owned by the Dakota Lignite Mines Company of Dickinson which also owns the Zenith Mine at Zenith. The mine is situated on the north side of the Heart River and the tipple on the south side. The coal bed is from 10 to 11 feet thick and about three feet of good coal is left for a roof. The main entry has been driven about one-half mile and very little timbering is done in the entries where a substantial amount of coal is left in the The rooms are driven from one to three hundred feet in length, roof. and two or three rows of props are placed in them to support the roof. The coal is hauled by horse power from the mine to the slope where it is hoisted to the tipple by means of a steam hoisting engine. Some water is encountered which is removed with a steam pump, and ventilation is secured by means of a steam driven fan. The tipple is provided with screens over which the coal passes when it is loaded by an Ottumwa box car loader into box cars, or into wagons. The buildings consist of an office, dwellings, a boiler and engine room, a barn, a tipple, and a powder magazine. Conditions in and about the mine were found in a satisfactory condition when it was inspected January 12, 1918.

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# 144. ST. MARY'S COAL MINE.

St. Mary's Coal Mine, owned by St. Mary's Monastery of Richardton, is situated in a coulce one mile northwest of town. The coal bed is five feet and all the coal mined is used in the boiler rooms at the Monastery. The coal is hauled from the mine with a horse and is loaded into wagons from a chute. No coal is left in the roof and much timber is necessary. Water is removed from the mine by means of a gas-driven pump and ventilation is secured through an air shaft. Conditions were found satisfactory on January 16, 1918.

### 145. ZENITH COAL MINE.

The Dakota Lignite Mines Company of Dickinson owns and operates the Zenith Coal Mine which is situated at Zenith on a spur of the Northern Pacific Railway, with Henry Truelson as Superintendent. The coal bed is from 18 to 20 feet thick and reached by a 1000 foot slope. The single entry system of mining is followed and when the rooms are being driven there is left in the roof from seven to eight feet of coal, which is later recovered. Very little timbering is necessary. Considerable water is necuntered which is removed by means of a Fairbanks-Morse and a Cameron steam pump. Coal is hauled from the mine by means of a steam hoist and the tipple is provided with two chutes for loading the coal into cars. Ventilation is secured by several air shafts. The mine buildings consist of a tipple, a power house, a boiler room, a powder maga-

zine, a bunk house, a boarding house, a barn, and an office. It was inspected January 16, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### WARD COUNTY

# 146. BARTOSHIVICH COAL MINE.

The Bartoshivich Coal Mine is situated 10 miles south of Saywer in a deep ravine. It is owned by Mary Bartoshivich, but leased and operated by Joe Bartoshivich. The coal bed is 16 feet thick and entered from the side of the bluff. From six to seven feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is necessary. A dump is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Some water is encountered which is drained off by a ditch, and no artificial means of ventilation is provided. Only a small local demand is supplied. Conditions were found satisfactory when inspected February 27, 1918.

# 147. BURLINGTON CITY COAL MINE.

The Burlington City Coal Mine, located on the outskirts of Burlington. is owned by Foote and Brunner of Minot, but leased and operated by J. W. Perlechek. The coal bed which is from 10 to 11 feet thick is reached by a slope, and an electric hoist is used to haul the coal from the mine. The double entry system of mining is followed and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. Very little water is encountered in the mine. The tipple is provided with a scale room and chute for loading the coal into wagons. Practically all of the coal mined is hauled to the track and shipped. The operator intends to sink a new slope the coming summer about one-half mile west of the present one. Conditions were found satisfactory February 28, 1918.

# 148. COFLISCH COAL MINE.

The Coffisch Coal Mine, owned by H. E. Christienson, but leased and operated by J. C. Willoughby, is located nine miles south of Sawyer. The coal bed which is 12 feet in thickness is reached by a drift driven from a deep ravine. About four feet of coal is left for a roof and very little timbering is necessary. Some water is found in the mine which is ditched off, and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. No means of loading the coal into wagons is provided and it is being dumped into a small bin on the ground. Conditions in the mine were found satisfactory when it was inspected February 27, 1918.

# 149. CLARK COAL MINE.

The Clark Coal Mine, owned by the Kenmare National Bank, was opened during the fall of 1916. G. V. Clark leases and operates the mine which is situated about two and one-half miles southeast of Kenmare on the east bank of the DeLacs Valley. The coal bed is four feet thick and reached by a slope. A steam threshing engine is used to haul the cars from the mine and a tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. No coal is left in the roof and much timbering is necessary. A steam pump is used to remove the water from the mine and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. When the mine was inspected March 6, 1918 the air course was found almost closed by a cave-in and the ventilation was slow.

# 150. COLTON COAL MINE.

The Colton Coal Mine, situated one and a half miles southeast of Burlington, is owned and operated by L D. Colton. The coal bed which is **10 feet thick** is reached by a slope driven from the side of a ravine. A shaft located on top of the bluff is also provided but this is not being used. Considerable water is encountered in the mine which is removed by a gas-driven pump. Ventilation was insufficient as there has been no means provided for circulating the air through the present workings to the air shaft. Coal is hauled from the mine to the tipple by horsepower, where two chutes are provided for loading the coal into wagons. The mine buildings consist of a bunk house, a boarding house, a pump house, and a barn. The mine was inspected March 2, 1918.

## 151. CONAN COAL MINE.

The Conan Coal Mine, owned by D. A. Conan and leased and operated by J. F. Casteel, is situated one mile east of Burlington. The coal bed is 11 feet thick and reached by a slope. About three feet of coal is left for a roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. Ventilation is secured through an old slope and an air shaft in the main entry, but this was not properly bratticed to effect a good circulation. Some water is encountered which is removed in the tank car. A tipple is provided with a chute with a two inch screen, and a scale room. A steam threshing engine is used to haul the cars from the mine. No men are allowed to go in or out of the mine through the haulage ways and the old slope is used as a manway. Except for inadequate ventilation, this mine was found in a satisfactory condition when inspected March 2, 1918. 152. CROSBY COAL MINE.

The Crosby Coal Mine, owned by H. N. Peck but leased and operated by Martin Erickson, is located six miles north of Kenmare on the west bank of the DeLacs Lake. The coal bed which is five and onehalf feet thick is reached by a drift. The coal is hauled from the mine to the tipple by hand where it is dumped into wagons. No coal is left in the roof and three or four rows of props are placed in the rooms. Some water is encountered which is drained from the mine through a wooden pipe, and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, a tipple house, and a boarding house. The mine was inspected March 6, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### 153. DAVIS COAL MINE.

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The Davis Coal Mine is situated on a spur of the Soo Railroad about one mile south of Burlington. It is owned by the Northern Briquetting Co. and leased and operated by the McMillan Investment Co. of Minot, with M. P. Botsford acting as superintendent. The coal bed is about nine feet thick and reached by an eight hundred foot slope. A large steam hoisting engine is used to haul the coal from the mine to the tipple where it is dumped into chutes leading into box cars or wagons. Chutes are also provided for furnishing coal to the brick plant which is run in connection with the mine during the summer months. Considerable water is encountered which is removed by means of a steam pump. Ventilation

is secured by means of an air shaft and fan, the fan being placed so as to force the air down the slope. The mine buildings consist of a boiler house, a hoist house, an office and store room, a boarding house, teu dwellings, a bunk house, a barn, a fan house, a powder magazine, and a blacksmith shop. Conditions in and about the mine were satisfactory when it was inspected March 1, 1918.

#### 154. DAKOTA COAL COMPANY COAL MINE.

The Dakota Coal Company Mine, located at Vanderwalker, is owned by the McClure Coal Company but leased and operated by the Dakota Coal Company of Tasker. During the spring of 1917 a new slope was driven into the coal at a point north of the old mine. The coal bed is seven feet thick and about two feet of coal is left in the roof. The double entry system is followed and machine mining is done. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by an electric pump. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft, and during the summer of 1918 an electric fan is to be installed. A tipple is provided with a chute where the coal is screened for loading box cars, and an elevator is provided for loading nut coal into cars. A scale room is also provided on the tipple and the mine buildings consist of a bunk house, an office, a tipple, a barn, a boarding house, nine dwellings, a blacksmith shop, and a powder magazine. A box car loader is to be installed during the summer of 1918. The mine was inspected March 3, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### 155. DIAMOND COAL MINE.

The Diamond Coal Mine, located one mile south of Kenmare, is owned by H. N. Peck, but leased and operated by C. P. O'Neil. The coal bed is five feet thick and reached by a slope. About one-half foot of coal is left in the roof and three rows of props are used in the rooms. No water is encountered and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The coal is hauled from the mine to the tipple by horse power, where it is dumped directly into wagons. When inspected March 7, 1918 the mine was found in good condition.

# 156. FARMERS' COAL MINE.

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The Farmers' Coal Mine, situated seven miles north of Kenmare on the west bank of the DeLacs Lake, is owned by the Farmers' Lignite Coal Company of Bowbells, with O. P. Hanson acting as superintendent. The coal bed is five and one-half feet thick and reached by a long drift. This drift and main entry was driven during the summer of 1917. The stove pipe carried overhead in the entry provides ventilation as it is advanced. No coal is left in the roof and much timbering is necessary. Some water is encountered which is removed by means of a syphon and tank pump. A dump is provided for loading the coal directly into wagons and a storage bin of 80 tons capacity is located by the tipple. The cars are pushed from the mine by hand. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling and a bunk house, a storage bin, and a barn. Conditions were found satisfactory on March 6, 1918.

# 157. FOXHOLM COAL MINE.

The Foxholm Coal Company, with Mack Hendricks acting as superin-

tendent, owns and operates the Foxholm Coal Mine which is situated onehalf mile south of Foxholm. The coal bed is 10 feet thick and reached by a shaft 60 feet deep. This shaft is provided with a separate compartment for a ladder and air course. A Fairbanks and Morris gas hoist engine is used to haul the coal from the mine and a chute with a threefourths of an inch screen is provided. The double entry system of mining is followed and ventilation is secured by means of the haulage way and air shaft. Considerable water is found in the mine which is removed by a gas-driven pump. The mine buildings consist of a tipple, a power house, a hotel, and an office. Conditions were found satisfactory when the mine was inspected March 4, 1918.

#### 158. HOT BLAST COAL MINE.

The Hot Blast Coal Mine, owned by Mr. Miller, is located three miles northwest of Donnybrook and supplies only a very small local demand. The coal bed is two and one-half feet thick and reached by a short slope driven from the side of the ravine. The slope is so situated that the water from the spring thaw enters the mine. On March 5, 1918 the mine was found full of water and could not be entered.

159. HOUSTON COAL MINE.

The Houston Coal Mine is a new mine owned by Dave Houston and is situated one mile north of Burlington. The slope has been driven only about 150 feet and no rooms have been turned. The coal bed is nine feet thick and from two to three feet of coal is left for a roof in the entry. This mine has not been operated on a commercial scale. Inspected March 2, 1918.

160. HUNNEWELL COAL MINE.

The Hunnewell Coal Mine, situated four and one-half miles southeast of Burlington, is owned and operated by R. J. Hunnewell. The coal is 10 feet thick and reached by a drift. Two chutes are provided where the coal is loaded into wagons. A double entry system of mining is followed and about two feet of coal is left for a roof. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and water is removed from the mine by means of a tank pump and siphon. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, and a bunk house, and the owner's farm buildings are near by. The mine was inspected March 2, 1918 and found in satisfactory condition.

161. JOHNSON COAL MINE.

The Johnson Coal Mine, owned and operated by Jonas Johnson, is situated about six miles north of Kenmarc on the east bank of the DeLacs Lake. The coal bed is from five to five and one-half feet thick and reached by a shaft driven from the bank of the lake. During the winter months the coal is hauled from the drift, loaded into sleighs, and hauled up the lake to the city of Kenmare. No coal is left in the roof and much timbering is necessary. Very little water is encountered in the mine and ventilation is secured by means of the drift and the shaft. A steam hoist is used for hauling the coal to the shaft. The mine buildings consist of a power plant, an office, a dwelling, a bunk house, a barn, a powder house, and a boarding house. During the season of 1918 the present workings are to be abandoned and a new drift will be driven from the lake bank

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a short distance up the lake from this mine. Inspected March 6, 1918 and found in good condition.

#### 162. KLONDIKE COAL MINE.

The Klondike Coal Mine, situated five miles northwest of Donnybrook, is owned by William Spencer but leased and operated by L. C. Spencer. The coal bed is three feet thick and due to the thinness of the bed no coal is left in the roof. Much timbering is done in the rooms, while very little is necessary in the entries. Some water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a tank car, and an air shaft is to be driven during the season of 1918. The cars are pushed from the mine by hand to a dump where the coal is loaded into wagons. A storage shed with office is placed by the entrance. The present entry was opened during the fall of 1917 and is situated on the opposite side of the coulce from the old mine. When inspected March 5, 1918 the mine was found in satisfactory condition.

#### 163. LARSON COAL MINE.

The Larson Coal Mine, a new mine opened in the fall of 1917, and situated two and one-half miles northwest of Burlington, is owned and operated by Gust Larson. The coal bed is nine feet thick and reached by a drift driven from the bank of a deep coulee. The double entry system is followed and a tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Coal is hauled from the mine by horse power. No water is encountered and an air shaft provides ventilation. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a blacksmith shop, a bunk house, and a barn. When inspected March 2, 1918, the mine was found insufficiently timbered.

164. LEESON COAL MINE NO. 1.

Leeson Coal Mine No. 1 is owned by J. J. Leeson and is situated 11 miles southwest of Velva. The coal bed is 12 feet thick and reached by a drift. From three to four feet of coal is left in the roof and very little timbering is necessary. No system of mining is followed. Water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a gas-driven pump and ventilation is secured with an air shaft. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, a scale room, and a barn. When inspected February 27, 1918 the mine was in a satisfactory condition.

#### 165. LEESON COAL MINE NO. 2.

Leeson Coal Mine No. 2, located nine miles south of Sawyer, is owned by J. J. Leeson of Velva but leased and operated by Christ Martinson. The coal bed is 14 feet thick and from six to seven feet is left for a roof. Due to the stable character of the roof coal, no timbering is necessary. A tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and water is drained from the mine by a ditch. The coal bed slopes towards the entrance and on February 27, 1918 the ditch was found frozen up and the water backed into the entry so the mine could not be entered.

#### 166. LLOYD COAL MINE.

The Lloyd Coal Mine, owned and operated by the Lloyd Coal Company of Minot, with Roger Lloyd as manager, is situated four and one-half REPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

miles northwest of Burlington. The coal bed is nine feet thick and reached by a slope. A tipple with scales is situated at the siding at Paradise which is connected with the mine by a narrow gauge track one and one-half miles in length. A steam locomotive is used to haul the cars from the mine to the tipple, and a steam hoisting engine is used to haul the coal from the mine. The double entry system of mining is followed and about three feet of coal is left in the roof. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and water is pumped from the mine with a gas engine. During the summer of 1918 the company proposes to install a standard gauge track from Paradise to the mine, in order that the cars may be loaded at the mine. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, seven dwellings, a power house and engine house, a bunk house, a boarding house, and a barn. When inspected March 3, 1918 the mine was found in good condition.

### 167. MELLON COAL MINE.

The Mellon Coal Mine, located two miles south of Kenmare and owned by J. A. Wright, is leased and operated by Peter Mellon. A steep slope is driven to the coal which is four feet thick. Due to the thinness of the coal bed no coal is left in the roof and much timbering is necessary. The coal is hauled from the mine to the dump where it is loaded into wagons. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The operator intends to drive a new slope during the summer of 1918. When inspected March 6, 1918 the mine was found in satisfactory condition.

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168. RICH COAL MINE.

The Rich Coal Mine, owned by R. W. Rich and located seven miles northwest of Kenmare on the west bank of the DeLacs Lake, is leased and operated by John A. Rohe. During the summer of 1916 the old mine was abandoned and in the fall of 1917 a new shaft was sunk 20 feet. The coal is five and one-half feet thick and hoisted from the mine by means of a steam hoisting engine. A tipple is provided with an over head track from which the coal is dumped into wagons. Water is pumped from the mine by a steam driven centrifugal pump. When the mine was inspected March 6, 1918 the entry was found driven 60 feet and no rooms had been turned. Conditions were satisfactory.

# 169. SEED COAL MINE.

The Seed Coal Mine, opened during the fall of 1917, is situated two miles north of Burlington. It is owned by Dr. F. D. Seed of Minot but is leased and operated by Jake Clementish. The coal bed is about 10 feet thick and reached by a drift which is well timbered. A chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons. No water has been encountered. When inspected March 2, 1918, the entry was found driven about 400 feet and no rooms had been turned.

#### 170. NATIONAL COAL MINE.

The National Briquetting Company owns and operates the National Coal Mine (formerly the Smith Coal Mine) with J. W. Demmy acting as president and superintendent, and C. Tester as pit boss. It is situated two miles north of Kenmare and is connected with the Soo Railroad by a spur. The coal bed is five feet thick and entered by a drift. Due to

### STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

the thinness of the bed no coal is left in the roof and about one foot of poor clay is allowed to fall. The double entry system of mining is followed and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and fan. The mine is dry. A Morgan-Gardner undercutter is used and an electric motor hauls the coal from the mine to the tipple. The tipple is equipped with an electric driven screen over which the coal passes in being loaded into box cars, where an Ottumwa box car loader is used. The General Electric Company's power plant is located at this mine which furnishes the city of Kenmare with electricity. The mine buildings consist of an office and store room, a tipple, fourteen dwellings, a boarding house, a bunk house, and a barn. When inspected March 6, 1918 the mine was not being operated.

171. SQUARE DEAL COAL MINE.

Stephen Hodgson owns and operates the Square Deal Coal Mine which is located three miles south of Baden and supplies a small local demand. The coal bed is from three and one-half to four feet thick and reached by a drift. No coal is left in the roof and much timbering is done. The coal is hauled from the mine to the dump by a horse and a large storage shed is placed over the entrance. No water is encountered in the mine and no means of ventilation has been provided. A new slope for this mine was driven a short distance south of the old mine during the fall of 1917. An air shaft is to be driven during the summer of 1918. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, a storage bin, and a barn. Inspected March 5, 1918.

#### 172. SUPERIOR COAL MINE.

The Superior Coal Mine is situated about a quarter of a mile west of the Lloyd Coal Mine. It is a new mine opened during the fall of 1917 and owned and operated by the Superior Coal Company of Burlington. A tipple with scale room is provided and the coal is hauled from the mine by means of a gas engine hoist. The coal bed is about three feet thick and about three feet is left in the roof. An air shaft provides ventilation and water is removed with a gas-driven pump. When the mine was inspected March 2, 1918, the entries were driven only a short distance.

173. TREE-BAUSCH COAL MINE.

The Three-Bausch Coal Mine, a surface mine situated about 14 miles southwest of Velva, is owned by Rufus Tree but leased and operated by Jas. Sells. The coal bed is 14 feet thick and about 16 feet of dirt must be removed. Water is removed from the mine by means of a ditch and a tile drain. When inspected February 27, 1918 some underground work was being done, a couple of rooms having been driven into the coal about 100 feet.

### 174. VADNAIS COAL MINE.

The Vadnais Coal Mine, situated three and one-half miles southwest of Kenmare on the west bank of the DesLacs Valley, is owned by O. O. Adams but leased and operated by James Harper. The coal bed is from three and one-half to four feet thick and reached by a drift. No coal is left in the roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. A chute for loading the coal into wagons is provided and the cars are hauled from

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the mine by horse power. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. The main entry was badly caved and a new entry was being driven around this one. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, and a barn. Inspected March 6, 1918. ٦

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# 175. WALLACE COAL MINE.

The Wallace Coal Mine, situated just south of Burlington, is owned and operated by Mrs. B. Wallace. The coal is 11 feet thick and reached by a drift. The double entry system of mining is followed and ventilation is secured by means of an electric fan. A canvas is used to force the air into entries ahead of the air course. Two feet of coal is left for a roof, from two to three rows of props are placed in the rooms, and the entries are well timbered. Some water is pumped from the mine with an electric driven well pump. A chute is provided for loading the coal in wagons and it is then hauled to the siding and loaded into box cars. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, a barn, and four dwellings. When inspected March 1, 1918 the mine was found in satisfactory condition.

### 176. WOOD COAL MINE.

The Wood Coal Mine, formerly known as the Strong Coal Mine, which is situated 10 miles southwest of Velva, is owned by F. F. Finnegan of Denhoff and leased and operated by Milo G. Wood. The coal bed is 10 feet thick and entered by a drift. A gas engine hoist is used to haul the cars up an incline to the tipple where the coal is dumped through a chute into wagons. About three feet of coal is left for a roof and timbering is done where necessary. Water is removed from the mine by means of a gas-driven pump. Two air shafts are placed in the entries but the present workings are too far ahead of the air for these shafts to be of much account. The operator, however, was driving an air course to the bank which would afford circulation. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a bunk house, a hoist house, and a barn. Inspected February 27, 1918.

# WILLIAMS COUNTY.

# 177. AANONSON COAL MINE.

The Aanonson Coal Mine, owned and operated by Thor Aanonson, is situated four and one-half miles southwest of Zahl beside the Freeman Coal Mine. The coal bed, which is seven feet thick, is entered by a drift driven from the side of a creek bank. A tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons and the cars are pushed from the mine by hand. About one foot of coal is left for a roof and some timbering is necessary. No artificial means of ventilation is provided and water is ditched from the mine. When inspected March 19, 1918 the mine was in satisfactory condition.

# 178. BLACK BEAUTY COAL MINE.

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The Black Beauty Coal Mine, a new mine opened during the fall of 1916, is situated one mile cast of Hanks and is owned and operated by Fred Gotham. The coal bed is seven feet thick with about one foot of coal left for a roof, and is reached by a drift. The coal is hauled by horse power from the mine to the tipple where a chute is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Very little water is encountered and an air shaft provides ventilation. The side entries in this mine were found badly caved on account of being driven too wide. Most of the coal from this mine is hauled to Hanks and loaded into cars. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a boarding house, a bunk house, a scale room, a powder house, and a barn. Other than the very wide entries without timbering, this mine was found in satifactory condition when inspected March 19, 1918.

# 179. BLACK DIAMOND COAL MINE.

The Black Diamond Coal Mine, located three miles southwest of Williston, is owned by J. W. Jackson but leased and operated by N. B. Ludowese, with F. W. Frye acting as superintendent. The coal bed is nine feet thick and reached by a drift driven into the side of a bluff bordering the Missouri River. The double entry system of mining is followed, about two feet of coal is left for a roof and some timbering is done. An air shaft with gas-driven fan furnishes ventilation and the mine is dry. A tipple is provided with two chutes for loading the coal into wagons and small cars. A three mile narrow gauge track connects the mine with Miller Spur, over which the coal is hauled by a three ton Plymouth gas locomotive. A tipple is also provided at the spur for loading the coal into cars. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, a dwelling and boarding house, a bunk house, a barn, and a powder magazine. When inspected March 14, 1918 the mine was in a satisfactory condition. 180. BIG FOUR COAL MINE.

The Big Four Coal Mine, situated 24 miles northwest of Williston, is owned and operated by Ben Fedge. The coal bed is seven feet thick and entered by a drift driven from the creek bank. A new drift was driven a short distance from the old mine which has been worked out. About one foot of coal is left in the roof and some timbering is necessary. A horse is used to haul the coal from the mine to the tipple where it is either loaded into wagons or into a 20 ton storage bin. The mine is dry and ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft. Conditions were found satisfactory on March 18, 1918.

181. BRYANT COAL MINE.

The Bryant Coal Mine, situated three and a quarter miles east of Williston, is a new mine owned and operated by F. A. Bryant. The coal bed is eight and one-half feet thick, reached by an 84 foot two compartment shaft with separate air shaft. Some water is encountered which is removed by a gas-driven pump. When inspected March 16, 1918 the entry at the bottom of the shaft was just being started.

182. BRYNE COAL MINE.

The Bryne Coal Mine, situated about three and one-half miles southeast of Williston, a short distance south of the Black Diamond Mine, is owned by Ole Bryne but leased and operated by Aleck Thompson. The coal bed which is from nine to ten feet thick is reached by a drift driven from the side of a bluff. A tipple with a four inch screen is provided

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for loading the coal into wagons. From two to three feet of coal is left for a roof and some timbering is done. Ventilation is secured by an air shaft and the mine is dry. Horse power is used to haul the coal from the mine to the tipple. The mine buildings consist of a bunk house, a boarding house and a barn. Conditions were satisfactory March 14, 1918.

#### 183. EAST ELLITHORPE COAL MINE.

The East Ellithorpe Coal Mine is a new mine in the course of opening. It is situated about two miles east of Williston and is owned by Hanna Pierson, but C. Ellithorpe leases and operates the mine. The coal bed is nine feet thick and reached by a drift. The cars are pushed from the mine by hand to a chute where the coal is loaded into wagons. As yet no rooms have been turned and the entries are driven about 500 fect. A cross entry driven to an old mine a short distance from this mine furnishes ventilation. Very little water is encountered. When inspected March 15, 1918 the mine was found in good condition.

## 184. ELLITHORPE COAL MINE.

The Ellithorpe Coal Mine, owned and operated by C. Ellithorpe, is situated three miles northeast of Williston. The coal bed is from 9 to 11 feet thick and reached by a drift. A dump with two chutes is provided for loading the coal into wagons and the cars are hauled from the mine by horse power. Water is removed from the mine by means of a siphon and tank pump. From three to four feet of coal is left in the roof and two rows of props are placed in the rooms. An air shaft is provided but is too small to supply an ample circulation. A dwelling having in connection an office, a scale room, a boarding department, a bunk house, a powder house, and a barn are located at the mine. It was inspected March 15, 1918.

# 185. ERKIE COAL MINE.

The Erkie Coal Mine is a new mine which is being opened by I. L. Erkie. It is situated two and one-half miles southeast of Hanks. The coal bed is eight feet thick and entered by a drift. Water is ditched from the entry which has been driven about 40 feet. When the mine was inspected March 19, 1918, no rooms had been turned and no tipple had been built.

#### 186. FALK COAL MINE.

The Falk Coal Mine, owned and operated by Ole Falk, is situated one and one-half miles east of Hanks. The old mine which was entered by a drift driven from a coulee has been worked out and abandoned and a new slope has been driven on top of the bank a short distance from the coulee. The coal bed is eight feet thick and from one to two feet of coal is left in the roof. The entry has been driven a short distance and a few rooms have been turned. Water is removed from the mine by means of a gas-driven pump and ventilation is secured by an air shaft. A tipple having a scale room and gas engine hoist is provided. Only a local demand is supplied. The mine buildings consist of three dwellings, a barn, an office, and a tipple. When inspected March 19, 1918 the mine was found in satisfactory condition.

#### 187. FOLVOG COAL MINE.

The Folvog Coal Mine, owned by Lucy Dacoteau but leased and operated by H. J. Folvog, is located about five miles south of Grenora. The coal bed is 10 feet thick and reached by a slope. About three feet of coal is left for a roof. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and the mine is dry. A dump with two chutes is provided for loading the coal into wagons. The cars are hauled from the mine by horse power. When the inspection was made in Williams County this mine could not be reached on account of impassable roads and spring floods. The foregoing report was made December 27, 1917.

# 188. FREEMAN COAL MINE.

The Freeman Coal Mine is located four and one-half miles southeast of Zahl and is owned and operated by Tom J. Freeman. The coal bed is from seven to eight feet thick and reached by a drift driven into the creek bank. A tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Some water is encountered in the mine which is ditched off. No artificial means of ventilation is provided. On March 19, 1918 the mine was not being worked and the snow had melted and run into the entry to such an extent that the mine could not be entered.

### 189. HAUGEN COAL MINE.

The Haugen Coal Mine, which was opened in December, 1917, is situated one and one-quarter miles south of Hanks, and is owned and operated by Edward E. Haugen. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a drift and the entry had been driven about 73 feet. About one foot of coal is left in the roof and the cars are pushed from the mine by hand. A tipple provides a means of loading the coal into wagons. Water is removed from the mine in a box drain and no artificial means of ventilation is provided. A small dwelling is located at the mine. When inspected March 19, 1918, the mine was found in satisfactory condition. 190. HEAD COAL MINE.

The Head Coal Mine, owned by P. G. Head, is situated five and onehalf miles northwest of Williston. The coal bed is from 11 to 15 feet thick and reached by a drift. During the summer of 1916 this drift was driven a short distance north of the old mine. About three feet of coal is left in the roof and much timbering it done. Water is removed from the mine by means of a siphon and an air shaft supplies ventilation. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and loaded into wagons from a dump. An office and scale room are located at the mine. When inspected March 17, 1918 the mine was found in a satisfactory condition. 191. HUSEBYE COAL MINE.

The Husebye Coal Mine, formerly owned by J. A. Husebye but now owned and operated by the Williston Coal and Ice Company, is situated three miles east of Williston. The coal bed is 10 feet thick and the double entry system of mining is followed. The coal is reached by a shaft driven from the top of the bluff and also by a drift driven from the side of the bluff. The shaft is used in hoisting the coal from local trade while the drift is used in hauling the coal from the mine to the spur which is connected with the mine by a narrow gauge track. A three ton PlymREPORT OF STATE ENGINEER

outh gas engine is used to haul the coal from the mine to the tipple at the spur, where it is loaded into cars. A steam hoisting engine is used to haul the coal to the shaft. The tipple at the shaft has two chutes for loading the coal into wagons. A large fan is placed in the air course to force ventilation. A Sullivan electric undercutter is used. The mine buildings consist of an office and scale room, a tipple and engine room, three dwellings, a bunk house, a boarding house, a powder magazine. and a barn. -No men are allowed to ride in the cage. When inspected March 15, 1918 the mine was found in good condition.

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# 192. JOHNSON COAL MINE.

The Johnson Coal Mine, situated four and one-half miles southwest of Zahl and owned and operated by John Johnson, supplies a local demand. The coal bed is seven feet thick and reached by a drift. About one foot of coal is left for a roof and much timbering is necessary. An air shaft provides ventilation and water is ditched from the mine. The coal is hauled from the mine to a loading dump by a team hitched to a cable. A dwelling and scale room are located at the mine. When inspected March 19, 1918 the mine was found in good condition.

# 193. LEIN COAL MINE.

The Lein Coal Mine, owned by O. P. Lein, is located near Hanks and is operated to supply a local demand. The mine is kept open only during the winter months.

### 194. LOVEJOY COAL MINE.

. The Lovejoy Mine, situated one-half mile south of Aboca, is owned and operated by E. F. Lovejoy. A drift driven from the creek bank reaches the coal bed which is 10 feet thick. Two feet of coal is left for a roof and one row of props is placed in the rooms. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and loaded into wagons from the tipple. Very little water is encountered in the mine and this is removed by means of a hand pump. The owner intends building a spur from the Northern Pacific Railway to the mine during the summer of 1918 when the coal will be loaded directly into box cars. Conditions were satisfactory March 16, 1918.

#### 195. MILLER COAL MINE.

A. C. Miller owns and operates this mine which is located in a nine foot bed of coal 12 miles north of Williston. Two feet of coal is left in the roof and from two to three rows of props are placed in the rooms. Coal is hauled from the mine by horse power to a dump where it is loaded into wagons. Water is ditched from the mine and no artificial means of ventilation is provided, though the owner expects to drive an air shaft during the summer of 1918. Only a local demand is supplied. When inspected March 18, 1918 this mine was found in a satisfactory condition.

#### 196. MOORMAN COAL MINE.

The Moorman Coal Mine is owned and operated by J. M. Moorman and is situated in a deep coulee seven miles southeast of Wheelock. Two entries are driven into the coal which outcrops in the coulee. About three feet of coal is left in the roof and very little timbering is done. Venti-

lation is secured by means of an air shaft and the mine is dry. The foregoing report was made December 22, 1917.

### 197. NARVESON COAL MINE.

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The Narveson Coal Mine, owned and operated by N. Narveson, is situated four and one-half miles southwest of Zahl. The coal bed is eight and one-half feet thick and reached by a drift driven from the creek bank. About two feet of coal is left in the roof and little timbering is done. A tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons or the coal is dumped into a 25 ton storage bin. When inspected March 19, 1918 the entry was found caved almost to the entrance. Some work was being done in a room between the entrance and the caved entry and the owner intends to open a new drift during the summer of 1918.

### 198. NELSON AND ANDERSON COAL MINE.

The Nelson and Anderson Coal Mine, a new mine situated one mile west of Hanks, is owned by James Nelson and Andrew Anderson. The coal bed is eight feet thick and entered by a drift driven into the north bank of the valley. From one to two feet of coal is left in the roof. An air shaft is placed in the main entry for ventilation and the mine is dry. The coal is hauled from the mine by horse power and loaded into wagons from a dump. The mine buildings consist of two dwellings, a storage bin, and a barn. When inspected March 19, 1918 the mine was found in a satisfactory condition.

## 199. RECLAMATION SERVICE COAL MINE.

The Reclamation Service Coal Mine is situated four and one-half miles northeast of Williston on the west bank of the Little Muddy Creek. It is owned and operated by the U.S. Reclamation Service, with A.B. Innis as pit boss, for the purpose of supplying fuel for their irrigation power plant, which also furnishes power and light for the city of Williston. The coal bed is about 10½ feet thick and reached by a drift. A double entry system of mining is followed and about three and one-half feet of coal is left in the roof. Timbering is done in the rooms and entries where necessary, and the drift and haulage way are very well timbered. An air shaft with an electric fan furnishes ventilation. A small amount of water is encountered in the mine which is removed by means of a tank car. The coal is hauled from the mine by a mule and is dumped into a crusher where the coal is crushed and carried to the boiler room in the power plant by means of an endless chain carrier. No coal is sold except to employees. The mine buildings consist of a dwelling, a power plant, a mess house, a wash room, three bunk houses, a powder magazine, an office and scale room, and a barn. When inspected March 15, 1918 the mine was found in good condition.

# 200. SEABROOK COAL MINE.

The Seabrook Coal Mine, a new mine opened during the summer of 1917, is owned and operated by James Seabrook who formerly operated the Zahl Coal Mine which has been abandoned. The coal bed is seven feet in thickness. A single entry system is followed and the rooms are driven very narrow, thus requiring very little timbering. The coal is hauled from the mine by hand to a dump where it is loaded into wagons. No artificial means of ventilation is provided and a ditch drains the water from the mine. When inspected March 19, 1918 the mine was found in a satisfactory condition.

## 201. TODD COAL MINE.

The Todd Coal Mine, owned and operated by D. I. Todd, is situated three miles southeast of Williston. A drift from the side of a bluff leads into the bed of coal, which is from nine to ten feet thick. Horse power is used to haul the coal from the mine and a tipple is provided for loading the coal into wagons. Ventilation is secured by means of an air shaft and the water is pumped from the mine by hand. On March 16, 1918 the mine was found badly caved and in a dangerous condition from the lack of timber.

#### 202. VIZINA COAL MINE.

The Vizina Coal Mine, owned by Mrs. C. S. Vizina, is located seven miles southeast of Williston and is operated by C. S. Vizina. The mine is situated in a ravine which is very difficult to reach. The coal bed which is from 11 to 12 feet in thickness is reached by a drift. About four feet of coal is left for a roof and more timber should be placed in the rooms, though the entries are well timbered. A long chute is used for loading the coal into wagons. As yet no artificial means of ventilation is provided but the operator intends to drive an air shaft during the summer of 1918. Most of the coal mined is hauled to the city of Williston. The mine was inspected March 14, 1918, and when more timbers are placed in the rooms, it will be in a satisfactory condition.

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